26 MAY 1937

Regd. No. B. 1065

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XXV NO 123 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL AERONAUTICAL SOCIETY

Secret Talks On Empire Defence Plans

Question Of Munitions And War Materials

Imperial Conference Tackles Problem

Australia Demands Mandate Over New Hebrides

LONDON, May 25.

ALL THE DOMINIONS WILL BE REPRESENTED ON THE MUNITIONS COMMITTEE.

Secret Talks

Apart from the Committee, British and Dominions Chiefs of Staffs are continually holding important talks behind the scenes and already all matters of principle regarding co-ordination of defence have been decided on.

Australian Demand

The suggestion that Australia should be given a mandate over the New Hebrides at present under Anglo-French joint control has not yet been considered by the Conference.

Vital Link

These Islands on the direct route between Canada and Australia may prove to be a vital link for future air communications.—Reuter.

Munitions And War Material Supply

LONDON: May 25.

Mr. Baldwin presided over the sixth meeting of the principal delegates of the Imperial Conference at 10 Downing Street, when, according to a 'communique' yesterday's discussions on defence initiated by Sir Thomas Inskip was continued by Mr. Savage, Mr. Havenga (the Union Finance Minister) and Lord Zetland and a further statement was made by Sir Thomas Inskip.

It was agreed to establish a committee to consider questions of mutual interest in the supply and production of munitions, war material, food and feeding stuffs with Sir Thomas Inskip as chairman.

Mr. A. Duff Cooper, Secretary for War, outlined the steps being taken to bring organisation of equipment of regular territorial armies uptodate.

Mr. Swinton made a statement regarding the Royal Air Force.

The discussion was adjourned until to-morrow when Sir Samuel Hoare will make a statement on behalf of the Navy.—Reuter.

BRITISH SUBJECT AND COMMON STATUS

LONDON, May 25.

The Attorney-General, Sir Donald Somervell, addressed the Imperial Conference Committee under the chairmanship of the Hon. Lapointe, Minister for Justice, Canada on constitutional questions for 35 minutes explaining the complex legal difficulties accompanying the definition of a British subject and common status.

A communique states that the Hon. N. C. Havenga, the Union Minister for Finance, Mr. R. G. Casey, Treasurer, Australia, Mr. Savage, New Zealand, Sir Zaffrullah Khan on behalf of India, and Mr. Skelton (Under-Secretary of State of External Affairs, Canada) on behalf of Canada participated in the discussions and on Mr. Havenga's motion the questions were referred to a committee of technical experts of the delegations of which Sir Donald Somervell is Chairman and convenor.

Earlier in the day the Conference appointed a committee to deal with the question of defence whereon all the Dominions are represented.—Reuter.

NATIONAL DEFENCE CONTRIBUTION

LONDON: May 25.

On the grounds that they reveal that the pressure of industrial opinion has played a considerable part in reshaping the details of the much discussed national defence contribution the City feels a certain satisfaction; but at the same time many express disappointment at the retention of a complicated formula. It is pointed out that whatever basis may be adopted for calculating the capital involved, no company will avoid uncertainty owing to inability to estimate in advance the extent of its liability.

Favourable comment, however, is forthcoming regarding the provision for special consideration for any class or sub-division of trade or business which is able to convince the Board of Referees that it is liable to exceptional risks or exceptional wastage of assets or exceptional deferment of yield on capital employment. In such cases increase in statutory percentage may be granted and the opinion is expressed that this will go a long way towards meeting the grievances of rubber mining companies and other types of business which seemed to be unfairly hit by the original proposals.—Reuter.

SABOTAGE IN FAR EAST

11 Soviet Railway Officials On Manchukuo Border Executed

MOSCOW: May 25.

Eleven railway officials were executed at Khabarovsk close to the border of Manchukuo as members of the alleged Trotskyist band of spies, wreckers and diversionists.

The accused were charged with acting under instructions from the Japanese Intelligence Service and causing wrecks of important Far Eastern Railways.—Reuter.

Doret At Fort Bayard

SHANGHAI: May 25.

Doret and Micheletti turned back over Indo-China and landed at Fort Bayard.—Reuter.

JUTE STRIKE AGAIN?

CALCUTTA, May 25.

About 700 workers of the weaving department of the Standard Jute Mills, Titaghur E.B.R. struck work this afternoon on the question of increase in wages.—A. P.

An imposing view of the procession and crowds that greeted Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on his arrival at Mandalay, during his Burma tour.

Ministers' Show At Cattle Conference

PROVINCES V. CENTRE

Bombardment For Doles For Livestock Improvement

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 25.

To-day's proceedings of the Cattle Conference closed with an interesting incident which may lead to some further developments to-morrow.

In the course of his concluding speech Sir Bryce Burt said that there was agreement on three points viz the need for a provincial cattle improvement fund, provision for close association with the Minister and the organisation of District branches in order to stimulate local interest. He said that resolution on those lines would be placed before the conference to-morrow for acceptance.

This evoked immediate protest from the Bengal Minister, who pointed out that the point on which there was greatest unanimity was the need for financial help from the Government of India, and asked whether it would be included explicitly in the resolution.

At this stage, Sir Jagdish Prasad came to the rescue, and adjourned the sitting

I understand that when the matter will be taken up to-morrow, other ministers will support the Bengal Minister's demand.

AUTONOMY WITHOUT FUNDS

Provinces Bombard Simla Gods

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 25.

This was the tale of woe which minister after minister unfolded at to-day's session of the Cattle Conference. In fact, the Government of India had their first taste to-day of the effect of provincial autonomy under the new constitution, for no sooner had the Viceroy left the Chamber after the opening address, than a general bombardment began—a combined attack from all provinces against the Centre demanding financial redress. Provincial representatives were unanimous in their demand for substantial help from the centre and equally vehement in confession, that without such help, provinces could do little. The most telling speech came from Mr. Patnaik of Orissa, who after giving a lurid picture of conditions in his province sufferings of both people and cattle declared "if you can't take these conditions into consideration, you may exclude us altogether from your association". It is clear from to-day's proceedings that with coming of the new constitution, provincial ministers —even of interim variety are no more prepared to be driven about like dumb-driven cattle, and fully realising the futility of autonomy without sufficient funds have decided to press their demands for financial justice to the provinces in no uncertain voice

Proceedings In Detail

SIMLA, May 25.

A strong condemnation of the malpractices used against milch cattle in India was voiced by the Honourable Sir Jagdish Prasad, member in charge of the Department of Education, Health and Lands, in his preliminary speech

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 6)

Tribesmen Fire On Train

SIX PASSENGERS WOUNDED

Faqir Of Ipi Reported To Have Left Cave Area

SIMLA, May 25.

A communique states that at midday on May 24 a gang of tribesmen fired on a train near Pezu Pass in Dera Ismail Khan District. The train, which had an infantry escort and was escorted by aircraft, proceeded on its way to Tank.

Levies and police are reported to be in contact with the gang.

Details are lacking at present but it is believed that six passengers on the train were wounded by rifle fire.

Unconfirmed reports state that the Faqir of Ipi has left the cave area near Arsalkot in Shaktu Valley.—A.P.

INDIAN CONTINGENT LEAVES

Hearty Farewell Scenes

LONDON: May 25.

The Indian Contingent had an overwhelming farewell when they sailed on the "Neuralia" from Southampton in almost Indian sunshine. The traffic was disorganised for two hours and trams and bus services were suspended in consequence of huge crowds lining the streets to greet the contingent when headed by a band of Middlesex Regiment, they marched through from the station of the Town Hall for the last civic reception in England.

After a reception by the Mayor of the Corporation the contingent marched to the dockyard where "Neuralia" was waiting to steam up with all kit already aboard.

There were similar hearty farewell scenes at Hampton Court where the members of the contingent exchanged last greetings with English friends before entraining this morning. The "Neuralia" sailed at 16-40 amid cheers and farewell hootings from other crafts.

All the members of the contingent are very fit and although anxious to meet their families, leave England with real regret. All commented freely upon the adequacy of arrangements made for their stay and on the kindly and courteous nature of their reception everywhere, as also upon the absorbingly interesting programme mapped out for their benefit.—Reuter's Special.

Disclosures Of Police High-handedness

ALLEGED 'MASS BEATING' OF VILLAGERS

Findings Of Punjab Kisan And Socialist Party Enquiry Committee

LAHORE, May 24.

Sensational disclosures as to how certain District Police Officials meted out very high-handed treatment and even, it is alleged resorted to mass beatings of several villagers of Rurka, in Lyalpur District have been made in the findings of the enquiry committee jointly constituted of the Punjab Kisan Committee and the Punjab Congress Socialist Party.

Police High-handedness

The Committee which conducted the inquiry on the spot and examined several witnesses "in camera" have made sensational allegations against certain police officials of the District. The Committee allege that great deal of very harsh treatment and even mass beatings of some of the villagers were resorted to by the police officials who had been there in the course of a departmental enquiry.

Mass Beatings

The Committee in support of their allegations have reproduced in their report public statements recorded by them. One of such statements alleges that several villagers were taken to a field by a Havaldar where they were made to stand on a line. The police officials without giving reasons started beating them turn by turn and some villagers were badly beaten. Some of them were later arrested and taken in hand-cuffs to the village where they were again subjected to harsh treatment.

The Punjab Kisan Committee is taking up the matter in order to make it a public question.

The Enquiry Committee consisted of the following members:—Comrade Mubarak Sagar, Bibi Raghubir Kaur, M.L.A., Mrs. Freda Bedi, Mr. B. P. L. Bedi, Khan Sehar Gul, Mr. Ujjagarsing Bilga and Khan Mahamed Aslam Khan, all office-bearers of the Punjab Kisan Committee and Socialist Party.—United Press.

Ten Hours Delay Due To Derailment

Jaded Passengers Arrive At V. T.

SEQUEL TO RAILWAY LINE BEING BLOCKED NEAR SHIRSOLI (JALGAON)

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

All the Mail and Express trains which left Bombay last night and those due here this morning were delayed by nearly ten hours owing to derailment of down goods train last night at 11-30 between Mhasavad and Shirsoli stations near Jalgaon. The Calcutta Mail via Nagpur, which was due at Victoria Terminus at 7-30 this morning arrived at 4-45 this evening with jaded passengers who had to spend another unanticipated day in the heat. Both the Calcutta Mails, the Punjab Mail, the Nagpur Express and the Lucknow Peshawar Express which left Bombay last night and the Calcutta Mails via Nagpur and Jubbulpore, the Punjab Mail and the Nagpur Express were subjected to this delay.

LINE BLOCKED

Six wagons were derailed blocking the down line. Two other wagons were derailed and thrown on the upline and capsized. The cause of the accident is not known. No persons were injured but the upline is badly damaged. After clearing the downline single-line working was introduced on the downline at 9 a.m. to-day

ARRIVALS AT V. T.

The first train to arrive at Victoria Terminus at 4-45 p.m. was the Calcutta Mail via Nagpur. The Calcutta Mail via Jubbulpore arrived at 5-10 p.m. and the Punjab Mail at 5-45 p.m. The Nagpur Express is expected later. All the trains were subjected to considerable delay as only single-line working has been restored.

All mail trains due to leave this afternoon are leaving at scheduled timings and it is not expected that these will be subjected to any great delay.

French Seamen On Strike

Demand For 40 Hour Week And Readjustment Of Pensions

LE HAVRE, May 25.

A thousand members of the "Normandie's" crew have joined the seamen's strike here. The "Normandie" was due to sail for America to-morrow.

Crews of ships arriving at Marseilles to-day cease work as soon as the cargoes are unloaded. Seventy-four liners and fourteen tugs are affected and none of to-day's scheduled departures will take place.

Passengers for Algiers are held up at Portvendres. The men demand a forty hour week and readjustment of pensions.—Reuter's Special.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

A Saraswat, bachelor, European qualification, salary over Rs. 400 p.m., desires to marry, no sub-caste restrictions. Correspondence must be confidential. Write Box No. 8394, "Bombay Chronicle."

A young businessman (Manufacturers' Representative) with good means and of a respectable Roman Catholic family wishes to marry a highly accomplished, fair and handsome young maid. University Graduate—M.B.B.S., B.A. or B.Sc. preferred. Please write giving full particulars to C. J., Post Box 590, G. P. O., Bombay. (8364)

Wanted a suitable match for a fair-complexion, healthy, educated Hindoo girl, aged 19 years. No caste distinction. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply with particulars of status, educational qualifications, etc., to Box No. 8385, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Urgently Wanted Two Accurate Deccani Stenographers on 40—60, and two Salesmen on 50, for Import Firm. See: Bow & Goldwyn, Kirtee Bldg., Forbes Street, Bombay. (8405)

Wanted—A M.B.B.S. as Assistant Surgeon in the Cutch State Medical Department. Apply with copies of testimonials and minimum pay expected to the Chief Medical Officer, Cutch State, Bhuj. (5513)

Wanted Graduate as Teacher in Nasik Ashram. State minimum salary required. Sanatanist preferred. Apply with testimonials to P. D. Thakar, 42, Abdul Rehman Street Bombay 3. (8380)

Wanted a Junior Draftsman for an Engineering Firm. Apply in own hand; state salary expected. Apply Box No. 8363, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted energetic Canvassers to sell Silk, Sarees, Shirtings and Suitings cloths and Hosiery for a firm of 22 years' standing. Pay Rs. 150 with extra bonus. Apply sharp to the Gupta Hosiery Mills, registered, Ludhiana. (8389)

57. LISTENERS WANTED

This is a new vocation suggested by a talk from the Bombay Broadcasting Station on last Sunday. There may be some great talkers amongst our readers who might require the services of quiet Listeners. The Listeners have to sit quiet and keep on listening to what the talker says, get the prearranged fee, smile and go home. Those who want such Listeners may please send in their (Prepaid) Adlets under Heading No. 57. (108)

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

Govind Ramchandra Bal, Krishna Chawl, Shastri Hall, Grant Road, Bombay, Now Unemployed, seeks employment as a clerk on living wage. Has an experience of 25 years in Office Work. (30-3)

U. T. Niaz, Opposite Marwadi Temple, Caddel Road, Mahim, Bombay, Now Unemployed, wishes to get a job as a Teacher of Urdu or Gujarati or as a Bill Collector. (31-33)

K. Sharma, C|o V. P. Bihani, 2nd floor, 36, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, Now Unemployed, wishes to get a job as a Teacher. (33-42)

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

Our efforts in solving the problem of Unemployment to a certain extent are meeting with success day by day. We are receiving large number of applications for the insertion of Adlets under this heading free of any charge but most of them are from persons who on inquiries are found to be already employed, but are in search for better jobs. We must say that our intentions in taking a few Adlets when space permits are more or less to help such unfortunate persons who may not be getting an opportunity of securing some positions on a living wage. One person who is drawing a salary of Rs. 200 sent his application for a Free Adlet, which action we consider to be an example of height of impertinence. Persons not desiring to allow their name and address to appear in this Free Adlet Section are requested to Advertise under the Heading No. 43. SITUATIONS WANTED at our usual rates of one Anna per word. Minimum 16 words for one Rupee. (105)

Harishchandra M. Jadhav, No. 100, First Kapadgali, Bombay No. 4, Now Unemployed, is in search of any job on living wages. Can work as a Compounder, Dresser or as an assistant in Soap Factory. Willing to work in any capacity. (32-23)

We sincerely sympathise with all these Unemployed and that is why we earnestly request them not to lose the job if they get any. It will be very helpful to them if they try to find out the cause of their not getting a job. Try to improve oneself is the only good advice that can be safely given to all Unemployed. Kindly remember that when an Employer spends some money to give you a salary or wages, he (the Employer) naturally expects to get his Money's worth. The reason why you lost your last job must be that the Employer did not get his Money's worth from you. We hope this little hint will be taken in the same spirit as it is given. (106)

G. R. Desai, Room No. 38, Pipal-wadi Chawl, Second Floor, Girgaon, Bombay 4, Now Unemployed, seeks any job on living wages. Experienced in Gujarati Accounts, Correspondence, Estate Management and Building Materials. (34-11)

N. K. R. Nair, Room No. 5, Bridge View Building, Grant Road, Bombay, Now Unemployed willing to accept living wage. Can work as a Typist, Book-keeper or Correspondence Clerk. (35-33)

N. G. Mohite, C|o K. M. Jadhao Police Constable, Room No. 14, New Police Lines, Bandra, Now Unemployed, seeks job of any kind of Office Work. Has worked in an Insurance Office. (36-32)

Choonilal Odhavji, 331A, Kalba-devi Road, Room No. 14, Bombay, Now Unemployed, desires a job. Has experience of Indian Accounts, Estate Management, Jeweller's Business. Is willing to go anywhere. (37-34)

44. SPARE TIME WORK

Wanted students and other edu-cated ladies and gents to work in leisure at their homes on Rs. 50 to 150 p.m. Ask for particulars enclosing 6 annas stamps from Prof. Kohli, D. N., 16E, Fleming Road, Lahore. (8388)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Let—Up-to-date second floor Flat with large Drawing and separate Dining Rooms, 4 Bed Rooms, etc., above Bombay Cycle & Motor Agency, Ltd. Sandhurst Bridge. Lowest rent Rs. 325. (8373)

147. SCHOOLS (UPCOUNTRY)

Public School Education has prov-ed the best in the world. It is what we give at this School. Term reopens June 10th. Information from, The Principal, Shri Shivaji Preparatory Military School, Poona, 5. (5257)

148. SCHOOLS (VOCATIONAL)

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings, and equipment. Session begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply, Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S., Hospital Road, Karachi. (8368)

153. CLASSES

Admissions are now open for Cambridge December examination, the only examination open for old course students. Classes regularly started from 1st May. Apply Senior Cambridge Institute, 379, Lamington Road. (5465)

156. PRIVATE TUITIONS

Two pupils wanted by a Vakeel for spare time tuitions one hour daily except on Sundays and Holidays to coach up to Matric. Apply Box No. 8312, "The Bombay Chronicle".

Private Tuitions offered by an old Parsee teacher. 25 years' experience. Can look after boys for the whole day if required. Salary Rs. 85 per month. Box 8352, C|o "Chronicle".

Wanted a qualified teacher to give private tuitions to one Fourth Standard and one Sixth Standard Hindu Boys at Thana, G.I.P.R. Apply stating salary, Box No. 8288, "The Bombay Chronicle".

157. DIPLOMA TEACHERS

Wanted an experienced Graduate, strong in English (B.T. or S.T.C. preferred), and a B.Com. for Modasa High School. Apply stating age, experience and least pay expected, to Secretary, Modasa Education Society, Modasa (Dist. Ahmedabad). (8379)

221. BIRTH CONTROL PATENTS

Birth Control appliance F. L. Re-gina Rs. 2 Doz., Check Pessary Re. 1 each. Mitra & Co., Shambazar, Calcutta. (8124).

Sexus Paste' best contraceptive jelly. Gelotube, best venereal preventive. Write for Catalogue. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (7954)

300. MANUFACTURING PLANTS

Going cheap in Bombay—One complete absorbent cotton Manufacturing Plant in operation till about the end of 1935 with all the necessary accessories, outfit, etc. A golden opportunity. Write for full particulars to Box No. 5536, "Bombay Chronicle".

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

For Sale. Newly-built one storied Bungalow, Santa Cruz East, close to Railway Station for Rs. 18,000. Apply Mrs. C. Rogers, 2nd Hasanabad Lane, Santa Cruz. (8400)

378. DISTRIBUTORS

Wanted reliable, financial firm, to work as distributors in Punjab, Sindh, Bombay and Calcutta presidencies including native States, for well-known Kupper German beer on decent terms. For particulars, communicate direct to Sole Agents, B. N. Sehgal and Bros., 24, McLeod Road, Lahore. (8402)

556. DAILY WANTS

Special Arrangement for Madrasi Brothers. Best, pure Sun brand Ghee, mostly used in Madras Presidency, obtainable in small tins from 9lb. to any size from Haridas Valabhdas Hirji, 27, Kazi Syed Street, selling agents to Messrs. Amarchand Gulabchand & Co., Producer of Tirupur Ghee Manufacturing Co. (8344)

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Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the grant of Licence to prospect for limestone for the manufacture of Cement in Kotah State territory in the vicinity of Morak, a Railway station on the Nagda-Muttra Section of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, at a distance of about 75 miles towards south from Lakheri where the Bundi Cement Factory is worked.

Intending applicants of assured respectability and financial stability should furnish credentials Re: their experience and capacity for working out the proposal.

Apply stating terms (to be discussed at personal interview on a date to be fixed by mutual correspondence) to:

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER,
Kotah State,
Kotah (Rajputana).
5411.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
(Stores Department)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of C. I. Pipes. 129 Nos. of 3", 2 Nos. of 5" and 280 Nos. of 9" for delivery immediate on the acceptance of the tender.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the offijce of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B. T.) on Thursday the 10th June 1937 together with earnest money of Rs. 600. All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed Tenders for C. I. Pipes.

The names of all the partners of the contracting firm must be specified in the tender.

Forms of contract, specification etc., will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
N. P. SALDANHA,
Chief Storekeeper.
566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11
25th May 1937
(5535).

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

George VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of MANILAL MOHANLAL TRIVEDI alias Dr. MANILAL MOHANLAL TRIVEDI alias MANILAL MOHANLAL alias MANILAL M. TRIVEDI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Medical Practitioner, lately resided at Princess Street, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

Bai HIRALAXMI, widow of Manilal Mohanlal Trivedi, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Princess Street, outside the Fort of Bombay .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 3rd day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven, and in the first year of our Reign

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 3rd day of May, 1937.
Messrs. KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
(5334.)

Public Notices.

NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-FIFTH ANNUAL MEETING of the qualified policy-holders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 12 Mission Row, Calcutta, on Monday the 7th June, 1937 at 12-40 P. M. for the purpose of electing two Directors.

By Order of the Board.
MARTIN & CO.,
Managing Agents.

Calcutta 18th May, 1937.

Proxy forms are available at our Bombay Office. Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, 278, Hornby Road.
(5536).

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the certificate for One Ordinary share No. 40606 of the Tata Iron & Steel Company, Ltd. standing in the name of the deceased Ghela Jivraj Gandhi has been lost or mislaid and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue a duplicate certificate for the said share. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said share should lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Bombay House 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate share certificate

Date 22-5-37.
JIVI wd/o Ghela Jivraj Gandhi.
Nathi d/o Ghela Jivraj Gandhi.
(8403)

S. S. "LONDON MARU"

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 25th May, 1937, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed. Consignments of Tallow shipped per M.S. "Melbourne Maru" from Dunedin, Lyttleton, Wellington and Auckland, have also arrived per this steamer.

M. KOMADA.
Manager.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

PLAZA
(Foot of TILAK BRIDGE, Dadar).
The M.G.M. Super Production
ROMEO & JULIET
Starring:—
LESLIE HOWARD and NORMA SHEARER.
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Under the Patronage of
HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR OF BARODA
GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI
AT
BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE—BOMBAY
on SATURDAY, the 29th May, at 8-30 p.m.
SAVITRI
on SUNDAY, the 30th May, at 3-30 p.m.
SWAYAMWAR
Booking at the Theatre from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.

2ND INSTALMENT CONCLUDING
12 PARTS—
Republic Pictures'
THRILLING SERIAL:
The VIGILANTES ARE COMING!
Starring:—
Gay Desperado
BOB LIVINGSTONE,
Beautiful KAY HUGHES &
WILLIAM DESMOND, Etc.
Now RUNNING At
The GLOBE
TALKIES; SANDHURST ROAD.
Also Showing—GRAND and GLORIOUS SCENES OF CORONATION.
Daily Time:—5-30, 8, 10-30 p.m.

NINTH GLORIOUS WEEK!
ONLY INDIAN PICTURE
Praised IN London!
Art Critics of Internation Fame pay high tribute to this Masterpiece of Film Art
New Theatres' Wonder Creation
THE PRESIDENT
Starring:—
SAIGAL
with KAMLESH KUMARI, LEELA DESAI, NAWAB, JAGDEESH, B.A., ETC.
Drawing CROWDED HOUSES At
THE KRISHNA
TALKIES; DUBASH THEATRE.
Time:—5-15, 8, 10-45. Sat., Sunday and Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

The smart set of the city resented a millionaire's son marrying a beggar girl.
Did he succeed in his aim?
SEE
"DHANWAN"
Or
"MAZDUR-KI-BETI"
RATANBAI
in stellar role
With
Jamshedji, Hafesjee, W. M. Khan, Sayed Ahmed, Jamna, Urmila, Laxmi, *and others.*
Director:—P. ATORTHY
Coming Shortly
at
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
New Queen's Road. Bombay.

THE EMPIRE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
TO DAY
SPECIAL FILM TAKEN IN FULL COLOUR OF
CORONATION
WILL BE SHOWN IN EVERY SHOW
Along with M.-G.-M.'s Screen Triumph
THE GOOD EARTH
STARRING Paul MUNI Luise RAINER
WALTER CONNOLLY TILLIE LOSCH CHARLEY GRAPEWIN JESSIE RALPH
A Metro Goldwyn Mayer Picture
NEXT SATURDAY:
BASIL RATHBONE
ANN HARDING
in
A THRILLER that DARES TO BE DIFFERENT!
"LOVE FROM A STRANGER"
YOU WILL HOLD YOUR BREATH! YOUR HAIR WILL STAND UP!!
.....AND.....BUT.....
DON'T MISS IT!
Plans Open.. :::::::: 'Phone 20286.

Commencing from SATURDAY, the 29th May
the most thrilling picture
HAWAI—DAKU
of
MODERN INDIA TALKIES, LTD.
Prominent Parts
Mr. MAZHAR KHAN
Miss RAMPYARI
M. B. MANGRI
Mr. K. N. SINGH.
Presents at
WELLINGTON
TALKIES
Dhobi ... P...

CAN YOU WORK AS A LISTENER?

In our efforts of reducing Unemployment to a certain extent we are getting an excellent response from the Employers and a number of Jobless persons, whose Adlets are taken by us Free of any Charge under Heading No. 56 are gradually getting jobs from the readers. Last Sunday at 9 p. m. we heard an entertaining talk on the Bombay Broadcast and the speaker, Mr. G. George passed on the Air a bright suggestion for a new Job for the Jobless. With due appreciation of his suggestion we have prepared a new Heading for our Tabulated Adlets. It is No. 57, Listeners Wanted. As explained in the said Heading we invite the readers who would like to get assistance of some quiet Listeners to give ears to all that they talk, talk, talk. The Adlets should be worded something like this:

57. LISTENERS WANTED

Wanted a quiet Listener to give her (or his) ears with great patience to all that is said by an Old Lady. Service daily half hour. Remuneration Rs. 20 per month. Apply Box No. 0000, "The Bombay Chronicle."

Talkers who do not get enough of people to hear patiently to what they are talking, will find this suggestion of great value. We know of certain people who even do not shirk talking to walls and in such cases the Hired Listeners will serve excellently. Kindly remember that you will be reducing Unemployment to a certain extent.

A NEW JOB FOR THE JOBLESS

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TUKARAM

PRABHAT'S GREATEST DEVOTIONAL in **24th Week** at **CENTRAL** —TALKIES—

Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-45 p.m.

HERE IS A FILM to THRILL You, to INSPIRE You, to TEACH You, to PLEASE You, and to make you SCREAM too!

A WHIRLWIND OF Frolic, Fun, DANCING, ROMANCING, GLORIOUS MUSIC, PATHOS, THRILLS, and WHAT NOT?

SANGEET GRANDEST MOVIETONE'S MASTERPIECE

Journey's End

or

Jeewan Swapna

Directed By:— BAI JADDANBAI, the Pride of the Country.

Story By:— **BAI JADDANBAI**

Starring:— A. HUSSAIN, Singing Sensation, Singing the best known melodies, Miss MEHTAB, the Beauty Queen will thrill you as you have never been thrilled before with SANTIDEVI & MARUTIRAO.

No one should MISS seeing this Marvellous Picture.

Now Running in its 2ND CROWDY WEEK at the **IMPERIAL** CINEMA.

Daily at:—5-30, 8, 10-30 p.m. On Sat., Sun. and Holidays Matinee at 3 p.m.

BOOK YOUR SEATS EARLIER PLEASE!

'G' Ward Tenants To Fight For Their Rights

At a public meeting held last night at the Kshatriya Union Hall a Tenants League for the "G" ward was formally launched. In the absense, due to indisposition of Mr. B. G. Horniman, Mr. S. H. Jhabwala, M.L.A., presided.

Mr. D. S. Rao, on behalf of the provisional committee dwelt on the urgency and importance of starting a Tenants League, and explained the objects and constitution of the League. He also read and explained the Tenants charter of rights prepared by the Central Committee of Bombay. The Charter enumerated the rights of tenants 'vis-a-vis' the Landlord, the Municipality and the Government. He produced a "Slave bond,' that is, an agreement which tenants are required to sign by certain Landlords. This agreement conferred on the landlords right of ejection breaking open locks and doors, and forfeiture of movable property.

Mr. Jhabwala, in the course of his speech, recalled the activities of the Grant Road Tenants League, in connection with the acquisition of land by the B.B. & C.I. Railway authorities. Mr. Horniman was the greatest champion of the tenants in those days and the League had also the support of Messrs. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Umar Sobhani, M. A. Jinnah and the late Mrs. Beasant.

Mr. Jhabwala recounted the various schemes of Improvement and Development which failed because they catered only to the needs of the rich and the opulent. Bombay to-day had better roads but as far as the comforts of the poor and the middle classes were concerned, conditions in Bombay were as bad as if not worse than they were in 1897.

Resolutions

The following resolutions were adopted unanimously at the meeting:—

"In view of the prevailing economic depression, vast unemployment and the general economic ruin facing the people and the high rents prevailing in Bombay this meeting of the tenants of 'G' Ward resolves to launch a properly constituted Tenants' League and it further authorises the provisional committee to start enlisting members on the basis of the provisional constitution adopted at an informal meeting of the tenants held in Dadar last week, and to call a tenants' conference after a period of two months."

"This meeting calls upon the elected members of the Bombay Legislature to introduce legislation for the immediate promulgation of a Rent Act to control the fantastic rents charged by landlords in Bombay."

"This meeting calls upon the tenants of Bombay to organise themselves to start immediate agitation and to fight for their interests."

"This meeting emphatically protests against the high-handed and arbitrary action of local landlords in ejecting tenants without assigning sufficient reasons for the same."

Dr. Bhuire supporting the idea of a Tenants League said that the League should strive to safeguard the interests of the poorer classes.

The meeting resolved to call a Tenants' Conference after a period of two months and also called upon the elected members of the Bombay Legislature to introduce legislation to control the fantastic rents charged by Landlords in Bombay.

Messrs. Rangarao, D. S. Vaidya, Swaminathan, G. N. Kamath, V. M. S. Mani, Nagarkar, Karkhanis, Subbarao and R. S. Deshpande spoke in support of the various resolutions.

With a vote of thanks the meeting terminated.

Mr. D. A. Samant of Nasik is the first Maharashtrian to be selected for the instructional flight arranged by the Bombay Fliers Club. Mr. Samant, who has already secured "A" licence here, is flying to qualify himself for commercial pilot's licence "B". He leaves India on the 29th May and will be visiting several countries, including Baluchistan, Iran, Iraq, Syria, Turkey, Bulgaria, Yugoslavia, Hungary, Austria, Germany and Switzerland on his way to England.

LE KSAR STILL LEADS IN DERBY CALL-OVER

LONDON, May 24.

The following is the latest Victoria Club Call over on the Derby:—

5 to 1 Le Ksar;
15 to 2 Cash Box;
9 to 1 Perifox;
20 to 2 Goya II;
100 to 6 Solfo, Midday Sun taken and offered;
100 to 6 Fairford offered. 20 to 1 taken;
20 to 1 Le Grand Duc offered 22 to 1 taken;
22 to 1 Renardo;
25 to 1 The Hour, Pascal, Gainsborough Lass;
33 to 1 Le Bambino taken and offered.—Reuter

BAHA'IS CELEBRATE BAB DAY

The Baha'is of Bombay gathered in large numbers in the Baha'i Hall, Bori Bunder, on Sunday evening to celebrate the Declaration of the Bab, the Forerunner of the Baha'i Faith.

Mrs. Shirin Boman spoke at length about the Bab which word, she said, literally meant the gate. From Adam down to the Bab all the prophets brought the same message from God, a message of the coming of the Last Day, when "Thy Kingdom will be established on earth as it is in heaven". With the advent of Baha'u'llah the Founder of the Baha'i Faith, this promise of God was fulfilled He was greatly persecuted both by the Church and the State, and ultimately had to suffer martyrdom at their hands in 1850.

Dr. M. E. Luxmani who presided said that Iran was a backward country a hundred years ago. It had been transformed into one of the most civilized countries today because of the teachings of the Bab and Baha'u'llah and the self-sacrifices of their followers. The Baha'i Movement was not so much a new religion as the religion renewed and unified.

After light refreshments the meeting terminated.

FIRST CLASS CRICKET FIXTURES

LONDON, May 25.

The following are the First Class Cricket Fixtures commencing to-morrow:—

Lord's:—M.C.C. Australian XI v Rest of England.
Oval:—Surrey v. Hampshire.
Leeds:—Yorkshire v. Gloucestershire.
Gravesend:—Kent v. Essex.
Worcester:—Worcestershire v. Lancashire.
Cambridge:—Cambridge University v. New Zealanders.
Leicester:—Leicestershire v. Sussex.
Ilkestone:—Derbyshire v. Somerset.

FIFTH GLORIOUS WEEK

TO-DAY—by special request—SPECIAL SHOW for LADIES at 1-30 p.m.

NEW THEATRES'

PUJARIN

LADIES SHOW At 1-30

Starring:— SAIGAL

DON'T FORGET to COME TO

THE ROXY

TALKIES; NEW QUEEN'S RD.

Time for Usual Shows:—At 5-15; 8, & 10-30 p.m.

Also Showing KING'S CORONATION Topical.

MINERVA

TALKIES, LAMINGTON RD.

Present:

— FOR 3 DAYS ONLY —

PURAN BHAKTA

NEW THEATRES' GREAT SCREEN EPIC

Starring:— KUMAR ANWARI and others.

A great picture which is evergreen into memory of Cine-fans.

Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-45 p.m.

Mrs. DURGA KHOTE

The star of masterpieces of India will enchant you with her clever portrayal of PRATIBHA.

IN

PRATIBHA

Shalini Cinetone's Greatest Spectacular Musical

Directed by: BABURAO PAINTER (who knows him not ?)

with HIRABAI BARODEKAR, KESHAVRAO DATEY, NANASAHEB PHATAK, V. AUNDHKAR, Master SHYAM *and others.*

OPENS ON SATURDAY NEXT AT Majestic

For Booking Apply to: Peerless Pictures, Bombay 4.

Second L.C.P.S. Results

Out of 260 students who appeared at the Second L. C. P. S. Examination held in April 1937, the following 94 have passed:—

No. 205 is permitted to keep terms for the Final L. C. P. S. Examination

Dhanjibhoy Dorabji Gilder Prize has been awarded to No. 67 of the King Edward Hospital Medical School, Indore.

1. L H Acharya.
12. S S Bagga.
13 D R Bakshi.
15. K D Bawishi.
17. C H Baxi.
18. S E Beer.
20. P Bhandari.
21. Bhanumati Harilal Bhatt.
32. Freny Jehangir Billimoria.
37. R L Buch.
38. S K Bulchandani.
39. M T Changrani.
44. Sushila Ramchandra Chitray.
48. Evelyn Mary Collaco.
50. K R Daftary.
52. C G Damle.
54. G D Date.
55. B D Dave.
60. P A Desai.
63. Vimal Krishnanath Deshmukh.
67. R P Dhanda.
70. R R Doshi.
71. V N Doshi.
72. F F R Dos Reis.
83. M S Ghaisas.
84. H M Ghodi.
88. A F Q Gomes.
90. R G Gothoskar.
91. G V Gujrati.
92. S N Gupta.
93. S S Gurjar.
94. B G Hulyalkar.
97. Manejri Rangaiyer Janaki.
100. B. D. Jhala.
101 H A Jhaveri.
112 T R Kalkundri.
117 Prameela Rukmangad Karnik.
120. B S Kashyap.
122 P R Kaulgud.
123 G K Keskar.
129 S V Khasnis.
130 M I M S Khokhar.
131 S J Kimatsingani.
132 Manak Anant Kochrekar.
134 G V Kulkarni.
138 B Kumar.
139 N K Kumbhare.
141. H G Lakhani.
144. J C Malhotra.
145. I A (Miss) Mangalore.
150. H K Mehta.
153. Misses Harijethanand Mirchandani.
156. L G Modi.
157. R G Mohnani.
168. B. S. Neurgonkar.
170. M T Nihalani.
178. S S Pai.
184. K R Parikh.
188. A M Patel.
191. G B Patel.
193. K D Patel.
194. N M Patel.
195. R G Patel.
198. V J Patel.
199. S B (Miss) Patil.
201. N K Patwardhan.
202 R R Pingle.
203. K N Prabhakar.
208. M H M B Rajput.
209. N V Ranade.
210. P S Rathore.
217. G J Sawant.
218. J N Saxena.
219. B B Shah.
220. C F Shah.
222. K H Shah.
223. N M Shah.
227. R B Shah.
229. R N Shah.
230. R N Shah.
231 S D Shah.
234. T L Sharma.
237. D K Shukla.
239. A D (Miss) Silva.
242 P G Tendulkar.
246 M J Tolaney.
252 V D Upadhyaya.
254 L H Valdya.
256 V K Valdya.
259. S D Vartak.
261. V C Vaswani.
262 M S Vaze.
265. M M Vora
267 B H Wadhawan.

"The latest method of killing insects is electrocution. High-tension cables, which glow with a faint blue light are being run through fields of crops. Attached to the cables are lengths of wire-netting and the insetcs attracted by the blue lights, are killed as soon as they touch the wires.

Narayanlal loved and lost— But the young Jagirdar won and lost

A pathetic tale of love Love—the eternal touchstone of Human Vanity!

This time picturized in a novel way in Sagar Movietone's

"JAGIRDAR"

Directed by:— Mehboob

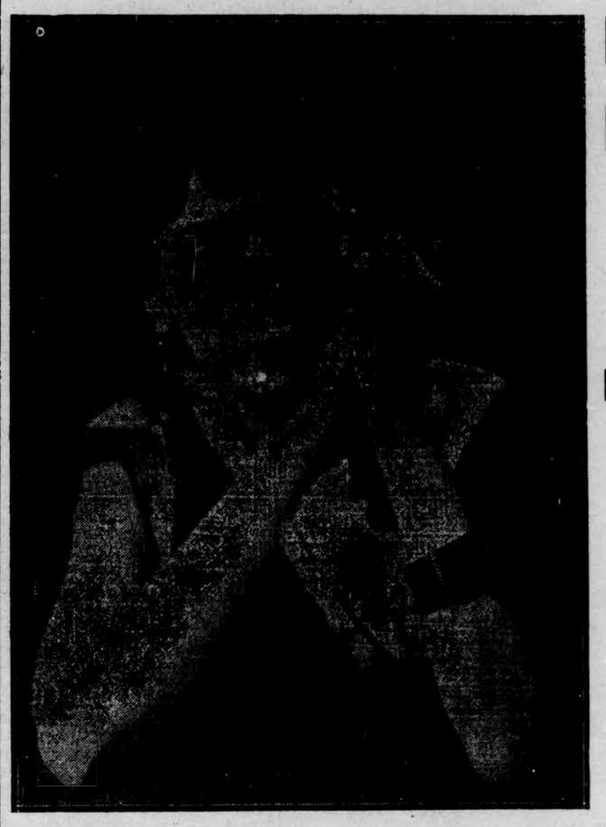
Starring: MOTILAL, SURENDRA, Bibbo, Yakub, Maya.

From the 29th *Next SATURDAY* At the **ROXY** New Queen's Road.

From SATURDAY the 29th May

Bombay Shall See a great picture which will Thrill Every Cinegoer To His Hair-Root

It's **INSAF**



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DARYANI PRODUCTIONS'

SUPREME SCREEN SUCCESS

Starring:

Leela Chitnis

The Erstwhile Star of "Prabhat" and 'Huns'

Supported by:

Yusuf Effendi, Indu, Gope, Devaskar

Directed by:

J. P. ADVANI.

You will be astonished to see a series of outrages on the Royal Family a charming avenger—

From SATURDAY Next at West-End TALKIES

For Booking Apply to: GVALANI BROS., Parekh Street, Bombay 4.

AVOID HAIR-DYE

By this oil, white hair growing black, if fails to remain so for ever, guarantee of returning double price. Truth has been proved by certificates. For some white hair Rs. 5, for more than half Rs. 9.

BAL KALA STORES,
P. O. Kansisimri (Darbhanga).

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda

(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897)

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund .....Rs. 25,00,000

Head Office:—BARODA.

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LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited.

Current Accounts:—Fixed, Short, Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application

Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

There is nothing temporary about Uthol, it is definitely a progressive revitaliser and rejuvenator. These little tablets enrich the blood which reactivates every cell in the body. Uthol tablets improve appetite, give new vigour to nerves and brain—they rejuvenate the whole body irrespective of age

Buy a box of youthful energy (Uthol) from your chemist. If your chemist has not received the supply send M.O. Rs. 4|6 to Uthol Products (Eastern) Dept. BC|B, P.O. Box 55, Karachi. Ask for special literature 'Stemming the Tide of Advancing Years'

Stockists:—Popular Pharmacy, Lamington Road, Bombay.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Following a gambling raid carried out on a room on the ground floor of Iddo Seth's Chawl, Ghelabhai Street, Mohomed Yessin Md. Hussen and thirteen others were arrested by Nagpada Police at 11-30 p.m. last night.

It is stated that a sum of money including marked coins and 3 packs of cards were seized from them.

All the accused were bailed out to-day at the Mazagaon Court till June 8.

Four persons were arrested last night by the Prevention of Gambling Squad in the compound of Keroo Patil's Chawl; Naigam Road.

Names of the accused are: Kashinath Vishnu, Jagannath Vishnu, Babu Narayen and Dhantu Vishram.

They were ordered to be remanded to police custody till June 2nd at the Dadar Police Court to-day.

Ramnihor Musai was arrested this morning by the Delisle Road Police on a charge of assaulting Ramniranjan, residing at Delisle Road, with a 'lota' on the head. The injured man has been detained in the K. E. M. Hospital.

The assault is stated to have taken place following a dispute between the parties and this morning the injured person is alleged to have abused the complainant.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 500 or to be remanded in Police custody till June 1, at the Dadar Police Court to-day.

How a farmer from Cutch was relieved of Rs. 1,100 by his friend farmer of the same place, was narrated to-day in the Police Court, when Khimjee Shamjee stood before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate, charged with the criminal breach of trust.

It was alleged that he had brought with him Rs. 1,345 to purchase a pump for a well. He gave the amount to the accused to keep it in his safe.

Rs. 1,100 Missing

After a few days, he came to know that his purse was "short" by Rs. 1,100. Consequently, he lodged a complaint with the police against the accused

Khimjee was arrested on the charge of criminal breach of trust.

Pending further enquiries, the accused was remanded in police custody till June 7, at the Presidency Court, Girgaum, to-day.

Yesterday, a daring attempt to commit burglary in broad daylight was made by two Hindus.

It was alleged that at about 2-30 p.m. a resident of the first floor of Parker's House was having a nap in his room. He heard some noise in another room, and asked one Phandya to find out what it was. He was soon informed that the lock of the room was broken and that the doors were bolted from within. At once they raised an alarm.

The police arrived and caught the alleged culprits red-handed.

The police are stated to have recovered from their person stolen property valued at Rs. 200.

They were placed before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate and were ordered to be remanded in police custody till June 8.

Basir Kalekhan who had come to Bombay from Bhopal State with a woman named Bhismillabai was arrested by the Palton Road Police yesterday afternoon to answer a charge of murder alleged to have been committed in Bhopal.

The police, it was stated in the Esplanade Police Court, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, today, had received information that Basir had murdered his brother for the sake of the woman Bhismillabai and he had taken the woman away from Bhopal and absconded. Inquiries were made and it was ascertained that the accused had gone to Bombay.

The couple were traced and arrested by the City Police. As inquiries were still incomplete, the Magistrate remanded the accused in custody till June 8.

Minocher Khurshedji Langarana was arrested on a charge of theft of cash and a pair of cuff-links from a Parsi Fire Temple at 7 p.m. yesterday.

The complainant who is in charge of the Ready Money Fire Temple at Gun Powder Road, had left his banian containing the cuff-links and some cash in the hall of the temple and went to the bath-room.

On his return, he found them missing.

The accused was arrested as it is alleged he was the only person in the Fire Temple.

The links were recovered from a Marwari with whom he is reported to have pledged them for Rs. 10.

The accused was bailed out at the Mazagaon Police Court today.

Death was caused by fracture of the base of skull, due to his having accidentally fallen down from the 2nd floor of "Fair Lawn", at Queen's Road," was the verdict returned by the City Coroner's Jury to-day on the body of Kenneth J. Hearn, an Englishman (23), working in the American Express Co.

Mr. Charles MacLenuah, in his evidence stated that, he was about to take a picture of Mr. Adamson and Hearn with a Cine-Camera. Due to want of sufficient light, he asked them to go to the balcony. The deceased, Hearn, was standing near the wall, when Mr. Adamson came running up and dashed against him and both of them fell over the wall down to the pavement below. All this occurred on the 12th instant, the Coronation day. He also stated that the flooring was very slippery.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mrs. Bachubai Jhirad, who is alleged to have received two registered letters, each containing £8, addressed to anotner person, was arrested this morning

The complainant stated that he was expecting these two letters and that they were never handed over to him.

Mrs. Bachubai was bailed out till June 8 at the Mazagaon Police Court to-day.

A 15-year-old Hindu girl complained to Mahim police that her husband had branded her with a pair of tongs. The girl was treated in the K. E. M. Hospital, and the police applied for her remand to Children's Home, at the Dadar Police Court, to-day.

EMPLOYING CONTRACTORS

Trade Union Federation Protests Against G.I.P. System

A meeting of the Bombay Provincial Committee of the National Trades Union Federation was held on Saturday last, at 6 p.m. in the Servants of India Society under the presidentship of Mr. N. M. Joshi.

The Committee decided finally to hold the proposed Bombay Provincial Labour Conference on 27th June or 4th June, whichever date is suitable to the president elect, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar. The Committee also decided to hold propaganda meetings under the auspices of the various unions affiliated to the Committee.

A Sub-Committee consisting of Messrs. S. C. Joshi, S. V. Parulekar, N. N. Menon and G. H. Kale was appointed to draft a submission to the Government of Bombay on the programme of the "Interim Ministry" on Labour problems.

Another Committee consisting of Messrs. N. N. Menon, S. V. Parulekar, and G. H. Kale was appointed to send a suitable reply to the Government of Bombay with regard to the Rules they have framed authorising the employers to make certain deductions from the wages of the workers. The Committee unanimously decided that the rules should be scratched as such rules are meant to tie the workers to the employers inextricably and that such rules are opposed to the spirit and the provisions of the Wages Payments Act passed by the Central Legislature only recently. The Sub-Committee was authorised to write to the Government on this basis immediately.

PROTEST AGAINST CONTRACT SYSTEM.

Then the Committee passed the following resolutions unanimously:—

"This Committee strongly protests against the policy of the G. I. P. Railway of employing contractors for doing such work as loading, unloading and transshipment of goods, hitherto done departmentally, and requests the Agent to do away with this system which entails undue exploitation of the workers for the profit of the middlemen."

The Committee also decided to organise a Labour Club for the members of the Unions to meet and discuss the day to day Labour problems and decide upon the course of action to be adopted in such matters.

WORKERS & CORPORATION

Leaders Urge Sending Men Who Will Safeguard Their Interests

A public meeting was held on Sunday at Chowpatty under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress to support the demand of the Municipal Workers for a minimum living wage of Rs. 30 and to protest against the cancellation of licenses of certain hawkers in Reserved Areas of Sheik Memon Street and Princess Street.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, who presided emphasised upon the necessity of sending to the Corporation workers, representatives who would fight for them and get their grievances redressed. He urged upon the necessity of getting elected men who shall fight in the real interest of the workers.

Mrs. Mani Ben Mulji moved resolutions supporting the demand of the Municipal Workers Union for a minimum living wage of at least Rs. 30 per month for Municipal employees and urging upon all elected Corporators to support the move in the Corporation. By another resolution, the meeting condemned the attitude of the police in recommending cancellation of ten hawkers' licenses in the reserved area of Sheik Memon Street.

The resolutions were supported by Messrs. Kulkarni and J. Bukhari

POLITICAL SITUATION IN KATHIAWAR

BOMBAY, May 25.

The Kathiawar Navajeevan Karyakar Sangh is meeting at some place in Kathiawar on 12th and 13th June to consider the political situation Vis-Vis Kathiawar.—A. P.

Mr. Barin Ghosh, a prominent worker of the Congress Socialist Party, has been served with an order under the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrage Act.

STRIKERS RESENT REMARKS

Did Standing Committee Chairman Refer To Jhabvalia?

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The situation in the Mutton strike is unchanged to-day.

Resentment is evident among strikers at the remarks of the Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Corporation that outside influences are at work in the strike. The remarks, they hold, are very vague. They are not sure if it refers to Mr. Jhabwalla, the accredited leader of many middle-class and working class struggles.

The strike was resorted to after prolonged consideration and they say, only when they were driven to it by the Municipality.

They had addressed the authorities as early as May 1936 and again early this year in regard to the hardships that would follow the increase.

SOUND ADVICE

In chronic diseases and surgical cases Always consult Dr. TANDON senior, M.D (U.S.A.), Scientific Veteran Homoeopath, of 30 years' experience and an eminent Physician of Bombay, who works wonders even at the eleventh hour without operation. His treatment is scientific, sure, simple, natural and harmless Chowpatty Sea Face, Bombay. 'Phone 40307

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—WITHOUT CALOMEL

And You'll Jump Out of Bed Feeling You Could Push a Bus Over

The liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

Salts, fizzy drinks, palatable laxatives and harsh purgatives are makeshifts. A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes the famous, sure acting Carter's Little Liver Pills to get those two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills. Look for the name Carter's on the red package. Price: As. 10.

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Inquire about the Rates for long and short flights direct from:

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'Mubarak Manzil'.
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Or Any Passenger Agent. - - - - - - - - - Tel. No. 27547.

A Service of Love

WHAT greater service can any mother render than the rearing of a healthy baby? But she herself must be in vigorous health before she can impart the priceless blessing of a sound constitution to her child.

Breast-feeding is the natural way to ensure baby's health. It is the best way, and every mother can make sure of her ability to feed her baby herself by taking 'Ovaltine' before and after birth.

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OE/215

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY BY-ELECTION

Golding As Nominee For Bombay Chamber Seat

Subsequent to the resignation of Mr. F. W. Charlesworth, who left for England, Mr. C. F. Golding, Manager, Army and Navy Stores, Ltd., Bombay, is understood to have submitted his nomination paper for the vacancy caused in the Bombay Legislative Assembly representing the Bombay Chamber of Commerce on Wednesday afternoon. The Collector of Bombay, the Returning Officer, declined to accept it, as it ought to have been made by noon that day according to rules.

A representation was made to the Collector that the delay was after all very small and that no time was wasted in hurrying up to him as soon as he got the required signatures of the proposer and seconder.

It was also argued that the constituencies like the Chamber of Commerce and the Trades Association got enough time for the nominations to be filled up according to the practice during the Government of India Act of 1919 and that in this particular case no sufficient previous intimation was given.

Mr. Golding will be duly elected when the nomination will be notified again.

PREVENTING CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

Bombay Society Turns Out Excellent Work

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has been doing very good work, as is evident from the Report for the years 1935 and 1936 published recently. Excepting during the communal riots, the agents of the Society carried on their work of detection, prevention and punishment of animal cruelty satisfactorily both in the city and the suburb of Bandra.

During the two years under Report 22,762 cases of cruelty to animals were detected and 34,877 prosecutions were launched. In 32,744 cases the accused were convicted while in 1,022 cases the accused were acquitted and 1,111 were warned and discharged.

9,023 animals were treated during the period under review at the Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel. Of these 4,784 were treated as inpatients and 4,239 as out-patients. Special accommodation has been provided for rabid animals other than dogs.

The following appearing on the front page of the Report should be noted by all "O Ye, who have a heart to feel.

The dumb creation claim your zeal."

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishak Vad 1, 1993
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 15, 1305
Parsi: Adar 23, 1306
Hightide: 0-00; 13-02
Lowtide: 6-03; 18-59
Sunrise: 6h. 2m.
Sunset: 7h. 10m.

Thursday, May 27.

S. S. 'Carthage' with English mails of the 13th instant due at 4 p.m.

Saturday, May 29.

S. S. Ranpura sails at 1 p.m.

MANDVI ARTS EXHIBITION

The opening ceremony of the Mandvi Arts Exhibition was performed on Sunday and a good number of visitors have already visited it. It will remain open on Wednesday and Thursday from 1-30 to 4-0 p.m. and from 6-0 to 11-0 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Regd. and unregd. Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan per s.s. "Carthage" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 27th May 1937.

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AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
In Conjunction With
"O. H. M. S."
A Spectacular Comedy-Drama

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Crack-Up" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"O. H. M. S." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"The Good Earth" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"The Vigilantes are Coming" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Journey's End" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Stolen Holiday" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Romeo and Juliet" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m
REGAL—"It's Great To be in College" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Pujarin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA—"Achhut Kanya" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m

DR. POPAT 'VARSITY OF AYURVED

Examination Results

The following are the names of the successful candidates of the different Ayurvedic Institutions who appeared in the Prabhuram Ayurvedic College Examinations conducted by the Dr. Popat University of Ayurved during April 1937.

BHISHAGVAR

Guhe, Nana Govind, Bombay.
(Passing in 'Shalya Shalakya Shastra' and 'Sootika Shastra' only)
Dalal, Rameshchandra Tribhovandas, Bombay.

RASAVAIDYA

Gajiwala, Shantilal Maganlal, Surat.
Naik, Bhimbhai Naranji, Navsari.

UPAVAIDYA

Desai, Pranlal Amratlal, Sandasal.
Nagarsheth, Manubhai Nathjibhai, Saudasal.
Naik, Dattatraya Gajanan, Bombay.
(Passing in 'Indriya Vignan Shastra' only).
Naik, Bhimbhai Naranji, Navsari.

SEVIKA PARICHARYA

(Passing in 'Paricharya', only).
(Kumari) Parve, Maltibai Bhaurao, Bombay.

The next session of the Examinations shall commence from 26th August 1937. The tuition classes of the College shall reopen on 3rd June 1937.

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SCHNAPPS
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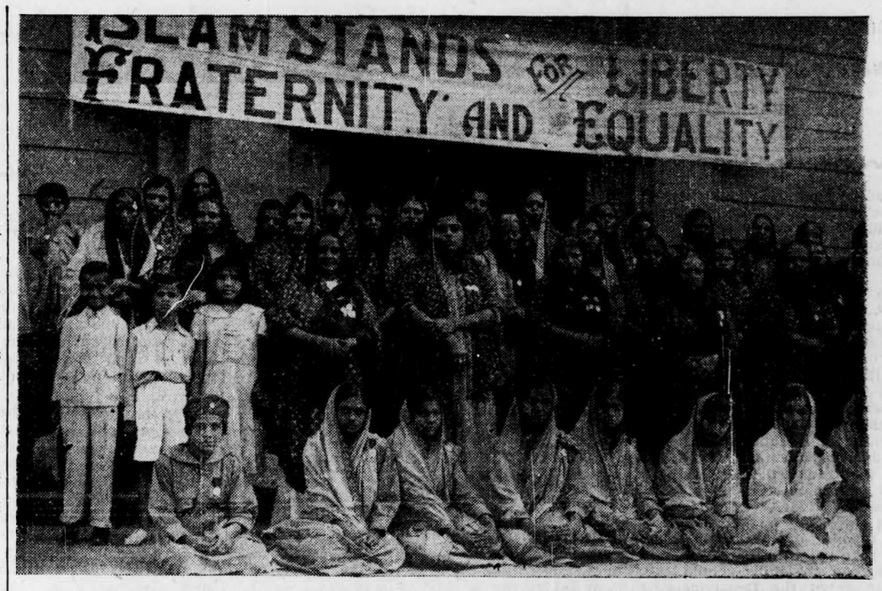

Bombay Muslim Ladies celebrated Prophet's Day at a public meeting at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Tuesday afternoon. A group photo taken on the occasion.

JEPSEN CUP HOCKEY

G. I. P. Rly. "A" And "B" Draw

To-day's game in the Jepsen Cup Hockey Tournament between the 'A' & 'B' string of the G. I. P. Railway proved to be a closely contested affair, and although one might have expected to see good clean hockey, the 'B' team, particularly with Adams, their centre-half, doing as much dirty work as he possibly could, threw the fine combination of Tellis and Ishmail out of stride and forced the 'A' team to hard hitting tactics. The game opened up with a slow pace, and up and down play remained the order for a time.

Seven minutes from the start Ishmail, the 'A' team centre-forward got through and tested Sullivan, the 'B' custodian, who cleared, immediately after the 'A' team earned a short corner off which Vaz, their extreme left, pushed the ball out of play. The second string then got away and earned two corners in succession neither of which were productive and Westerling, the first string's right-back cleared and set his forwards going. A pretty movement between Tellis and Ishmail ensued and Thomas, the 'B' team's right-back intercepted and broke up what seemed to be a productive move. Up and down play with the ball travelling from end to end brought the first half to a close with neither side being able to score.

Resuming play the second string had slightly the better of exchanges, and soon after the start Wood, the 'A' string custodian, twice by Kerr and Carr but both try's were ably saved. Westerling cleared the danger and Tellis, the 'A' team's inner left worked down solo and beating the defence, he sent in a scoop which Sullivan, the opposing custodian, cleared. Keeping up the pressure the first string's forwards made a well combined move and reaching the circle, Paul, their inner right, sent in a sitter which Sullivan, the 'B' custodian, saved. The 'B' team now took up the pressure and for a while the 'A' team defence were having an anxious time; Westerling, the 'A' team's right-back, played a great game, while Webber, their centre-half, was the hardest worked man on the field, Tellis, Ishmail and Vaz in the attack were outstanding. For the 'B' team Adams, who had to his credit three victims, was the most prominent player of the evening.

Full time arrived with both teams unable to come to a decision and extra time followed:—

G. I. P. RLY. 'A' ..... Nil.
G. I. P. RLY. 'B' ..... Nil.

EXTRA TIME

The first five minutes were full of hard hitting, with the ball travelling from end to end and no score was registered. Changing over the game was slightly in favour of the 'A' string, Tellis having sent in a sitter which the opposing custodian saved and just before the close a short corner went unconverted by the 'A' team, and the final whistle still found both teams on terms.

UMPIRES: H. P. Siganporia and J. Mendonca.

THE RESULTS::

G. I. P. RLY. 'A' ..... Nil.
G. I. P. RLY. 'B' ..... Nil.

THE TEAMS:

G. I. P. RLY. 'A':—Woods; Westerling and Rodricks; Pearson, Webber and Francis; Lal, Paul, Ishmail, Tellis and Vaz.

G. I. P. RLY. 'B':—Sullivan; Thomas and Cordell; Edwards, Adams, and Houlder; Kerr, Jones, Bocarro, Carr and G. Jones.

WEDNESDAY'S GAME

5-30 p.m. Armed Police vs. Khatu S. C.

Islam Released Women From Tyrannical Yoke

MUSLIM LADIES CELEBRATE PROPHET'S DAY AT C. J. HALL

The three day Prophet's Birthday celebration of this year concluded on Tuesday, when in the fitness of things Muslim ladies celebrated the occasion at the C. J. Hall, under the auspices of the ladies Branch of the Celebration Committee.

The function began with an Urdu song in praise of the Prophet.

Mr Shafi Tyebji opened the proceedings.

Proposed and seconded to take the chair by Mrs. Jackeria Maniar, Hon. General Secretary, and Miss Shakur, Her Highness the Begum Saheba of Belha occupied the honoured place and delivered her presidential speech.

WHAT MAHAMMAD ACHIEVED.

She dwelt on their position prior to Mahammad, when they were barbarous, uncivilised and idolatrous specially in Arabia, the land of the Prophet. There existed no unity among them.

It was a task for any mortal to transform such a lot. The Prophet did it. There lay his greatness.

Besides, his message of definite 'monotheism' was a message to the warring world.

AS LAW GIVER.

He also gave a code of laws suitable to the times, embracing all aspects—religions political as well as moral.

His own example in its observance was unique. He was an ideal Prophet.

They were justly proud that Allah gave them such a great Prophet and a remarkable religion.

WHAT WOMAN GAINED.

It was he who gave them women their present position and released them from the tyrannical yoke of ages Islam, the faith of the Prophet, gave them rights of inheritance, equal trtatment and other singular rights. He said, 'paradise lies at the feet of your mother' 'What a sublime idea.

She concluded by saying, 'let us walk in his foot-prints and take lessons from the pages of his life.'

She thanked the organisers and prayed they be granted the proper spirit to carry on in his footsteps.

Mrs. Sayani, Nawab Zadi Ladhi Begum of Delhi, Mrs. Mahomed Hasham, Miss Aminabai Maniar, Miss Matina Khojandi, Mrs. Nurjehan, Mrs. Nurbi, and Mrs. Torhan, the Commercial Representative of the Turkish Government in India, echoed similar sentiments.

KURLA CITIZENS' DEMOCRATIC FRONT

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Central Council of the Kurla Citizens' Democratic Front met yesterday at 8-30 p.m. at the residence of Mr. A. R. I. Fitvalla.

The following Executive Committee was unanimously elected:—

PRESIDENT: Mr. J. S. Pareira.

VICE-PRESIDENTS: Mr. A. R. I. Fitvalla. Mr. M. N. Patankar (advocate) Mr. M. M. A. Rasiwalla and Mr. Parshram Patil.

GENERAL SECRETARY: Mr. R. M. Kambhekar.

SECRETARIES: S. I. Dave (advocate) Mr. T. T. Suryawanshi; Mr. Jatashankar Pande and Mr. Abdulla Rahimtulla.

HONORARY MEMBERS: Mr. Mahomed Inuss and Mr. Haji Abdul Sattar.

The Central Council authorised the Executive to determine a suitable method of financing the work of the Democratic Front, to formulate the constitution for approval by the Central Council in its next meeting, and to co-opt additional honorary members if necessary.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION

There will be a lecture in Konkani on "Life and Manners among the Japanese" illustrated by Magic Lantern Slides, by Mr. N. S. Ullal, B.A., S. T. C. D., Officiating Deputy Educational Inspector for Visual Instruction, Bombay Presidency, in the Kanara Saraswat Association Hall to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.).

NEW GUEST HOUSE AT CHICHKHARI

(From A Correspondent.)

Mr. G. J. Borkar alias Shri Gajananswami, the astrologer of Dadar, laid the foundation of a new Guest house in the vicinity of his Datta temple at Chichkhari (Ratnagiri). He also performed a Yadna (spiritual ceremony) which was attended with Bhajan parties and music.

ALURKAR WINS CHAMPIONSHIP

Results Of Bombay Central Chess Association Tournaments

(From A Correspondent)

The tournament held under the auspices of the Bombay Central Chess Association for the Chess championship of the Bombay Presidency has now come to an end. Mr. B. D. Alurkar of Ratnagiri having secured ten points out of a possible eleven has won the championship. Only two players—Prof. V. D. Alurkar and Dr. De Cunha—were able to draw with him. All other games resulted in a win for him. Prof. V. D. Alurkar stands 2nd with 8 1|2 points and Mr. Khadilkar 3rd with 7 1|2 points; Mr. Kazi Nazirudin missed his wins both against the champion and Mr. Khadilkar. Mr. Williams created hopes of winning a prize when he started well by defeating Mr. N. R. Joshi of Poona. But these hopes were not realised by subsequent play.

The Bombay Central Chess Association is in need of funds to carry on its activities in the world of chess and improve the standard of Indian players to the level of the players in the west. All donations for the cause of Chess will be gratefully accepted.

We gratefully acknowledge a donation of Rs. 50 from Mr. Dhunjibhoy B. Petit.

TOURNAMENT RESULTS

The result of the tournament is as under:—

Mr. B. D. Alurkar, 10 points; Prof. V. D. Alukar, 8 1|2 points Mr. V. K. Khadilkar 7 1|2 points; Dr. J. G. De Cunha, 6 1|2 points; Mr. N. R. Joshi, 6 points; Mr. M. D. Billimoria, 5 points; Mr. K. R. Hoshing, 5 points; Mr. B. J. Madon , 4 1|2 points; Mr. M. H. Pradhan, 4 1|2 points; Kazi Nazirudin 3 1|2 points; Mr. J. R. Williams, 3 1|2 points; Mr. G. F. Dhawale, 1 1|2 points.

Mr. B. D. Alurkar has been consistently leading in every important chess tournament in Bombay since 1930.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN).

The question of food and nutrition of the people of the Suburbs calls for serious attention. A fact that most of the medical men from Suburbs admit is, that the average suburbanites suffer from malnutrition, which is recognised as the cause of physical and economic poverty. The Municipalities can do something in this connection.

They have neglected medical aid while utilising large amounts in building gigantic municipal halls and other really not essential amenities. The practice should be reversed.

Secondly a pound of milk a day to the poor children attending Municipal schools would be a really useful purpose and would influence considerably the health of the future citizens of the Suburbs. The example of the Simla Municipality which carries a milk campaign in this respect ought to be followed by our Suburban Municipalities.

LIFE SAVING DEMONSTRATIONS

On Sunday, the Safety First Association of India held a demonstration of life-saving in Mr. Vivani's swimming pool at Juhu. This demonstration was organised for the benefit of Life-Saving Committee.

Mr. Riordam of the Safety First Association gave a display of different methods of life-saving. The demonstration consisted of different methods of how to approach persons drowning, how to break the fatal death grip and different methods of respiration.

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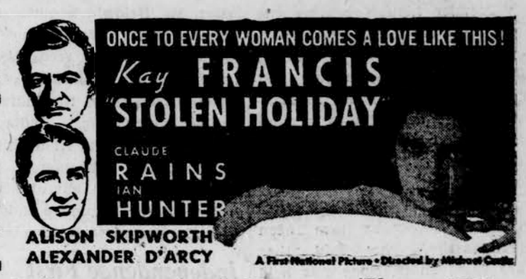

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1937

IMPERIALISTS' ILLUSIONS

British politicians know well the use of propaganda and the propagandist value of an institution like the Crown and an occasion like the Coronation. They have artfully got docile men like Sir Mahomed Zafarullah and the Maharaja of Baroda to beat the big drum of loyalty and praise of the new Constitution. Now comes the Premier himself beating the drum more lustily than ever. In his last public speech as Prime Minister at the Empire Day and the Coronation Banquet in London Mr. Baldwin affected a more grandiose style than was his won't and exploited the conception of the Crown for all it was worth, especially with reference to India. "Many as have been the dynasties," he said, "that have ruled India, none has held a sway so universal and undisputed as that monarchy, of which every man and woman in this room are servants. In that loyalty which is focussed upon the Crown, India finds that unity that she has sought so long and we are now engaged in translating that unity into the terms of a Federation from which we hope and believe will arise an India greater than has ever yet been." That a greater India than has ever been and greater than Baldwin can imagine is emerging is clear to all those that have eyes to see. But such an India will arise not because of the Federal trap designed for her but in spite of it. An Independent India will emerge, great and glorious, from the ruins of the Federation.

Cheap Sympathy

It seems to be very difficult for a Britisher to speak of India without making an exhibition of his special brand of sympathy. Mr. Baldwin seriously expects India to believe that "the sympathy which we feel with her in this great adventure which she is undertaking is a sympathy not confined to Great Britain but which exists in every other part of the Empire." Having had super-abundant sympathy from Britain and the Dominions for years past, India feels now she can better do without it, particularly without that brand of it which she has got during the last several years from Britain and South Africa. There can be true sympathy between India and Britain only when the former is quite as free as the latter, Mr. Baldwin is quite right when he says: "We will not hold together unless we recognise the common ideals, inspirations and love of freedom, of the individual and the body politic." India cannot cherish any real friendship for Britain unless not merely her ideal of freedom but also the reality of her complete independence is recognised by the latter.

Independence First

None will be surprised at the Maharaja of Baroda saying ditto to what the Premier had spoken. But when he spoke of "our goal of a great and autonomous unit within the Commonwealth," he referred to the goal of only a few like him. For the vast majority of Indians no longer make a fetish of British connection. Their first concern is to make India completely independent. And what her relations will then be towards Britain and other members of the Commonwealth will depend on a variety of circumstances, it being obviously understood that she will have no truck with imperialism of any kind. In another part of his speech the Gaekwar somewhat sapiently observed: "The happiness of the peoples is the test by which ultimately all forms of Government and all constitutions come to be judged." The remark is only a part of the truth. The part that is at least equally true, though often lost sight of by Rajas and Maharajas is that despotism is incompatible with the lasting happiness of the despot or his people. That is a lesson which the history of the world has taught and it will be well for the Princes of India to take that lesson to heart.

Nazi Threat To Britain

In view of the Nazi control over the German Press, the leading article in the "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" may be taken to enjoy the approval of the German Government. In fact, it may be regarded as a semi-official reply to Mr. Baldwin and to the Empire Conference. And its importance cannot therefore, be too highly emphasised. Mr. Baldwin's address to the "Empire Youth" was, of course, so much sanctimonious humbug. But since "Europe stands at armed attention" because, mainly, of British connivance at Italian and German aggressions and militarism, the warning of the German paper is not without its irony. And it is sinister too. "The British Empire cannot continue to exist if it denies to Germany membership of this brotherhood", and if Britain does not yield, "we will be forced to solve our problems to Britain's disadvantage". The meaning is obvious: if Britain declines to surrender to Germany her old Colonies, there will be trouble. And that trouble may even be serious. Now what is Britain going to do?

Civil Liberties In India

We published yesterday, Sjt. Subash Chandra Bose's draft manifesto to be sent on behalf of India to the National Council of Civil Liberty in London. It is a bare statement of actual facts in India as regards Civil Liberties and we venture to think that it is the duty of every prominent Indian, whatever his political creed, to subscribe to this manifesto if he is at all interested in the problem. There is, quite rightly, practical unanimity among Indians in resenting the scandal of rule by Regulations, Cr. Law Amendment Acts and the like. That such rule is a common feature of administrative practice all over India is well-known. And what should be equally well-known is the fact that the feature persists in all its outrageous "glory". Sjt. Bose has given the instances. He might even have added that they are multiplying—a Summer School in Madras was dispersed the other day by a lathi charge and the application of Mr. A. N. Shetty to cancel the externment order against him has just been rejected by the Bombay Government of which Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta is such a glittering ornament.

INDUSTRY AND SCIENCE

Need For Co-operation

(BY SARABHAI.)
II

Leaders of India's industry are aware of the economic and social benefits of the closest relationship of science with industry. Sir Joseph Kay, agent of four textile mills in Bombay and Director of many more and President of the M. O. Association in 1935, in welcoming Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar as his successor to the office for 1936 observed that he (Mr. Chandavarkar) was particularly interested in the application of science to industry, that the institution by the Bombay University of the department of Chemical Technology was due through his initiative and that the trade will make full use of it for the solution of practical difficulties. Mr. Chandavarkar while reviewing, on March 11, his own regime of the same office said that the University was anxious that the mills should take advantage of the Department of Chemical Technology as a liaison body etc., and also emphasised the inadequacy of funds (only Rs. two lacs) allocated by the University. He also mentioned the activities of the Shirly Institute in Manchester and further informed about its annual expenditure of £85,000 adding that the Institute was founded on the basis of a Pound for Pound contribution from Government and industrialist. He also appealed to the industrialists materially to endow the University Chemical Department. Though he did not specifically dwell on the details, since he knew so much about the Shirly Institute it can well be inferred that he must surely be aware of its other activities, particularly of its Liaison Department and that he could correctly evaluate the most helpful advantages of the close contact of the industry with its laboratories. He being a bridge between the academy and the factory and an industrialist by himself, should not the industry look up to him to bring about effectual liaison between the two?

A Millowner's Suggestions

The President of the Ahmedabad M.O.A. Sheth Kasturbhai, is also deeply imbued with the need of intimate relationship of science with industry. Presiding at the third annual gathering of the said Technological Association this year he advocated (1) closer contact between the students of technology and industries of the country. He also opined that (2) it was suffering for lack of technical men. And further he pleaded at the annual general meeting of the Ahmedabad M.O.A. with cogent reasons that (3) reconstruction and reorganisation of the mill industry on scientific lines was urgent and imperative. And, further, that the Textile Industry in this city is decadent is brought out in high relief by the latest Report of the Director of Industry. His figures are revealing. Fourteen mills showed losses of Rs. 22.56 lacs while 29 mills showed a gross profit of Rs. 40.11 lacs out of which only 13 could, however, declare dividends. It may further be added that, a large number of mills could not provide for depreciations, much less could they declare any dividend. From 90 in Bombay, the mills are now numbering 74. Many of them have been eking out a precarious existence, hovering between stagnation and liquidation. This depression is mostly due to absence of the stimulus of science and technical skill as also to the force of foreign competition.

A Correct Diagnosis

Sheth Kasturbhai's diagnosis of the deficiency disease of the industry is correct and accurate. He believes that the industry suffers from:—(1) lack of the advantage of experienced organization, (2) of newer methods of re-construction on scientific lines, (3) absence of methods to compete with powerful rivals. (4) want of well-planned programme to allay suicidal internal rivalry, (5) want of the element of rejuvenation and completely revolutionary alterations in our conceptions and economies and (6) the negation of contact of the industry with academies of scientific research.

The defects are thus felt poignantly and expressed publicly on all occasions by the industrialists. Now is the opportunity. The non-official advisers to negotiate finally India's trade agreement with Britain will soon be conferring with British industrialists in England. The Imperial Conference may be also in session there. Dr. Forster is also in England for consultation and planning liaison. They are also to attend in Berlin the Congress of the International Chambers of Commerce. We have had from British and the foreign representatives of Commerce and industry profuse professions of goodwill co-operation and mutual help. Let the Indian advisers put them to the test and get them to act; They of course, would visit the laboratories of the Shirly Institute. The Manchester University the National Physical Labo-

(Continued on page 7—Col. 2).

Our London Letter

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Coronation And "Empire Press"

LONDON, May 12.

Oh, what a day! Last night before I went to bed at 2-30 o'clock, I was told "please do not trust the weather. It is not to be King's weather." So, in the early hours of the morning—5-30—I got up disturbing my rosy sleep—just to witness the Coronation of King George VI and Queen Elizabeth.

Treated As Doormats

I reached Charing Cross station in less than 20 minutes. The policemen stopped me. I produced my blue-coloured bulky card asking me to proceed to the Westminster Abbey by the old Police Palace Yard. In another twenty minutes I passed the hurdle race and I found myself inside the Abbey only to be told by the steward—an army man—"Sir, I am afraid I won't be able to admit you." Oh, What a tragedy from my point of view! I had rushed to the Abbey in the early hours of the morning to do my duty by you to catch this afternoon's air-mail only to be told that someone had bungled in giving me a ticket which had been meant for someone else. My protest against the conduct of the authorities subdued the steward "Well Sir, someone has definitely made a mistake. The Earl Marshal ought to have initialled this ticket in favour of you. However, I shall make inquiry and get you in, if possible." I was indignant I could not resist telling the steward that I must have a free access to my seat in the Abbey since my paper must know what is happening within those four corners. My protest had an immediate effect. I was led in with "this way, sir. I am so very sorry to have caused you inconvenience." Thus, I found myself on the top of the Westminster Abbey only to realise that I was living in a fool's paradise. The seats allocated to the Empire press were not worth prizing for. It brought to my mind the warning of a veteran British journalist issued to me last week of not expecting any view of their Majesties during the Coronation ceremony. Yes, the Empire Press was shown contempt which it does not deserve. The local press was provided first-class seats whereas the Empire press was treated as "door-mats". To use the familiar phrase, it was the case of "take it, or leave it." However, it was not even the case of "leave it" since once we were inside the Abbey we were not free to pick up our hats and parachute and say "Good-bye to the Coronation." We were virtually in a prison house. When we tried to secure a vantage point, the steward came in to tell us "Oh, sir, you must not leave your place. The Earl Marshal's orders must be obeyed." My colleague, who represented the "Indian Social Reformer" wanted to quench his thirst, but before he could inquire where he could obtain a glass of "aqua pura", the Earl Marshal's precious steward was there to tell him to go back to his seat."

"Glimpses" Of Celebrites

Westminster Abbey is supposed to be a sacrosanct place so much so that the Earl Marshal who thought it necessary to provide "conveniences" for us on the top story of the building had issued instructions that even though we might use the improvised lavatory we should not indulge in smoking just to pass our time in the absence of other amenity of any kind. Thus we were huddled up in a tiny little block of the top floor of the Abbey, to see nothing and do nothing. The press could not find any facilities to send our dispatches to its principles. With all these difficulties we welcomed the arrival of the 7,500 people who were accommodated inside the sacred precincts. We saw—I beg your pardon, some of us glimpsed—the arrival of the British aristocracy, followed by the Prime Ministers of the Empire, to be further followed by the representatives of the other Foreign Powers. We noticed M. Litvinoff being a next door neighbour of Signor Grandi. We saw the head of the Nepalese Government being detained for over 15 minutes for his proper seat. We as well saw Sir Akbar and Lady Hydari being huddled up in a place from which they can never say they got a good look of the King or the Queen. In his anxiety not to show any disrespect towards Signor Grandi M. Litvinoff was shrewd enough to pretend to scan the literature that was supplied to us by the Earl Marshal in connection with their Majesties' Coronation ceremony. At the same time, Dr. Martin, the Ambassador of Abyssinia was lucky not to have the task of pretending to go through the Coronation programme since he had the company of an English aristocrat by his side. His Highness the Aga Khan was sandwiched between the Begum Saheba and an Indian prince who were very considerate to him. Realising his inability to pull himself together whenever the ceremony demanded the rising of the vast witnesses the two neighbours of the Aga Khan were kindly disposed towards him in lending him a helping hand to rise in his seat. The head of the Nepalese Legation was fortunate enough to secure a seat in less than five minutes, but his deputy had to spend over fifteen minutes in reaching his position only to realise that he was in the company of Sir Akbar Hydari, who had hardly any

(Continued on page 9 Col. 4).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

INDIA AND EMPIRE DEFENCE

Sir Thomas Inskip, Minister for Co-ordination of Defence Services of Great Britain, emphasised at the Empire Press Conference, that the question of defence was no longer the sole interest of the United Kingdom and stressed the principle of primary responsibility of each portion of the Empire for its own defence". This is wrong. If the United Kingdom enjoys the privilege of guiding the foreign policy of each 'unit' it must accept the primary responsibility of paying for involving the units—on its own initiative—in war. Where Dominions, however, are concerned Sir Thomas is partly right because they have the right to declare their neutrality in case of a war. "The Empire", Sir Thomas proceeded, "was as vulnerable in its part as at the centre and the maintenance of trade routes was a price essential to the existence of the Empire." The Empire as it exists to-day—at any rate where India by far the main unit is concerned—is the economic empire of Great Britain. The routes are essential for British trade with India and not 'vice versa'. The point is that since India has absolutely no voice as a "unit" of the Empire, and since she is a helpless adjunct of Britain, there is no logical or moral reason why India should pay. But India will have to pay because that is the "privilege" of India.

LEAGUE AND GUERNICA

It is reported from a Basque source that an official commission of three British experts arrived in Guernica, investigated the bombing of the town by German airmen and has telegraphed its deposition to Senor Delvayo who is representing Spain at Geneva. It is not at all a difficult thing to forecast as to what will happen. Senor Delvayo will submit all possible proofs of the savage horror which the airmen of Germany visited on the town that is no more. And the League of Nations will do nothing. Contemptible cowardice has been the tradition of the League and betrayal its watchword. This not not surprising. For, the League is composed mainly of "statesmen" whose allegiance to democracy and whose sense of obligation to international justice and morality is confined to unfailing submission to Germany and Italy. This kind of moral courage may disgust ordinary human beings. But the "Democrats" of Europe are by no means ordinary.

ADVANCE HINDUSTANI

It is most gratifying that the provinces are waking up to a realization of the national importance of propagating Hindustani. The Maharashtra Hindi Prachar Sammelan is among the latest bodies to take the task of popularising Hindustani. It has urged the various educational institutions, municipalities and local boards to make a working knowledge of Hindi compulsory in their courses of study. Another resolution of the Sammelan asks the Bombay and Nagpur Universities to make Hindi one of the compulsory subjects in the Matriculation curriculum. Whether the Universities do so or not, other educational institutions should spare no pains to get every Indian to acquire working knowledge of Hindustani and also of both the Hindustani scripts—Nagari and Urdu. In that way alone can we hasten the consummation of our ideal of a national language. To the same end we commend the use of the term "Hindustani" rather than "Hindi-Hindustani" as the latter is liable to be misunderstood. We know that when Mahatma Gandhi or Kaka Kalelkar uses the term "Hindi-Hindustani" what is meant is the same language which the Congress recognizes as "Hindustani," the language actually spoken by millions in Northern India, both Hindu and Muslim But in the interests of clarity it is better to stick to a term which has been commonly approved of as the correct one and which has the official sanction of the Indian National Congress.

PLAIN SPEAKING FOR ROTARIANS

Mr. Shrinivas Sastri gave expression to some very salutary home-truths at a Rotary gathering in Bangalore a few weeks ago. Now Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has done a similar service to the Rotarians in the speech he delivered at the reception given by the Rotary Club of Rangoon. Naturally Jawaharlal was far more outspoken and direct in his criticism than Mr. Sastri. While appreciating the Rotary ideal of "Service above self", Pandit Nehru expressed some very pertinent doubts whether this high principle was ever put into actual practice. To the man in the street the Rotary Clubs represented merely a convivial association of top-dogs representing success in life, and Pandit Nehru rightly compared their ideas of service to those of the society lady distributing charity in slums. He appealed to his audience genuinely to follow their high ideals, if the Rotary movement is to justify its existence at all. We wonder, however, what reaction the criticism of Messrs Sastri and Nehru will have on the Rotary lotus-eaters.

Hindi And Urdu

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I have read a very learned article from the pen of Professor Dhirendra Varma, M. A., D Lit., (Paris) in the current issue of the "Saraswati" entitled "Attempts to ruin literary Hindi" He accuses institutions like Hindustani Academy, Progressive Writers' Association and even the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan of converting Hindi into Urdu He concludes that Hindi is going to be Rashtra-Bhasha, which means common language, i.e., Hindustani, which is nothing but Urdu. This inference needs a little thought at the hands of Nationalists. Hindi and Urdu are so similar that with the exception of certain words borrowed from Sanskrit and Persian respectively, there is hardly any difference. In the initial stages of Hindi Prachar it was thought necessary, and wisely so, that it should be the policy of the workers to make Hindi so easy and simple as to attract the people to its simplicity and force Urdu has a force which beautifies modern Hindi or Hindustani. Munshi Premchand's works are in a language, easily understood by all. Certainly his Hindi was literary and many more modern authors are using the same type of language, The growing richness of the Hindi language, which many of us are tempted to call Hindustani cannot be denied. We are changing for the better and it will take us some time to understand the conservative spirit of the learned professor, which we have no right to comment upon.—Yours, etc.,

HARI PRASAD GUPTE.
Bombay April 17.

WITHOUT COMMENT—

He referred to the Gaekwar of Baroda who was present and said that the Gaekwar's principal interest was India and he had devoted a long life to the service of his State whose Government had been a model for two generations.
—Mr. Baldwin's speech at Empire Day Banquet.

* * * *

"The Chairman congratulated Mr. S. K. Naique, who has for the last 27 years never failed to celebrate Empire Day, which is the birthday of the late Queen Victoria."—Anglo-Indian report.

27 years and still going strong as a mere "Mr."!

What a sad—sorry, splendid example of perseverance!

* * *

Mr. Sultan Chinoy is "of the opinion that the butchers do not seem to have been well-advised in launching on the strike and seem to have been innocent victims of outside influences who are accustomed to create dissatisfaction."

Mr. Sultan Chinoy has, anyway, proved himself the perfect disciple.

* * *

"The question of the welfare of the villager is given pride of place in the programme of the Government of the Central Provinces and Berar."
—Nagpur report.

But hadn't this been 'always' the case, in fact, ever since Providence urgently commissioned the British to look after the Indian masses as divinely ordained Trustees?

* * * *

WHEN THAKUR COMPLAINS, GOVT. MOVES

But Peasants' Tears Fail To Move Finance Minister
—Headlines.

Quite natural. Merely a matter of reciprocation. Did our Finance Minister's tears—a whole flood of them—ever move the peasant or his allies?

* * * *

"The coming week-end will see the commencement of the exodus of the Government of Bombay for Poona."
—Anglo-India.

We hope they will make much of their stay there.

* * * *

By the way, it is a relief to think that Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta can exode with an easy mind. The Sonya Maruti Temple season is over.

* * *

At a meeting of the principal delegates to the Empire Conference, Sir Thomas Inskip surveyed problems of British rearmament "but did not specifically touch colonial defence measures, which he is expected to review at a later date."

And whan he does, he will, we have no doubt, dwell on the importance of Empire defence on the North-West Frontier and be heartily supported by India's "delegate."

* * *

Lord and Lady Linlithgow are expected to visit Cochin in August 1937.
—Anglo-Indian report from Ernakulam.

But the situation is well in hand. There is no possibility of Cochin hospitality, etc., being taken by surprise. As a matter of fact the information about the projected visit of the Viceroy "is revealed in a circular issued by the Cochin Government to all departmental heads on the eve of their making their budget for the coming year."

* *

Of course the details of His Excellency's programme are not settled yet. And it would be premature at this stage to speculate whether His Excellency would—

(1) Receive a deputation of representative Untouchables led by the Diwan Sir Shanmukham Chetty;

(2) Feed the poor Untouchables with the Maharaja present by his side at the function, and

(3) Would inaugurate a campaign of Harijan uplift with the contribution of a bull—to be received on behalf of Harijans by Sir Shanmukham.

* * * *

He had taken a postal course in chemistry, and having a sore throat decided to cure himself. With pride he handed the chemist his first attempt at a prescription.

The chemist read it twice doubtfully.

"Well," he said at last, "is it a very big dog?"

Germany's Threat To British Empire

If We Are Denied Membership In Brotherhood Of Man ....!

NO OPPRESSORS & NO OPPRESSED

LONDON, May 25.

"If Germany and Britain drift apart war must follow" says "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" in a leader addressed to the Imperial Conference.

Referring to Mr. Baldwin's speech to Empire youth in which he declared that the Empire could only exist in the brotherhood of man, the newspaper says brotherhood of man cannot consist of oppressors and oppressed, therefore it follows logically that the British Empire cannot continue to exist if it denies to Germany membership of this brotherhood.

The paper adds "the British Empire approaches its problems in a different manner from ours. We shall recognise their methods as long as problems are not solved to Germany's disadvantage. If this happens we will be forced to solve our problems to Britain's disadvantage. This will run counter to the best interests of both nations and Anglo-German kinship."

Roosevelt Scores Another Victory

WASHINGTON, May 24.

President Roosevelt scored another legal victory when the Supreme Court by a majority opinion of five to four upheld the constitutionality of the Presidents Unemployment Insurance Measures, ruling that the tax on payrolls to finance unemployment benefits were legitimate

Had the Court invalidated the act the treasury would have been compelled to borrow considerably in order to finance the result and deficits. It is expected that the Court's ruling will make new taxes unnecessary this sessions.

The Supreme Court also upheld the constitutionality of the old-age pensions plan.

Owing to a last-minute change specific mention of the forty cent wage and the 35/40 hour week was not included in the Connery Black Bill which thus leave Congress the responsibility of fixing the wages and hours standard.—Reuter.

Reaction To Decision

WASHINGTON, May 25.

The Supreme Court's validation of the Social Security Act assures the repurchase by the Treasury of about 700 million dollars of its outstanding issues during the Fiscal Year beginning July 1 and the Treasury is expected to have a surplus of cash receipts over expenditure by at least that amount in the next Fiscal-Year unless action by the Congress further depletes revenues or increases expenditure beyond the budget.

April collections of Social Security taxes indicate that receipts during the full year are approaching 1,000 million dollars and Wall Street thinks that new taxes will now be unnecessary this session.

MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

NEW YORK, May 25

President Roosevelt's message to the Congress makes no specific recommendations regarding wages and hours.

His requirements in this connection therefore have reassured the American business world in so far as it is believed that they assure legislation sufficiently flexible to avoid a major disturbing effect.—Reuter.

STRATOSPHERE FLIGHT

Prof. Piccard's "Hot Air" Balloon Destroyed By Fire

BRUSSELS, May 25.

Professor Piccard's "hot air" balloon caught fire while being heated and was entirely destroyed. No one was hurt. The balloon had been filled to nine-tenths of its capacity then the air was heated by special burners in order to verify certain calculations about the cooling of air inside the envelope preparatory to Professor Piccard making an attempt to rise in the Stratosphere. It is believed that one of the burners caused the fire through coming in contact with a pocket or fold in the envelope while it was being held down to the ground due to a gust of wind. —Reuter's Special.

NO EXTENSION OF TRANSPORT STRIKE

LONDON, May 25.

The London bus strike was discussed at a two-hour meeting of the Executive Council of the Transport Workers Union after which Mr. Bevin said that the Council had concluded that the extension of the dispute to tram and troley-bus services would not achieve the desired end of shortening the dispute and had decided to resume responsibility for further conduct of the dispute and negotiations connected therewith. Meanwhile, the Council requests members to remain steadfast until otherwise instructed.

The final report of the Court of Inquiry on the dispute has now been issued. It suggests the establishment by agreement between the Union and Transport Board of a final Court of Investigation and Appeal on any matter where ordinary methods of negotiation have failed.—Reuter's Special.

INDUSTRY AND SCIENCE

Continued from page 6).

ratory and cognate institutions of those progressive countries and acquire direct knowledge of their purposeful experimentation and the close contact of the laboratory and the factory for mutual benefit. They may seek and obtain admission into their works and laboratories for India's well equipped youths for practical training so that the co-operation be of effective benefit to both. Indian advisers are of course aware of the long established Convention, that the sellers of finished products have acknowledged their obligation to accept the buyers youths for training. Very recently Finland secured such admissions through the London Chambers of Commerce. So did Iran with Russia, Afghanistan with Japan and China with Germany The deficiency of technical skill is thus made good betimes. If Indian businessmen in the full knowledge of the strength of their bargaining power fail to make up their industrial deficiencies, they would miss the prime essence of their mission and will miss the opportunity for long.

LLEWELLYN LOSES FIVE HOURS

CAIRO, May 25.

Llewellyn after leaving Tunis was forced to return owing to low oil pressure. He lost five hours and arrived at Cairo at 05/48 G.M.T. He stayed two hours and had the machine inspected, oil changed and then left for Khartoum.—Reuter

SURRENDER, OR WAR!

BAYONNE: May 24.

"Unconditional surrender or merciless war" is the gist of a note broadcast from Salamanca, in which any possibility of a truce is summarily dismissed in the most energetic terms.—Reuter.

BALDWIN'S LAST PUBLIC SPEECH

Talks About Commonwealth As Greatest Political Experiment

LONDON, May 24.

A remarkable demonstration of affection was accorded to Mr. Baldwin on the occasion of his last public speech as the Prime Minister at the Empire Day and Coronation Banquet in London presided over by the Earl of Athlone and attended by 1,200 guests, including members of the Cabinet, Empire Prime Ministers and Indian Princes.

When Mr. Baldwin rose to toast the British Commonwealth the audience sprang to their feet, (cheered and sang) "For he's a jolly good fellow".

Mr. Baldwin described the Commonwealth as the greatest political experiment ever, the success of which might mean much to making and the failure of which might mean disaster.

"The Crown is the one tangible link which cannot be broken. If it were which God forbid, would the Commonwealth hold together?"—he asked "Could (self-interest) keep us together"?

He said that trade did not necessarily mean friendship. People had quarrelled over trade in the past and might well do it again

"We want something more profound than trade In believing in the long that we will not hold together unless we recognise the common ideals, inspirations and love of freedom of the individual and the body politic."—Reuter.

PRESS AND BROADCAST

Newspaper Circulation Not Affected

LONDON, May 25.

The Empire Press Union Conference to-day listened to two addresses—one from Sir John Reith Director-General, B. B. C. on the relationship of broadcasting to the press and public, and the other by Sir Arthur Willert on foreign propaganda and broadcasting.

The former declared that Empire Programmes were not mere overflows from home programmes. In the sphere of overseas short-wave broadcasting they had problems analogous to that of naval armaments. Daventry was better than any other station in that respect, but they were unable to predict whether this will be so in nine months or a year.

PRESS NOT AFFECTED.

Sir John Reith contended that the B. B. C. news bulletins did not affect newspaper circulations which carried news of greater length. Sir Arthur Willert referred to wireless propaganda that the Italians were making against Britain especially in the Middle East, where they were putting out services in six foreign languages including Arabic. He suggested that the B.B.C. might employ Arabic in those parts of the world.

GERMAN AND ITALIAN PROPAGANDA.

Mr. Arthur Moore (India) mentioned that German and Italian broadcasts were picked up by the respective consulates at Bombay and Calcutta and distributed to newspapers. These were ignored by the English papers as coloured news, but the matter was different with Indian papers. They had the greatest admiration for the B.B.C. They in India did not think that broadcasting injured the newspapers. On the contrary probably it increased the demand for papers. Mr. Moore referred to the heavy delays in inland telegraph service which made it possible only to publish Monday's news on Wednesday morning.—Reuter

LONDON, May 25.

To-day's meeting of the International Rubber Committee was confined to routine matters. No communique has been issued.—Reuter's Special.

STOP PRESS.

GOVT. 'PLANES DESTROYED.

HENDAYE, May 25.

The destruction of four Government aeroplanes out of a squadron of seven which was en route to reinforce the Bilbao Air defence is claimed by insurgent sources. The remaining three machines are said to have been driven out to the sea and missing.

The seven 'planes were reported to have flown across the French Frontier yesterday and were believed to be part of a squadron of 17 machines which was sent back to Barcelona from France by the International Control authorities on Saturday.—Reuter.

Hitler's Adjutant Killed

BERLIN, May 25.

Captain Mantius, Hitler's Air Force Adjutant and his companion Sergeant-Major Henning were killed in an aeroplane which crashed between Kiel and Berlin.

Mantius was one of the three officers drawn from Army, Navy and Air Force, respectively who was attached to Hitler for special service to accompany him on all official occasions.—Reuter's Special.

JUTE WORKERS' GRIEVANCES

I. J. Mills Association Meet Bengal Labour Minister

CALCUTTA, May 25.

The Indian Jute Mills Association in a statement issued this afternoon contradicts a report published in a local paper to-day that "during the past week Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, the Bengal Premier, has met representatives of the Association and Labour leaders, and discussed the situation with them from various points of view."

The Committee of the Association officially declare that the statement is incorrect. The Committee sent no representatives to Mr. Fazlul Huq, during the past week.

The Committee, however, to-day met Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, the Labour Minister and Mr. A. Hughes, Deputy Secretary of the Government of Bengal, and had a full discussion with them on current labour problems.

NO VICTIMISATION

Amongst the matters discussed were the questions of alleged victimisation of Labour and the recognition of Employees' Trade Unions. As regards the former question the Labour Minister was handed a statement which made it clear that on the resumption of work at the Jute Mills after the recent strike there had been no victimisation of any kind. At the meeting the representatives of the employers indicated that if there were any genuine complaints on the score of alleged victimisation, they were to be prepared to take up each individual case and give it a sympathetic hearing provided that it was placed before them direct by the aggrieved workman himself.—A.P.

LABOUR LEADERS DEMAND INQUIRY

Labour Minister Closeted With Premier

CALCUTTA: May 25.

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, the Labour Minister, had fairly long talks this afternoon with the representatives of the Jute Mills' Association.

The Labour Minister also separately met the Labour leaders and apprised them of the contents of the statement submitted by the Jute Mills' Association. It is understood the Labour leaders stood by their complaints and expressed readiness to substantiate their allegations before an impartial committee of enquiry, which was envisaged in the Premier's statement of May 7 last.

CLOSETED WITH PREMIER.

The Labour Minister was closeted with the Premier for over an hour after this. It is understood the Premier expressed, his desire to meet the Labour leaders this evening, when he may indicate the decision of the Government in regard to the vexed question of jute strikers. The Labour leaders, will, it is understood insist on the Government's appointing a committee of enquiry, to go into all grievances of the workers and thereby redeem the promise made by the Premier on behalf of the Government.—United Press.

Jute Settlement Talks

CALCUTTA, May 25.

With reference to the letter alleged to have been written by Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister of Bengal, to one of his colleagues upon the subject of Government's policy with regard to the arrested jute mill strikers, the Associated Press understands on enquiry that events that have since happened definitely point to an almost immediate settlement of the dispute.

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Labour Minister, who arrived from Darjeeling this morning had a prolonged conference with Mr. Fazlul Huq while Mr. A. Hughes Commerce Secretary, met representatives of the millowners. The discussions that took place indicate that assurances given by the Premier to Strike leaders will be implemented to the entire satisfaction of all concerned.—A. P.

BOMBED & SET ON FIRE

Fate Of Spanish Govt. Warship

BAYONNE, May 25.

Salamanca Communique claims that according to Government sources ten bombs hit the battleship "Jaime Primero!" off Valencia set her on fire and put her out of action for some time.

The Basque delegation at Bayonne has stated that an unofficial commission of three British experts arrived in Guernica, investigated the bombing and telegraphed its deposition to Delvayo in Geneva.—Reuter.

PORTUGUESE REPLY TO BRITISH NOTE

Withdrawal Of Foreign Volunteers From Spain

LONDON. May 25.

No direct opinion about the withdrawal of foreign volunteers from Spain is expressed in the Portuguese reply to the British Government 'demarche,' but the difficulties likely to prevent its execution are pointed out. Italy and Russia have not yet replied. —Reuter's Special

BATSMEN CAUGHT UNAWARES

LONDON, May 24.

Sudden hot sunshine to-day following the recent rains caught batsmen unawares the bowlers having a harvest. North lost the last five wickets for 25 runs.

Robins with his spinners in one spell captured 3 wickets for 15 runs, Farnes took two for 9 runs. Clay bowled slow off breaks and in one spell took 3 wickets conceding just one run, his final analysis being 15.3/3/43/7.

Herman, fast bowler, had figures 33.3/12/57/7 and Sibbles, medium paced, captured 5 wickets for 31 runs in 19 overs, 7 of which were maidens.

Barber gave no chances in an innings lasting 170 minutes and hit ten fours.—Reuter's Special.

"Endeavour" For Newport

BOSTON, May 24.

The crew of "Nantucket" lightship report that a yacht believed to be "Endeavour" passed the lightship to-day. A Coastguard cutter is leaving at midnight to meet the Yacht, which is expected to arrive at Newport (Rhode Island) at 10-30 to-morrow.—Reu

LANCASHIRE LOOKS TO INDIA

Derby Pleads For More Import Of Piecegoods

LONDON, May 25.

A strong appeal to India was made by Lord Derby at the annual meeting of the Empire Cotton Growing Corporation at Manchester. He said:—

"While we are doing our best to help her agricultural population by taking her cotton, they must do their best by increasing the amount of finished goods they take from this country. We must try to do our best to get goodwill between the countries but goodwill has got to exist on both sides, not only one. All sections of Lancashire cotton trade are busier and the industry is generally in a sounder condition, but there is certainly no cause for complacency."

The recovery of Lancashire depended on the expansion of the volume of the export of cotton piecegoods which last year was less than half that of a decade ago. The real recovery could only be said to have been made when there was substantial improvement in that figure.

Lord Derby said that the Empire cotton crop in 1936 exceeded all records totalling 752,800 bales compared with 700,000 in 1935. He pointed out that Lancashire in 1935-36 had imported over half million bales Indian cotton, an increase of over 152 thousand on the previous season.—Reuter.

Fire-Fighters Battle With Flames For 3 Hours Without Effect

KARACHI: May 25.

A disastrous fire has broken out in a cotton godown in Bhalakia Mill. Fire engines have been fighting the flames for nearly three hours, but the fire has not loss of several thousands of rupees is feared.—A. P.

Viceroy's Speech At Cattle Conference

(Continued From Page 1)

requesting the Viceroy to inaugurate the All-India Cattle Conference.

Over eighty delegates, representing various provincial Governments and Indian States, were present at the Council Chamber at the Viceroy's House. The Conference began at 11-30 a.m.

Sir Jagdish, at the outset, extended a warm welcome to the Ministers from the provinces, the representatives of the Indian States, the representatives of the Government of India, and the experts and distinguished non-officials who had assembled today to concert measures for improving Indian livestock.

Viceroy's Speech

The following are extracts from His Excellency the Viceroy's speech at the opening of the Conference:

"The purpose of this gathering is that we may take counsel together upon the questions of what is best to be done in order to promote and early improvement and development of the livestock industry throughout India, in other words to consider what tical steps can be taken to secure the better breeding and feeding of Indian cattle. The subjects with which this Conference is concerned have for many years lain within the provincial sphere of administration. The opportunities for service open to the Central Government are now in the main limited to the fields of specialised instruction, research and the control and prevention of animal diseases.

It is also the duty of the centre to promote the exchange of information between province and province and to provide from time to time opportunity for the discussion of important problems and for the interchange of views of which the present occasion is, I venture to think, a happy example, and let me hasten to add that not the least valuable outcome of such a gathering as this is that it affords guidance to the Central Government as to the manner in which it can best serve the requirements of the whole country acting upon the advice of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research and of the Board of Agriculture and Animal Husbandry in India. Our equipment for this work has recently been extended by the strengthening of the central institution for animal research while, as Sir Jagdish Prasad has told you, our proposals for a central institution for higher veterinary instruction are now assuming definite shape.

OX CARRIES INDIA'S BURDEN

It is not necessary that I should remind an audience such as this that the ox is the foundation of India's agriculture. Indeed I am aware of no other single contribution which it lies within our power to make towards the enhancement of the agricultural wealth of this country, which, in its potential value, is in any degree comparable with the general improvement of livestock. It has been calculated that the total improvement of livestock. It India, if we include the annual value of cattle labour, dairy produce, manure and other products, is of the order of 1,300 crores of rupees.

It is impossible to overstate the importance to the agriculturists of India of an adequate supply of good working bullocks, for the bullock provides practically the sole source of power available to the cultivator, whether for cultivation, for transport or for the lifting of irrigation water, nor need I emphasise the value of cattle manure or the importance of the place which cattle dung used as fuel still holds in the domestic economy of a large proportion of the rural population, much as we may regret that fact.

The great importance of milk production whether produced by the cow or the buffalo, from the point of view of the country at large as well as from that of the cultivator himself, is now widely recognized

CATTLE FUND

After referring to the success of the Stud Bull campaign, His Excellency said:

The question of opening a Cattle Improvement Fund in each Province is therefore a matter in which I take the keenest interest. The purpose of these organisations would be the provision of adequate resources the creation of an organisation devoted to the proper care and maintenance of all approved stud bulls and ultimately I hope the provision of further suitable animals. The art of breed improvement must inevitably be founded upon the accurate recording of pedigrees.

BETTER GRAZING.

The provision of better grazing and the greater production of suitable fodder crops are two separate but closely related aspects of this great problem. The proposal of the Board of Agriculture and Animal Husbandry that each Province should set up a Grazing and Fodder Committee linked up with a Central Sub-Committee under the Imperial Council of agricultural Research will be submitted for your consideration as a practical way of making a start and at the same time of arranging for an interchange of information and experience. I cannot overstate my sense of the vital importance to India of this question of animal nutrition, for I believe it to be true to say that an essential step towards the better nourishment of man must be to improve the food supply of his animals.

ALL APPEAL TO SIMLA FOR MONEY.

After the departure of the Viceroy, the conference assembled to transact business with Sir Jagadish Prasad in the chair.

Sir Bryce Burt at the outset explained the implications of the proposal to set up suitable provincial cattle improvement funds.

Mr. M. C. Rajah, the Madras Minister, regretted that the response to the Viceroy's appeal had been disappointing in Madras, where only twenty bulls and three thousand rupees were donated. He appealed to the Government of India to make generous donations if they really wanted an improvement in cattle breeding.

This appeal to the Government of India was supported by Ministers from the Punjab, Bihar, Orissa and Bombay, while the United Provinces Minister hoped that if such a contribution was made by the Central Government, his province would get its share. Sir Chotturam, from the Punjab, asserted that in the matter of improving the breed of cattle, his province was probably the first in India, with an expenditure of about twenty lakhs a year.

ORISSA'S WOES.

Orissa's woes were ventilated by the Minister Mr. Patnik, who pointed out that there was not even enough milk for the children to drink in this province, while hardly any money was left of the subvention of forty lakhs for nation building services.

Sir S. T. Kambli, Minister for education, Bombay, claimed that his province contributed Rs 61,000 to the Viceroy's fund and asked the Government of India to set aside one crore of rupees to provide the nucleus for the provincial cattle improvement fund.

The Conference reassembled after lunch and several members participated in the discussion on the proposal for setting up suitable provincial cattle improvement funds.

Sir Bryce Burt summing up the discussion said that there was a good deal of agreement on the three main points put before the Conference.

Several speakers had applied for financial aid from the Central Government, and on this question, he was not in a position to say whether the Government of India would be prepared to make any contribution towards this work.

Sir Jagdish Prasad adjourned the conference till 10 a.m. tomorrow, when a draft resolution on to-day's discussions will be placed before the conference for adoption.—A.P.

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Steel Industry Development Plans

Saklatwala Unfolds Scheme

No New Share Capital: To Be Financed Out Of Earnings

Chairman Pooh-Poohs Rumours Of Ad-Interim Dividend And Warns Share-Holders "We Are Not Out Of The Wood Yet"

The annual general meeting of the Tata Iron and Steel Company Ltd., came off on Tuesday at their registered office, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Bombay, when Sir Nowroji Saklatwala presided.

Referring to the introduction of a profit-sharing scheme under which the employees would, after certain term of service, automatically receive a definite share in the profits of the Company above a moderate level, the chairman remarked:—

"It has been my custom for many years to express in these speeches our appreciation for the work done by our workmen and the staff. I had always had your sincere approval on such expressions, and I feel that I can equally count on your approval of the method which we have now adopted of giving practical effect to our appreciation. Our work-people and staff at Jamshedpur and throughout our organisation have worked well during the past year, and we take real pleasure in finding that the results for the year are such that under the scheme recently instituted each of them will receive 1 1/2 months pay as bonus." The bonus set apart was Rs. 20,00,000.

Comparing the present report with that of the last year, he observed, "you will observe that the profits available for appropriation is about eight per cent. higher than a year ago."

NO AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND.

To the rumours prevalent in the bazar and the suggestion made by some shareholders that an "ad-interim" dividend was to be paid to some kind of shareholders, the Chairman in his reply said that it was not advisable to depend upon rumours. They were not yet out of the wood, as they had still to pay large arrears to Preferred shareholders. Balance sheet was yet to be creamed up, and companies were liable to fluctuations and whirls and cyclones common to iron trade all over the world were well-known to those who had studied the trade.

He requested the shareholders not to clamour for it at present, and wait for at least two years, when they hoped their position would be firmly established.

To another suggestion made by certain shareholders to publish a "Progress Reports" similar to those published in certain newspapers in England and America, giving the revenue items of the respective companies, and issued monthly, quarterly or half-yearly, he said that at present they gave for publication figures of production. In view of all sorts of rumours flying about the Stock Exchange, the chairman approved the suggestion that certain of the revenue figures which would be helpful to the general investing public should be published; but as the matter was such which required to be deliberated with his colleagues, he promised to lay it before them at a future meeting.

DEPRECIATION PROVISION.

Mr. Shamdasani referring to the depreciation for collieries Block said that the Directors were making provision according to the size of the profits. The chairman agreeing with Mr. Shamdasani in this respect said that most of them might be surprised when he said that the policy pursued in this direction was rather haphazard. They had spent about two crores of rupees over collieries and the policy, as regards them, required to be further looked into.

With regard to fears expressed by a certain shareholder in the profits accrued, over the Agrico factory, producing picks, beaters, hoes and other tools, Sir Nowroji observed that they had certainly turned the corner.

The chairman agreed to give more details about items in the balance-sheet, as suggested by certain shareholders, but which they could not do earlier, as they had no time to settle down after the operation of the Indian Companies Amendment Act of 1936.

The distribution of a sum of Rs. 1,62,09,676-7-0 determined as dividend among the various classes of shareholders was as follows:

On First Preference Shares at Rs. 9 per share, on Second Preference Shares at Rs 7-8-0 per share, on Second Preference Shares at Rs. 7-10-0 per share, additional under Article 133 of the Articles of Association of the Company, on Ordinary Shares at Rs. 10 per share, under the abovementioned Article, and on Deferred Shares at Rs. 36-3-6 per share, under the abovementioned Article.

CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH

Development Plans For Future

The Chairman, in the course of his speech, said:

"If you compare the present report with that of last year, you will observe that the profit available for appropriation is about 8 per cent higher than a year ago. We consider this a satisfactory increase over what was previously our best year. I am aware that the increase in selling prices of steel since the end of 1936 led some of you to expect a bigger rise in our profits for the year than that which actually occurred. As we have explained in the report our deliveries during the last three months of the year ending 31st March were mainly against sales which had been arranged before any substantial rise in prices took place. The accounts before you show, therefore, only a limited part of the effect of the recent rise in selling prices. I wish you also to remember that about a third of our steel is sold under long term contracts under which we do not benefit from the rise in market prices. This applies for example, to rails and fishplates, to a large proportion of our billets and, with slight modification, to our sales of tin-bar; in addition to these, we have contracts still current for the sale of steel for engineering purposes at definite prices fixed before the recent rise.

"Apropos the unfortunate breakdown of our recent negotiations with the Indian Iron and Steel Company" he said, "The arrangements which were under discussions were necessarily complicated and involved difficult questions at many points. It was with great regret that we found that these difficulties could not be surmounted to the satisfaction of all parties. When, however, it was made clear to us that the prospects of a satisfactory issue to the negotiations had vanished, we found it necessary to consider immediately the steps which ought to be taken in the interests of your Company."

"In the schemes which had been under consideration with the other parties we had embodied several proposals for the development of the Steel Industry in India which your Company had at various times had under serious consideration as logical developments of the Jamshedpur Works. For the sake of securing the co-operation of other interests, we had been willing that these developments should be made at the new works which it was proposed to set up, in order that that works might be able to start operations on the basis of an economical production programme. We thought and still think that such an arrangement would in the long run, have been satisfactory to your Company and all concerned if the proposed joint Company could have been established. That, however, unfortunately proved impossible and there was no practical alternative in your interests but to arrange for the early development of the Jamshedpur Works in the directions indicated in the report."

The manufacture of tubes in India was the subject of negotiations between your Company and Messrs. Stewarts and Lloyds, the well-known British tube manufacturers, as long ago as 1920. By mutual agreement the scheme was kept in abeyance, but the Board of Messrs. Stewarts and Lloyds and your Board have during the last few months agreed that this scheme shall be revived and hope next year to be able to report to you that construction is well in hand. As a concomitant of the development of tube manufacture it is technically desirable and economical that we should equip ourselves to roll hoops and strips, for which there has, for many years, been a steady market in India. This field of production also formed part of the development plans of your Company several years ago, but its adoption had to be postponed. We now, however, propose to take it up and hope shortly to be able to meet most of India's requirements in this class of products.

NEW MILL INSTALLATION.

"Some of you will remember that during the Tariff Board Enquiry of 1933-34 we informed that Board and, through them, the public of our intention to instal a mill for the production of medium sections, heavy bars etc. and also to expand our production of sheets to a total of 140,000 to 150,000 tons per year. We had been willing to arrange that these parts of our programme should be taken over by the proposed new joint steel works if the negotiations could be satisfactorily completed. We now consider it necessary that these developments should be made at Jamshedpur, for which they are originally planned. In giving effect to them we have naturally considered carefully the very marked progress which has been made in recent years in the continuous method of rolling sheets in the United States. These new methods are now being applied in the United Kingdom, Germany and Japan. We consider that with the programme of production which we now have before us, this method can be profitably adopted in India and that it will, in fact, in a few years prove essential, if we are to maintain our ability to compete with the products of other countries which have adopted these methods. The adoption of this method of manufacture will enable us ultimately to produce sheets at the very lowest possible cost and in quantities which, as far as can be judged today, should make India practically independent of all imports of sheets.

"Such a programme necessarily involves certain other extensions. We must, for example, build a fifth large blast-furnace of the most modern type. The plans for this are already in an advanced stage. The programme will also require a large addition to our output of steel ingots; this can be obtained at relatively small expense by making minor additions to our existing ingot-producing plant which will considerably intensify the production.

NO NEW SHARE CAPITAL.

"We propose to finance this development out of our existing resources and our earnings during the next few years. We do not propose to raise new share capital for the purpose. And we are satisfied that we can complete the scheme by finance which will be available in the ways I have indicated during the next four or five years. There will thus be no long-term addition to our borrowings, but in order to ensure the liquidity of our ways and means position during the construction period we are arranging certain short-term borrowings on favourable terms.

PROSPECTS FOR THE FUTURE.

"In view of the rapid changes of the last few months, you will not expect me to make anything like a definite prediction about the prospects for the current year. It is well enough known to all of you that steel prices have risen greatly and it is obvious that such prices will increase the profits of your Company. Your Directors and I consider it important to take the opportunity thus afforded of strengthening the position of the Company both financially and by improved technical equipment. This is a question of such fundamental importance to the Company and, if I may say so, to the country that I wish to take this opportunity of explaining to you the policy which we are endeavouring to follow.

"When the Company had to lay its case before the Tariff Board in 1933 it was with genuine disappointment that your Directors found that, owing to the very severe competition which then existed and to the even severer competition which had prevailed during the previous few years, it was still necessary for the Company to ask for the continuance of protection. You will remember that protection on a reduced scale was continued from 1934 to 1941. We have made much progress in efficiency during the first three years of that period and we expect to make more during the remainder of the period. If we are able, in addition to this, to strengthen our financial reserves substantially, we expect that, short of an unforeseen economic set-back, we should be able to inform Government and the public of India in 1940 that we can face the future without protection, if reserve powers are maintained to meet dumping, should it arise.

"The assistance given to the industry has been vital to its preservation, and we gratefully recognise our obligation to the country to do all in our power to bring to an end the necessity for further protection by achieving further reductions in producing costs and increase in output and by additions to our reserves. It is our aim to utilise the results of the present market conditions for the fulfilment of this obligation to the country. The step which we must take to achieve this will also prove to be the most effective assurance of the Company's continued ability to meet its obligation to its shareholders, who for many years have received an inadequate return on the investments which made the industry possible.

"Although there is obvious justification for hopefulness about the immediate future, I hope you will keep in mind that, as I have indicated above, future profits will have to bear the incidence of heavy income-tax. Many of you will also be aware of the tendency towards a rise in the price of coal, the cost of which is one of our main items of expenditure, and in the prices of other materials which we must buy. And I need hardly stress the obvious fact that, just as steel prices have risen rapidly, so they may fall rapidly; experience has shown us only too definitely the necessity of following a careful policy even in good times.

He concluded with expressing a feeling of loss over the deaths of Sir Lalubhai Samaldas and Mr. C. P. Perin.

After the chairman replied to the several questions put by the shareholders the Directors' Report and Audited Balance-Sheet for the year ending March 31, 1937 were unanimously adopted.

After the election of certain Directors of the Company who retired by rotation and who were eligible for re-election and the transaction of the other routine business contained in the agenda, the meeting came to a close with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

"Pujarin" at the Roxy.

SECTION 144 AT BAREILLY

Sequel To Strained Relations Between Communities

(From Our Correspondent.)

BAREILLY, May 25.

Following the erection of a place of worship by Jatras (Harijans) the relations between them and Mohamedans have become strained. It appears Jatras built a raised platform for purposes of worship fifty yards away from a Mosque which led the Muslims to fear that it may eventually to be converted into a temple.

The city Magistrate apprehending a breach of the peace promulgated orders under Sec. 144 on five Jatras asking them to remove the platform within twenty-four hours. Police adopted other precautionary measures also to guard against eventualities.

SHAUKAT ALI AT SURAT

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, May 25.

Maulana Saukat Ali arrived here this morning with Mr. Abdul Rehman Sindhi from Broach. He was cordially welcomed at the station and conveyed to Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi's bunglow at noon.

He will visit Dumas in the evening and will deliver an address at 'Zina Maidan' explaining the aims and objects of the Muslim League.

SHANGHAI, May 25.

Doret and Minheletti who were forced to land at Fort Bayard, Kwangtun, owing to bad weather, are planning a continuation of their flight to Tokio.—Reuter's Special.

Congress Programme Will Lead To Breakdown Of India Act

C. P. MINISTRY'S BID TO WIN PEASANT SUPPORT IN PROVINCE

NAGPUR, May 25.

The dominant motive of the Government will be the amelioration of the lot of cultivating classes and measures directed to this end will be their main preoccupation, says the official statement outlining the programme laid down by the Government.

In devising ways and means for financing the programme requirements of sound finance will be borne in mind and no effort will be spared to ensure that the burden to the general tax-payer is minimised. The Government has already appointed an informal retrenchment committee to examine entire administrative order to find out what scope there is for reorganisation and economy. The examination is already in progress of cadres and conditions of service in the various services with a view to eventual reduction of scales of pay where possible and number of highly paid posts.

CHIEF MINISTER'S PREAMBLE

In his preamble to the Government programme the Hon'ble Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao, the Chief Minister, says that the aim and object of the Government is to harness the provincial constitution to a concrete and attainable ideal, and in its working to avoid misdirection of effort by raising extraneous constitutional shibboleths. He says that in planning any programme of economic and social reconstruction, no Government can afford to go astray from the straight path of financial rectitude. The real restraint on the freedom of democratic Government in the provinces is not so much the limitations imposed by Parliament under the Government of India Act, nor the special powers of the Governors, as the power which the money market can exercise for good or evil on the Government. It may not be realised by many that this power is greater than the electorate or the will of the people themselves.

The Congress Party's programme as a whole is, in the opinion of the Government, in capable of fulfilment without entailing a breakdown of the present revenue and financial systems, which have taken more than two generations to build up. The Government, therefore, desire to caution the people of the province against the revolutionary objectives of the Congress Party and the quixotic efforts to bring about a millenium which it has proclaimed it will bring about if it assumes office.—A.P.

SHOLAPUR'S 'NO' TO MUSLIM LEAGUER

Abdul Lateef's Remarks About Congress And The Sequel

SHOLAPUR, May 25.

Mr. H. M. Shah, Secretary, Congress Committee, wires:—

Khan Bahadur Abdul Lateef called a meeting of Musalmans at Sholapur on 24th at 9 p.m. for expressing his opinion on public situation.

Mr. Abdul Lateef and Khan Saheb Abdul Kareem Vakil irrelevantly attacked Congress.

Mr. Abdul Karim Lunje, Secretary Congress Committee asked permission to oppose. Many spoke supporting the resolution not to join Congress unconditionally and asking Congress to negotiate with Mr. Jinnha.

Mr. Lunje was given only 5 minutes. Mr. Lunje protested against insufficiency of time but requested the audience not to pass the resolution. The resolution was put to the audience. All voted against it.

Khan Bahadur quietly went to his car and left the meeting while many greeted his departure with "Inquilab Zindabad."

London, May 25.—It has been definitely established that Mrs. Lindbergh gave birth to a boy in a London clinic, where she has been registered under the name of Mrs. Charles, the husband's Christian name.—Reuter's Special.

'C. R. ON SUMMER SCHOOL BAN

Police Conduct Needs To Be Explained: Obvious Public Inference

MADRAS, May 25.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari has issued the following statement regarding the Kottapattam Summer School ban:—

"The Kottapattam incidents are now fairly well-known. It is not enough for those responsible that the ban order was passed and published under the signature of the Chief Secretary. If it is remembered that the so-called Ministers are responsible for the whole Government, and they function legitimately or illegitimately under the authority of the people, they should have hastened by now to give an explanation of the suspension of normal civil liberties. Otherwise they should frankly state that they have no responsibilities in the matter and tell us who is responsible.

"It is not enough to quote the Criminal Law Amendment Act following the practice of the old regime. The ban must be justified on its merits.

OBVIOUS INFERENCE

"Even more important than this is the need for explaining why the police were permitted to use force on the occasion of the arrest of persons who were ready and willing to be arrested. There can in this affair be no question of the dispersal of an unruly crowd. The intention of the police was obviously to arrest, and when the persons to be arrested were ready to be taken, why should there be beating and dragging?

"The obvious inference which the public can draw is that the intention of the authorities was to terrorise by frightfulness or satisfy the unnatural craving for cruelty which sometimes disfigures the human character when persons are placed in brief authority.

"The public expects a clear statement justifying the use of physical force such as was used, or a frank admission that the acts were unauthorised and proper notice taken by the officials responsible."—A.P.

ABOTTABAD RIOTS INQUIRY

Aged Witness Collapses Suddenly

ABBOTTABAD, May 25

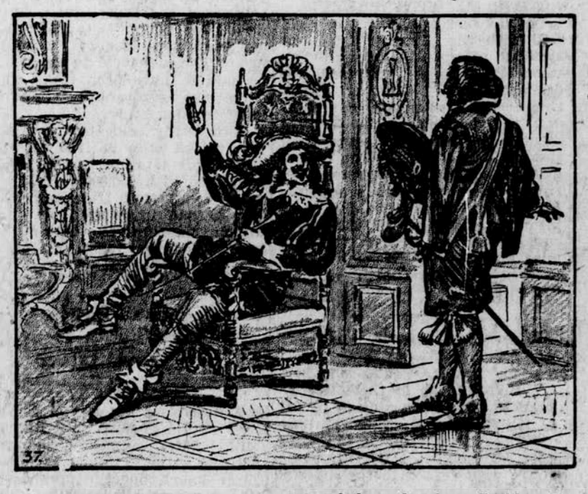
Nawab Sir Abdul Qaiyum, Chief Minister, visited Serai Saleh, the scene of the recent communal riot.

Interviewed he declined to express any opinion until the findings of the magisterial enquiry at present proceeding were available.

Haji Dost Mohamed, aged sixty, a landlord and father of Mohamed Dal, Munsif, while giving evidence before the District Magistrate in connection with the Serai Saleh riot is reported to have suddenly collapsed and died. Death is attributed to heart-failure.

The report has been received here that two Hindus were kidnapped from Paharpur (Dera Ismail Khan).—A.P.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS



37

SATISFACTION!

M. de Treville met the king, who was in high spirits, having just returned from a successful chase.

"But it is a victory, my dear Treville," he exclaimed, when the captain had made a full report.

"A complete victory. Three of my musketeers—one of whom was wounded—and a boy disable five of the cardinal's guardsmen. And this boy kills Jussac, one of the finest swordsmen in the country, that's impossible. His name is D'Artagnan. I must see this young man, perhaps I can do something for him, we will think it over. For the present I will thank them all four here at six o'clock. Loyal people must be rewarded, Treville."

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ROYAL REWARD!

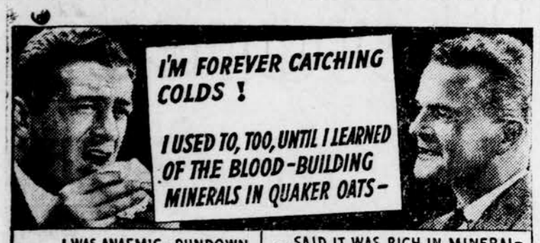
"Where is the Gascon?" asked the king, having with satisfaction mustered his three musketeers.

D'Artagnan, who had kept in the background, now stepped forward and had to narrate the morning's adventure in full detail.

"Good," said the king, "but my brave friends, now you will have to be content. Poor cardinal, five of his best men!

"If your majesty is content, we also are," said M. de Treville.

"Oh yes, I am," said the king, putting a handful of gold coins into D'Artagnan's hand, "here is a proof of my satisfaction."


I'M FOREVER CATCHING COLDS !
I USED TO, TOO, UNTIL I LEARNED OF THE BLOOD-BUILDING MINERALS IN QUAKER OATS-
I WAS ANAEMIC-RUNDOWN SUSCEPTIBLE TO EVERY ILL. THEN A FRIEND TOLD ME OF QUAKER OATS...
...SAID IT WAS RICH IN MINERAL-IRON AND COPPER AS WELL AS THE PRECIOUS VITAMIN B. LOOK AT ME NOW- NEVER SICK.

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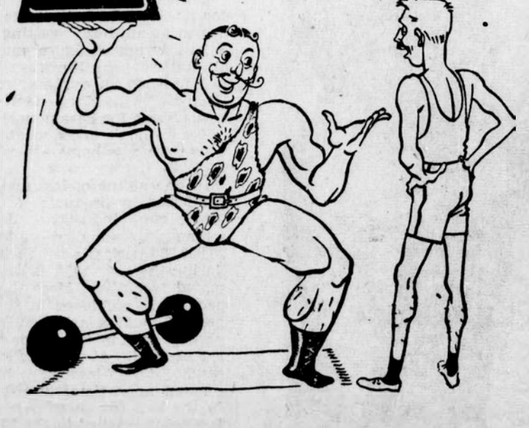

RIGHT! - BUT I'LL FIRST TRY A ...

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(Continued from page 14)

rupees, 65 rupees in land revenue and 40 rupees in indirect taxes such as tax on salt, kerosene, forest fuel and excise. In no country in the world prevails such a vicious system of taxation exacting from those able to bear the least the utmost.

There is yet another phenomenon in connection with the land problem that is also to be noted and that is the growth of the landless poor. His land went to the moneylender or to the rich landlord of the village because he could not meet the demand of the inexorable system of taxation or the exorbitant rent of the landlord. In 1872 there were only 75 lacs of landless labourers. To-day as a result of the economic crisis and the terrible fall in the prices their number has increased ten fold. To them living is a synonym of eternal starvation.

Now therefore the question, is how are you going to fight this battle of freedom. The Congress has to-day entered the legislatures n order to advance towards that goal. But every one is aware that freedom cannot be won through legislatures. Parliamentary tactics are only adopted in order to expose the hollowness of the socalled democratic constitution and thereby create better condition and proper time to develop and intensify the struggle outside the legislatures against those who yoke us to the chariot of slavery. Some of the Congress leaders look to legislatures as the means to that end. With that idea they are agitating for the acceptance of offices. Please note that office acceptance cannot lead to any advancement of our struggle. The real battle will have to be fought in the fields and the factories by the organised forces of the toilers on land and in mills. The organisation of the masses is, therefore the most important task of the moment.

How will you therefore organise. Obviously on an economic programme which will embody the answer to your day to day questions. The essential economic programme alone has galvanised the masses and mobilised them for effective action on the political front all over the world. For it is only through your economic and class organisations that you will become politically conscious and will be ready to fight for political ends.

Peasants Charter

I may here point out to you that the All India Kisan Sabha in its Faizpur Session has elaborated the Charter of Peasants Demands which is the best programme so far evolved in our country and which meets the basic and immediate demands, political as well as economic of the peasantry. This Charter and the determination to fight for it should form the inflexible basis of your Kisan Committees and Shetkari Sanghas. I therefore appeal to you to form such Sanghas of your own with the object of agitating and fighting for this Charter, together with your own local demands This may appear small issues but I am certain that your fight for them is an integral and vital part of the national struggle and he who tells you that that is not so is misleading not only you but is doing no service to the national cause.

At present the best manner in which you can carry on your fight is to bring pressure upon the Government through public meetings as well as demonstrations on the slogan of drastic reduction in revenue and rent to be replaced by graduated land tax upon net incomes of Rs. 500 and more (for a family not exceeding five). Declaration of complete moratorium on all debts owing by the peasants. Suspension of all coercive processes including attachments forfeitures, arrests, imprisonments, etc., issued for the collection of revenue arrears of takavi, co-operative societies, instalments and all government and semi-official dues. Issue of orders to the landlords and revenue, farmers forbidding the collection of any more rents from the tenants and instruct the revenue courts not to entertain any suit pertaining to; in order to promote such measures as will afford immediate relief to your pressing needs, at the same time we must agitate for those liberties and rights which will widen the area as well as facilitate your organisational activities. Your concrete demands must be the spear head of the political agitation against British imperialism. By your organised might, and power you must impress upon the premier political organisation in the country, the Indian National Congress to recognise your demands and embody them in its immediate programme. In this lies not only your salvation but that of the Indian struggle as a whole.

Before I conclude I must give you a warning. Ahead of you lies a mighty task. In striving for freedom of the country and yourselves you will encounter hardships and trials which will test your endurance and determination to the utmost. As the struggle developes you will have to come in conflict with various forces in the country. The admiring applause may vanish as you advance towards your final goal, for it is likely that your determined fight for your own interest and welfare may not lie to the liking of the "prosperous patriots." They may consider you as a nuisance. That will be the time to judge the "stout-hearted champions." If you want to live and fight successfully for the achievement of your goal then you must set about organising class organisations in order to fight for your demands by carrying ceaseless, selfless, undaunted propaganda and struggle among your brother peasants. Therefore Comrades, organise your own Kisan Sabhas, or Sethkari Sanghas and let your Kisan workers carry out the instructions issued by the All-India Kisan Sabha and carry on the struggle on the basis of trade unions.

Resist all tyranny and oppression in the villages whether by the officials or the money-lenders, or by the landlords.

OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued from Page 6).

chance of looking at their Majesties below when the crowning ceremony took place. The Peers and their wives, who were a picture of splendour and wealth, did not bother about the view of the ceremony inasmuch as they were content that they were inside the Abbey to chew the gum or to munch bars of chocolates in view of the three hours confinement to which they were subjected.

Democracy Or Aristocracy?

Owing to the vast crowds that had gathered on the pavements of the roads that led to the Abbey from Buckingham Palace, their Majesties were late in their programme of reaching the sacred place. The ceremony did not last more than three hours, but, I am afraid, unlike her Majesty, the King showed signs of fatigue and nervousness. It was a great problem to catch his words in response to the words of the Archbishop or those commanded to him in the name of the Church of England. His Majesty was almost inaudible whereas Her Majesty made herself well understood in all the four corners of the Abbey which was amplified by innumerable loud-speakers.

The Barons and Baronesses, the Peers and the Peeresses the great landholders and their wives were there in the Westminster Abbey along with the representatives of the moneyed class from all parts of the Empire and other foreign nations. We failed to witness the presence of the average Englishman or the presence of the average subject of their Majesties in the Westminster Abbey The ceremony of crowning their Majesties was thus confined to a chosen few whereas the drive of their Majesties before and after the ceremony was left to be witnessed by the man in the street.

The explanation is that though democracy has made many advances since the death of Edward the Confessor, British tradition falls back upon a sacrosanct place to crown its King and Queen in the Westminster Abbey. Perhaps, British democracy, in the view of Mr. Baldwin, the Archbishop of Canterbury and all those who have supported them in the present ceremony, is not inclined to take the view that a place like the Hyde Park can be consecrated a few days ago for the Coronation of its King and Queen!

Santiniketan Artist For Congress Session

SANTINIKETAN, May 24.

In response to a call from Mahatma Gandhi, Silpacharya Mr. Nandalal Bose, the famous artist, left for Bardoli last night, in connection with the selection of a site and planning for the next session of the Indian National Congress.

It may be recalled the services of Mr. Nandalal were requisitioned by Mahatmaji on the occasion of the last Congress session at Faizpur, and his work there elicited appreciation from Mahatma Gandhi and other prominent leaders.—United Press.

LUCKNOW: It is understood Sir J. P. Srivastava, Finance Minister and Mr. A. C. Turner, Finance Secretary, will attend the Finance Ministers Conference to be held in Bombay in the first week of June.

FIRE-PROOFING DEVICE

Forest Research Institute Pamphlet Explains New Method

SIMLA, May 24.

A press note says:—

It has been claimed by the Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, that properly designed timber houses give as much safety against fire as structures of any other kind. But how to build fire-resistant structures?

This is explained in a pamphlet on the subject just issued by the Institute.

It has been long accepted, even by steel and concrete enthusiasts that properly designed timber frames take more time to collapse in a fire than unprotected steel which warps and bends rapidly under heat, and allows the roof and walls to fall in. In Europe and America, timber is still much used for framing, roofing and flooring in mill and factory buildings. This is specially so in the vicinity of forest areas. In order to obtain the best possible fire protection with timber, there are certain well-established principles which should be borne in mind. These are capable of application without unduly raising the cost of a building, while ensuring durability and low cost of maintenance.

These are several types of timber building construction available, the type used varying with the requirements of industrial processes or the accommodation required.

Sixteen principles of fire-resistant timber construction that are based on research as well as long experience are given in the pamphlet.

HINDI WORK IN MAHARASHTRA

Pracharaks Confer At Poona

(From A Correspondent)

POONA, May 23.

The Maharashtra Hindi Prachar Sammelan was held on Saturday, May 23, in the Sarvajanik Hall, Poona, under the presidency of Mr. Kakasaheb Kalekar.

Delegates from all parts of Maharashtra including the C. P. Maharashtra and the States attended the Sammelan.

Mr. Dattopant Potdar, the well-known scholar of Maharashtra, welcomed the delegates.

The President, in the course of his address, emphasised the need of propagating Hindi—Hindustani as the national language, and made a fervent appeal to the public of Maharashtra to study Hindi in earnest.

The President made a number of suggestions in this connection, and urged that the movement must be made an all-party one, and that the help of the leaders of all sections should be sought, irrespective of their political and social views.—A.P.

MUSLIMS' WARNING TO CONGRESS

Don't Use Land For Holding Conference

HOSHIARPUR, May 23.

The Secretary, District Congress Committee, Hoshiarpur, wires that the Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress has approved of the suggestion of the Hoshiarpur District Congress Committee to hold the annual session of the Provincial Political Conference at Garhdiwala (Hoshiarpur) on 17th, 18th and 19th of September next.

The District Congress Committee had decided to hold a political conference on 24th and 25th May at Jangi Baba Mahi Shah, Tahsil Dasuya, on the occasion of a big Muslim fair going to be held there, in pursuance of the Congress policy of penetration among the Muslim masses, and had invited nationalist Muslim leaders to address the gathering.

The Secretary has now received a registered notice signed by two Mohammedan gentlemen styling themselves as owners of the fair area, warning the Congress not to hold the political conference there and do propaganda against the Government.—United Press.

Mr. G. V. Deshmukh Returned To Assembly

NAGPUR, May 24.

Following the scrutiny of his nomination paper, which was found valid, Mr. G. V. Deshmukh, the Congress nominee, who was the only candidate, was returned to-day to the Central Legislative Assembly from Nagpur Division, non-Mohammedan Constituency.

The bye-election was caused by the resignation of Dr. N. B. Khare, who was elected to the Provincial Legislature.—P.

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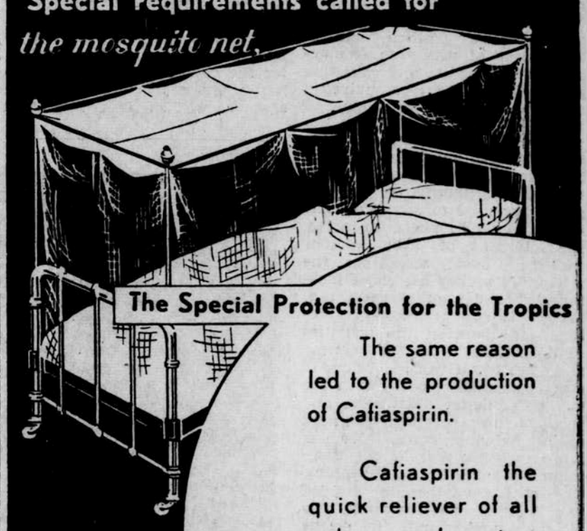

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The same reason led to the production of Cafiaspirin.

Cafiaspirin the quick reliever of all aches and pains, is so composed as to best suit the special needs of tropical climates and is therefore:

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Mainly About Motion Pictures

Leela Chitnis who stars in 'Insaf" coming to West End Cinema next Saturday

"INSAF"

At West End Cinema

(CONTRIBUTED.)

Leela Chitnis, the star of Prabhat's "Beyond the Horizon" and Huns Picture's "Chhaya" will be seen in a novel role in Daryani Productions' latest picture "Insaf" which will be released at the West End Cinema next Saturday, May 29.

The drama evolves to a thrilling climax through a series of exciting situations that arise as a result of a beautiful woman's determination to avenge the murder of her husband at the hands of the Prince of a State who, inflamed by her dazzling beauty, casts covetous glances at her. The court, which tries the Prince for the offence, sentences him to three years' imprisonment with an order to pay Rs. 50,000 to the woman. This disparity between the crime and punishment drives the woman to a determination, to avenge her husband's death. She then pretends to accept her love, and getting him fully under her control, manages to kill him and the whole royal family.

Srimati Durga Khote in "Pratibha" booked for the Majestic.

KARNATAK'S FIRST CANARESE PICTURE

Chiranjivee

(CONTRIBUTED.)

With Popular Artistes: Chiranjeevi or the Immortal, the maiden Kannada talkie of the Karnatik Talkies, now fast nearing completion at the Saraswati Studios Poona, depicts the mythological episode of Markandeya.

Devadu Narasimha Sastry, M.A the author of the screen adaptation, also appears in the picture as Mrikandu. Mudavudu Krishna Rao of stage fame plays the role of Yama while Kumar Narayan of Nachiketa fame as Markandeya. Others in the cast include Master Basavaraj Mansoor, R. S. Murty, Sri V. Sundaramma, Parvati Devi and Miss Amirian Karnataki.

Mr. H. K. Seshagiri Rao, the disciple of the late Vidwan Varadachari of Mysore, is in charge of music section, while the picture is directed by Mr. K. P. Bhave of Maharashtra.

"Beyond The Horizon" to be released soon at the Krishna.

NEW SUGGESTIONS

For Film Producers

(From A Correspondent.)

The largely attended Prabhat Convention at Coronation Hotel, Delhi held on Sunday the 16th May morning under the auspices of the Empire Talkies Distributors, was presided over by Principal M. S. Shahani, Warden of the University Law Hall, Delhi. Many leading distributors and exhibitors of Delhi and U. P. were present. The Convention was organized by Mr. Damodar K. Pancholi.

In his address principal Shahani said "I appear here as layman at the invitation of the organizer without any knowledge of the inner life of the cinema world. But I do realise that the cinema has become an integral part of modern civilization. An American Professor who conducted a detailed inquiry into the matter has recently reported that college girls in America are dividing their pockets money equally between lip-sticks and the things of that sort on the one hand and the cinema on the other. In our country things have not become so serious but there is no denying the fact that in our towns and to certain extent even in our villages the cinema has come to stay. The drama appeal has always been powerful in this country ever since the time of which we have no record. In modern times the cinema is fast taking place of the drama. The market for the cinema is not local but a world wide one. Producers therefore are in a better position to invest large sums of money in employing superior artists and collecting themes which have a universal appeal.

The cinema like every other institution, "continued Mr. Shahani, has internal organization. A distinguished authority on the criminal law used to say that "The interests of the robbers are sacred, the interest of the persons robbed are doubly sacred but the interest of society are three times sacred." I do not suggest that there is any unnecessary resemblance between the activities of the robbers or the cinema magnates but it will be obvious to every layman that as between the trio of producer, distributors and the exhibitors there is urgent need of internal adjustment. Each is liable to think that he is more important and less dispensable than others and therefore entitled to a lion's share of the profit. Now I do not understand the details of the controversy which has disturbed the internal life of this trio but it does seem to me as the layman that the news proposals of the Prabhat Co. are a step in the right direction. To do away with minimum guarantee, to stop the sale outright to any individual or group and finally to indemnify the exhibitors against bonafide losses argue confidence in the quality of the pictures which Prabhat produces. Speaking as a layman again I cannot help feeling that the aim of the Cinema producers as of all producers should be quality and not merely cheapness as our poets said "He that aims at excellence is sure to attain mediocracy, but he that aims at mediocracy will probably fall far below."

Mr. T. K. Uttamsingh of Empire Talkies Distributors then read the telegrams and messages of good will from exhibitors and producers from all parts of India who could not personally attend the Convention.

Mr. Damodar K. Pancholi thanking all present explained the Prabhat policy. He also mentioned that Empire Talkies Distributors and other producer M. S. Wadia movietone are very seriously considering the matter of adopting the policy of Prabhat.

On behalf of U. P. exhibitors Sardar Thakursingh explaining the grievances of exhibitors thanked Prabhat for taking the bold step. Other speakers who thanked Prabhat and Empire Talkies Distributors included Mr. Tipnis, Mitter, Narsingham, Radhakishan, Bajatia, Puri, Balbirsingh and Kirparam.

"ACHHUT-KANYA"

Revived At The Opera

(CONTRIBUTED.)

At a time when the local Indian film market is rather dull the revival of Bombay Talkies great film "Achhut Kanya' at the Royal Opera House has been generally welcomed. Universally recognized as the greatest Indian picture of the last year, "Achhut Kanya" needs no introduction to film fans in Bombay or anywhere else. Over a lakh saw it during its initial run of twenty weeks at the Roxy and since then it has been shown atleast thrice at some of the smaller cinema houses, each time with great success. After its Roxy run, however, it is the first time that it is being shown at the premier cinema like the Opera House. Thousands who had been waiting for the opportunity to see Devika Rani's greatest achievement once again as well as those who could not for some reason see it during its previous runs will no doubt now flock to see it Devika Rani's superb performance and those fine duets of hers with Ashok Kumar, not to mention the technical qualities, certainly merit another visit to see this film. Cine-goers would no doubt notice that while many efforts have recently been made to imitate "Achhut Kannya"—in theme, songs, situations—the original still stands supreme.

Added attraction along with "Achhut Kanya" are the news reel showing the Coronation and the film of Emden's visit to Bombay.

Kumari Moti in "Sarojini" (Vineet Pictures)

"JAGIRDAR"

Opens At The Roxy

(CONTRIBUTED)

Beautiful, impressive and magnificently acted against a realistic and moral background of modern times "Jagirdar" Sagar Movietone's great social opens at the Roxy next week.

Original in conception and pathetic in presentation "Jagirdar" as a tale that may happen to you and to me. A thrilling and dynamic romance is woven round the life of the young Jagirdar Surendra, who falls desperately in love with Neela a poor playmate of his village. Against the will of his parents, the young Jagirdar takes beautiful Neela for his wife, maintaining secrecy which was destined to prove strongly suicidal to all concerned. Narayanlal a local celebrity who had also schemes for Neela is turned down by her and on the very threshhold of her new found happiness, Neela creates in Narayanlal a bitter enemy who would pursue his object through thick and thin. Fate stops in and takes the young Jagirdar away on a foreign tour. The tears of parting have hardly dried, when Neela receives the shocking news of a disaster at the sea in which the Jagirdar is supposed to have been drowned. Neela is now a wife without a husband and a mother without a family. And now Society steps in with its usual callous methods. Abandoned by friends, thrown out by everyone, pushed about and abused by the world Neela persuaded herself to end her life rather than allow her little babe to be born without a name. But a poor farmer saves her by marrying her and giving a respectable though rustic name to the little one that was to come into the world with so strange a reception. Years roll on years of faint memories for Neela and one day the Jagirdar returns to the village, very much alive sound in health. And now the drama begins. The past has come out of the darkness to them, its cruel shadows to the present and makes the future miserable for Neela and her son.

With Motilal in the lead, giving a splendid performance and Surendra singing lilting duets with Bibbo the picture has become at once beautiful and entertaining. Then there is Maya, the new find of Sagar's who signals her debut into the filmworld with a triumphant success by supporting Motilal as his love maid. Ably directed by that clever young man Mehboob 'Jagirdar' can certainly be called an attractive picture with plenty of entertainment and thought provoking material.

"Narad" by Basuraj Mansoor in the Canarese Talkies "Charanjiva"

Kumari Sarla Devi in "Zambo" (Bhavnani productions) to be shown at the Super.

"PUJARIN"

At The Roxy

(CONTRIBUTED)

Whenever New Theatres Ltd's picture is released in Bombay there is always stir in film circles. Last week, New Theatres' "Pujarin"—released at the Roxy Talkies, broke all previous records in the history of Roxy. This long-awaited picture from New Theatres has been greately appreciated amongst the film fans of Bombay.

"Pujarin" is a marvellous story from the pen of Bengali's foremost of writers—Sjt. Sarat Chatterjee cleverly moulded into a touching melodrama is being presented on the silver screen.

There will be a special Zanana Show for ladies to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.

(Continued from Col. 7).

woman at Paramount has the meanest task. She is Helen Percey, head of the studio library, and it's her job to answer a thousand or so crazy questions a day in order that films may be historically correct.

HOLLYWOOD ODDITIES

With Hollywood searching for new settings for romance and adventure, theatre audiences throughout the world are being literally taken on a world tour in the film fare pouring from the movie capitol.

Audiences will be taken to Hawaii in "Waikiki Wedding" which stars Bing Crosby, as the romantic isles form the background of his new hilarious comedy.

In "The General Died at Dawn" theatre goers saw a glimpse of modern China, while at present the audiences are located in the Malay Peninsula with Dorothy Lamour's first picture, "The Jungle Princess".

Frank Capra takes them to Tibet in "Lost Horizon," while "The Charge of the Light Brigade" takes them to the shores of the Black Sea.

"The Garden of Allah" carries the audiences to the Near East while "Under two Flags" brings them on into Africa.

Gary Cooper's "Souls at Sea" transports them back across the Atlantic ocean although there is a side trip into Austria in "Champagne Waltz" with Gladys Swarthout.

Cecil B. DeMille picks them up on the Atlantic seaboard and takes the crowds to the early American frontier for "The Plainsman" where "Ramona" picks them up and brings them back to good old California's Hollywood.

Of course, there are other side trips. For example if they wish to come from the Atlantic coast to California by boat, DeMillo's new one coming up "The Buccaneers" will take them to the Carribean Sea and the Gulf of Mexico while "Swing High, Swing Low" (Carole Lombard and Fred MacMurray's co-starring epic) brings them on through the Panama Canal.

Maybe you don't have quite so much fun world-touring through the movies, but it's certainly lots cheaper!

Earle Foxe recently met his 200th screen death and it was the most lingering one of his career.

"Tukaram" at the Central 24th Week.

"THE PRESIDENT"

9th Week At The Krishna

(CONTRIBUTED)

The "President" is running its ninth week at the Krishna. The story of this deals with mechanics, millhands and mill atmosphere.

There comes a common mill worker—a designer in sarees who by his own peculiar way of life impresses the President with the mark of love—she in that particular moment feels that she is a woman—a woman young, charming and beautiful. She then realises what love is—she understands the position of the workers. But then the story turns to another young and beautiful Sheila—the younger sister of the President. The worker with whom she was in love, falls in love with Sheila in strange and peculiar circumstances. Both the sisters who love each other like anything are the rivals in love. —What happens?

The cast includes Kamalesh Kumari as the President Leela Desai who with her charming way wins the hearts of the fans. You see Saigal as the designer at his best—his songs-hits are marvellously pleasing—Nawab with his histrionic talents captures the hearts of the audience. Together you see Jagadesh, B.A. Kalyani and Bikram Kapoor doing justice to their roles.

Music by Sjt. R. C. Boral is really wonderful and dialogues are the best pieces of literature.

The well-known character actor spent six hours on the floor during the filming of scenes for Paramount's "Murder Goes to College" in which Lynne Overman, Roscoe Karns, Marsha Hunt and Buster Crabbe are featured.

Foxe started out as a musical comedy star but Hollywood turned him into a movie "heavy" and now he is more or less resigned to his roles. "Long ago I stopped kicking about it," he declares. "I have been well paid for being murdered and my 'deaths' have produced a good living for me."

All that we can say, is he certainly looks prosperous!

* * * *

Warren William boasts he's a thoroughly normal and usual person in a town which spotlights the out of the ordinary—but there's one eccentricity he admits. A nervous sleeper, Warren has developed the habit of waking around 3 a.m. reading for an hour, then resuming his rest.

While the unusual practice doesn't seem to bother the actor's health at all, he's getting gray haired trying to figure out how it all started. By the way Warren just finished an exciting role in "Outcast" with Karen Morley and Lewis Stone for Paramount.

No, we don't know what Warren does if he gets home after 3 a.m.

* * * *

In one of the oddest and least publicized by-products of the motion picture industry, Hollywood screen players mailed a total of 20,000,000 portraits to their fans during the year 1936, it was estimated recently. More than 500 people are employed in the business of making and mailing fan photographs in the movie city.

Fan mail at the Paramount Studio, it was learned, has increased approximately 500 percent in the last few months over the low point reached in the 1932 depression and is still mounting skyward. Despite the fact that December is usually the lowest point for fan mail, last December was the highest month of 1936.

It looks like the depression is over in Hollywood! (we hope).

* * * *

Most of us think our jobs are the toughest in the world but

(Continued In Col. 5)

PENSIONED OFF A FIT MAN

Rigours Of Police Life Did Not Harm Him

WOULD NOT MISS HIS KRUSCHEN

At 50 years of age he was presumed to be beyond the arduous demands of police duties. But was he? Read what he says now—five years after he was pensioned:—

"I am a man of 55 years. It is now five years since I was pensioned off from the ——— Police. I went through thick and thin, day and night in all weathers, while I was in the Force, and am to-day as fit as any man still serving in the Force. People often ask me 'Why are you remaining so young?' and my answer is 'Kruschen Salts'. I have used Kruschen Salts now for the last 13 years, and I will certainly use these Salts until I am leaving this world."

—W.J.

The six salts in Kruschen provide just that gentle daily aid your internal organs require to enable them to perform their work properly. These vital salts keep your liver and kidneys in a top-notch of efficiency, so that they free your system of all poisonous waste matter and, consequently, cleanse and refresh your blood.

And Kruschen's gentle but positive action is more than merely purifying—it has a direct tonic effect upon your blood, too, and, through your blood-stream, upon every fibre of your body—fills you with a bracing sense of energetic fitness.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

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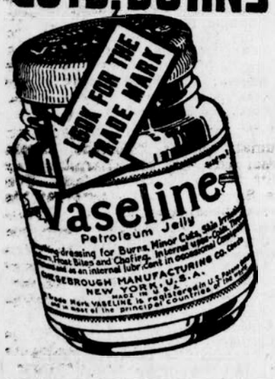

Municipality Wins Test Case

C. P. M. Holds Commissioner Has Right To Fix Licence Fees For Mutton-Stalls

The first of the series of seventy-two cases filed by the Bombay Municipality against meat Stall-holders for conducting their premises without licences from the Municipal Commissioner, tried as a test Case by Sir Hormuzdiar P. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, resulted in the conviction of Abdul Rehman Mehebub who was ordered to pay a fine of Rs. 30.

DETAILS OF CASE

In this case Abdul Rehman Mehebub, stall holder in the Adamji Peerbhoy Private Market was charged before the Honorary Presidency Magistrate with an offence committed under Section 411 of the Municipal Act to wit: conducting a meat stall on March 1, 1937 without a licence issued by the Municipal Commissioner.

It was urged before the Honorary Magistrates that important legal issues were involved and with their permission an application was made to the Chief Presidency Magistrate to hold the trial of the case in his Court.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate after hearing arguments took the case on his board for hearing and disposal.

MAGISTRATE'S ORDER.

The Magistrate in the course of his order passed on Tuesday recapitulated the facts of the case and observed that in his opinion the Municipal Corporation had the right to increase or decrease the scale of licence fees to be paid by meat stall holders. In this instance the original fee of Rs. 10 was raised to Rs. 25 on an application made by the Municipal Commissioner to the Standing Committee. The resolution was then examined by the Law Committee and finally it was sanctioned by the Municipal Corporation.

In March 1936 intimation was given to the stall holders by the Municipal Commissioner that the Licence fee would be increased to Rs. 25 and that the sanction of the Municipal Corporation was awaited. The Corporation gave its sanction approving the increase of the fees for the year 1936-37 as from 1st April 1936.

ACCUSED'S FAILURE.

The accused was called upon to pay the enhanced fees but he declined to comply. He, however conducted the stall without a licence from April 1, 1936. The accused denied that battake was beaten and further that on March 1, 1937 he was conducting the stall, the Magistrate did not accept the defence plea and held that the evidence of Inspector Talwalker given on oath was conclusive proof of proper intimation having been given to the accused and that on March 1, 1937 he was actually conducting the stall.

For the defence. It was contended that the prosecution had not been properly initiated. On this issue the Magistrate cited the authorities and held that the Municipal Commissioner had delegated his powers to the Deputy Commissioner and he in turn had authorized the Market Inspector to file the case.

The Magistrate continuing observed that he was satisfied on the evidence that the accused conducted the meat stall and convicted him.

A SUGGESTION.

The court then made a suggestion to the defence Counsel in regard to the rest of the 71 cases. It was proposed that the accused should pay Rs. 25 for the licence for 1936-37 and Rs. 25 for the licence for 1937-38 under protest, and in the event of the High Court reversing the judgment of this Court, the Municipality should undertake to refund the difference of Rs. 15.

Both Mr. Clubwalla and Mr. Godinho asked for time to consult their respective clients and the cases were accordingly adjourned to-day (Wednesday) at 11-30 a.m. against 71 other accused.

The Court room which was crowded with members of the Mutton trade, received the judgment calmly and left the Court with their leaders.

Rajen Babu Back At Patna

PATNA, May 25.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, who has been in Bhagalpur to arbitrate in the Mrs. Lila Singh Trust Dispute, returned to Patna this morning. It is understood that no decision has been reached, and that he is shortly leaving for Bhagalpur again.—A.P.

UNEARTH THAT 'MURDER CLUB'

What Are Police Doing With All Their Powers To Check Outrages, Asks C. P

MADRAS, May 25.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari has issued the following statement:—"I do hope that no time will be lost in making it clear to ignorant and fanatical members of all communities that good and decent men abhor and condemn murderous outrages on innocent people of which we have had at least three terrible examples during the last few days. Something like a "murder club" must be working behind the scene, which it is the duty of the police to lose no time in unearthing.

I hope my fears are not well-founded, but crimes without provocation so rapidly following one another must be explained. The public expect the officials charged with peace and the investigation of crimes to take measures to prevent such happenings in a city like Madras.

What is the use of all the power that is given to the police, if crimes like these have to be tolerated?"—A. P.

Stray Assaults Continue: Otherwise, Situation Well In Hand

MADRAS, May 25.

Except for a number of stray assaults, the situation in the disturbed area of Perambur appears to be quietening down. A hut, however, was set on fire during the night at Dashamakhan, but whether this has any connection with the communal tension is not yet konwn.

The police this morning held an inquest on the body of the man who was found dead at the Triplicane Beach on Sunday evening at the conclusion of a meeting held to celebrate the Prophet's day.

Death By Multiple Injuries

The police Inspector who was at the meeting was examined and stated that he saw a Muslim bleeding from a number of injuries, who told him he had been stabbed by some Muslims. Witness had the injured man removed to the General Hospital. He then saw the deceased on the sands in a pool of blood with knife injuries on his body.

The Panchayatdars returned a verdict of death by multiple injuries, probably caused by Muslims.

A similar verdict was returned at the inquest on the body of Kannappa Chetty, a Hindu vendor, who was fatally assaulted on Strahans Road on Sunday evening, while pushing his handcart along the road offering tamarinds and chillies for sale.—A. P.

SITUATION AT SHIKARPUR

Deputation To Wait On Chief Minister

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, May 25.

The Chief Minister Sir Gulam Hussain returned this morning after a three-day visit to Shikarpur. A representative of the local Shikarpuri Panchayat, who also visited the place returned this morning and met members of the Panchayat and appraised them of the situation at Shikarpur. It was decided at a meeting to wait in deputation on the Chief Minister in order to ascertain what measures had been taken to safeguard Hindu life and property and to urge their continuance.

It is understood that a large number of Shikarpuris have suspended business in the City.

Yesterday passed off peacefully and confidence is being gradually restored.

NOVEL STRIKE TECHNIQUE

Strike Chauffeurs "Kidnap" Cars

SHANGHAI, (By Mail).

New strike technique was introduced in Shanghai when some 300 chauffeurs of the Ford Hire Service, which operates the largest fleet of taxi-cabs in China, "kidnapped" 80 cars after deciding to walk out in sympathy with a dismissed colleague.

The cars, which were driven to a point miles outside the International Settlement, were held as "hostages" but were returned to their stations on the intervention of the Chinese authorities.—Reuter.

Madras Free From Cholera

Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The Town and Port of Madras have been declared to be free from cholera from May 20.

MOB RAIDS LABOUR COLONY

Sequel To Police Order To Vacate Site

NEW DELHI, May 25.

A large mob raided yesterday the colony of labourers at Nabikarim Graveyard and pulled down, it is alleged, their thatched huts.

On receiving information the Superintendent of Police with a posse of constables reached the scene but the raiders had already disappeared. This raid is stated to be a sequel to a police order of last week asking labourers to clear out, as the existence of huts on the ground of the graveyard meant the desecration of graves, which was resented by a section of the public. It is further learnt that after the police order for evacuation, the majority of labourers moved to another plot, provided for them by Municipality, free of rent.

It is alleged that yesterday's raid was inspired by people who had illegally taken possession of the graveyard and rented a portion of it to labourers. A temple, which is stated to have been demolished by the raiders, was a temporary clay platform erected privately on the ground of the graveyard. Police investigations are proceeding. There have been no arrests hitherto.—A.P.

MANGALOREAN RECREATION CLUB

Appeal For Funds For Pavilion

The Bombay Suburban Mangaloreans organised a picnic to Versowa on Sunday last. The party consisted of over 100 persons including many ladies and children.

Mr. M.D'Cunha addressing the picnic party said that the function was a success because of the efforts of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Coelho, Mr. and Mrs. J. Perreira and Mr. and Mrs. L. R. D. Coelho and Mr. and Mrs. Frank DeSouza. But the seed of co-operation had been sown in the suburbs by the Mangalorean Recreation Club of Bandra, which, he said, Mangaloreans must strongly support by active interest and funds. He appealed to the community for help towards the scheme of a pavilion which the club was contemplating.

Messrs J. T. Coelho, L. R. D Coelho and C. A. Rebello also spoke.

SHOOTING OUTRAGE AT QUETTA

Assailant Overpowered And Taken In Custody

PATNA, May 25.

A shooting outrage occurred last night in the heart of Quetta City when an Indian Christian named David is alleged to have fired four revolver shots at point blank range at another Indian Christian named Jemadar Smith of the Mechanical Transport Company.

He missed with the first three shots. The fourth, however, hit Smith on the shoulder. Sub-Inspector Balwantsingh of the Quetta Police who was near the scene of the incident quickly overpowered the assailant, who was taken to the police lock-up.

Smith was removed to the Indian Military Hospital, where he is progressing.

The police are reported to have recovered six rounds of ammunition when David was searched. Further investigations are being made.—A.P.

Send-off To Kasturbhai

AHMEDABAD, May 24.

On the eve of his departure for England as adviser to the Government of India on the Indo-British trade negotiations, the president and members of the Millowners Association gave an "At Home" to Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai this evening.

Seth Kasturbhai is leaving for Bombay to-morrow and will sail from there for England on May 27.—A.P.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 14 POINTS DOWN

Silver Firm But Gold And Wheat Quiet

BOMBAY, May 25.

On Tuesday crossrates ruled quiet

NEW YORK COTTON EASY.

New York cotton was easy on general liquidation.

SILVER FIRM.

London gold was quiet but silver was firm.

WHEAT STEADY.

Wheat was steady. Base metals were steady. Jute was quiet.

SECURITIES IMPROVE.

The London Stock Exchange ruled somewhat steady on better support. Giltedged securities were improving.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1937

New York, May 25.

Previous closing	12.72
To-day's opening	12.68
Difference	—04
To-day's closing	12.58
Difference	—14

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1937

Liverpool, May 25.

Previous closing	7.09
To-day's opening	7.11
Difference	plus 02
To-day's closing	7.07
Difference	—02

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 237
New April May	Rs. 241

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, May 25.

Rain report in the western dry area, favourable crop prospects and inactivity of spot situation were the chief contributing factors to the decline in the New York cotton market where prices sagged considerably.

The session opened trading in October option at 12.68 i.e. 4 points lower than previous closing. The market later declined on liquidation and profit-taking induced by poor Liverpool cables October touched 12.65.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.58 with a decline of 14 points for May delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 25.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (12.91/12.91) 12.78/12.77
October (12.81/12.80) 12.68/12.68
December (12.79/12.79) 12.67/12.67

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 25.

American October (7.17)	7.09
American December (7.20)	7.12
Egyptian March (10.58)	15.70
Egyptian May (10.73)	10 88

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, May 25.

Broach cotton for July August delivery moved between Rs. 239 and Rs. 238-4. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 238-8.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 25.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-7 1/2) 1-6 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-3) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2 1/2) 2-2 1/2

JUTE

New Crop May June (£22 3/8 sellers) £22 1/4 sellers
Dunlop May (£25 1/2 sellers) £25 1/2 sellers.
Lightning May (£24 sellers) £24 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (10 1/4 buyers) 10 1/16 buyers
Forward July September (10 1/2 paid and value) 10 5/16 buyers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay May June (£14 1/16 sellers) £14 1/16 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta May June (£14 3/4 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata May June (£13 3/16 sellers) £13 1/8 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal May June (£14 3/16 sellers) £14 1/8 sellers.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 25.

Liverpool wheat opened July 113 5/8 October 106 3/4 market ruled steady as due on better overseas cables prices advanced on reports of sales of Australian to the continent but the advance brought out scattered profit-taking market then ruled narrow.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 25.

Chicago wheat opened quiet but steady with July 1.19 3/4. The market later became somewhat easy on realising induced by foreign cables and July declined further touching 1.19 1/2.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Delivery Sept. 1937

Bombay, May 25.

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 6 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 6 0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 6 0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8 5 9

May delivery was quoted 0-2 lower.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, May 25.

Previous closing	4.94 3/8
To-day's opening	4.94 5/16
To-day's closing	4.94 1/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, May 25.

Previous closing	4.94.34
To-day's opening	4.94.43
To-day's closing	4.94.30

FRANC RATE

London, May 25.

Previous closing	110.34
To-day's opening	110.34
To-day's closing	110.48

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 25.

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 4.94.43 and gradually eased to 4.94.37 whence it ruled erratically with narrow fluctuations. Business was small on lack of support.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.94.30

Franc opened an 110.34 and rose little to 110.22. Business was somewhat better on good support.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 110.48.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/28
Paris on Bombay (8.362) 8.325
New York on Bombay (37.30) 37.33
London on Milan (93.92) 93.92
Berlin on Bombay (0.93) 0.93
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32) 1-2 17/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£253 1/2 buyers £254 sellers. Very steady) £253 buyers £253 1/4 sellers. Quiet.

Lead (£24 5/8 buyers £24 3/4 sellers. Steady) £24 15/16 buyers £25 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£64 1/2 to £66 1/2) £65 to £67

Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, May 25.

The following cable information was received from London to night

"India and Speculators bought. Offerings small. Market quiet but steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, May 25.

	Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices.
Spot	20 1/4d.	20 3/8d.
Forward	20 5/16d.	20 7/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, May 25.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-6) £7-0-5 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 25.

10 p.m.

Silver ready	52 10 0
Silver 1st settlement	52 10 0
Silver 2nd settlement	52 13 0
Gold ready	34 9 9
Gold 1st settlement	34 9 6
Gold 2nd settlement	34 7 3
Sovereigns	22 2 6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 25.

Wheat September	5 10 3
Wheat January	5 13 9
Linseed September	8 5 6

The tone was quiet.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, May 25.

Liverpool wheat May delivery closed at 116 1/4 as against the previous closing rate at 115 1/4.

3½ P. C. GOVT PAPER

Closing Quotation

London, May 25.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 95-12-0 at 2-0 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was the same.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	96 1 0
Highest	96 1 0
Lowest	95 10 0
Closing	95 12 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 25.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £91 3/4 as against the previous closing at £91.

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 25.

2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian Loan (£98 1/4) £99
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£90 1/2) £91 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£110 1/2) £110 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106) £106 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111) £111
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102) £102 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 1/4) £108 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 1/2) £76 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/8) £102 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 5/8) £107 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102) £102
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 3/4) £109 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 25.

After being unsettled by disappointment in national defence contribution concessions markets generally were rather firmer but business was only moderate. Giltedgeds especially were improving.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (80-7 1/2) 83-7 1/2
Hydro Electric (£8 1/2) £8 1/2
Musical Industries (22-0) 21-6
Princhin Johnson (44-1 1/2) 44-1
Imperial Chemical (37-7 1/2) 37-7 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (79-3) 78-9
Realisation 1930 (£94 1/2) £94 3/4
Dunlop Rubber (34-3) 34-3
Unilever Ordinary (43-0) 43-0
Ford Motors (28-7 1/2) 28-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless (£6 1/2) £6 1/4
British American Tobacco (126-3) 126-3
Carreas (£8 1/2) £8 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (155-0) 155-0
P and O S N Company Deferred (33-4 1/2) 33-4 1/2
Distillers (115-6) 115-0
Bredfords Dyers (£9 7/8) £8 7/8
British Celanese (£8 7/8) £8 7/8
J and P Coates Ordinary (47-0) 46-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (54-4 1/2) 54-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (10-4 1/2) 10-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary (30-0) 29-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (62-3) 61-9
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (75-0) 72-6
Tata Steel Preference (£106) £106

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-0) 20-0
Donaro Tea (48-9 Ex Div) 48-9
Empire of India (31-3) 31-3

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (41-3) 41-3
Gula Kelampong (43-9) 43-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (39-0) 38-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (51-3) 51-3
Burma Corporation (18-0) 17-6
Rio Tintos (£21 1/2) 20 7/6
East Rand Proprietors (66-3) 65-0
Rand Mine (£7 3/8) £7 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 3/8) £13 1/4
Geduld New (£8 5/8) £8 3/4
New Modders (£29 3/8) £29 7/8
Sub Nigel (£10 5/8) £10 1/2
Spring Mines Split Shares (34-4 1/2) 34-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 3/4) £8 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezula Persian (£55) £55
Anglo Iranian (127-6) 124-4 1/2
Burma Oil (116-3 Ex Div) 113-1 1/2
Musical Eagle (20-6) 19-7 1/2
Shell Transport (113-9) 113-9
Royal Dutch (£43 1/4) £43

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£62 1/2) £62 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£33) £33
L N E R Defd (£5 1/4) £5 1/4
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£23 3/4) £23 3/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£126 1/2) £126
London Transport 'C' Stock (£85 3/4) £85 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 25.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:

General Motor (dol 57 1/4) dol 57
N Copper Mining (dol 54 3/8) dol 54 3/8
U S Steel Common (dol 101 7/8) dol 100 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 134 1/2) unchanged.

STOCK EXCHANGE STEADY AFTER EARLY DECLINE

Commodities Featureless

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 25.

On the Stock Exchange some disappointment at national defence contribution concessions imparted dull appearance at the outset prices easing throughout through no selling pressure was encountered.

Later sentiment and values improved consequently net difference generally was negligible.

Commodities were featureless.

Wall Street opened barely steady and then recovered.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, May 25.

Following are closing quotations of Ahmedabad Share Bazar of May 25.

Ashok 367/8, Aryodaya spinning 210, Calico 557/8; Gujarat cotton 31/4, Jubili 182/8, Marsden 76/4, Motilal Hirabai 54/6, Monogram 54/6, Rajanagar 335.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, May 25.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton July 24/8, Jan. 22/5/6.
Panjab July 20/15/9.
Desi American July 25/15, Jan. 25/11/6 quiet steady.
Wheat July 31/2/9, Sept. 31/8/9.
Gram July 22/9/6, Sept. 23/2.
Toria May 42/9, July 42/15, Sept. 43/7/9.
Cottonseed May 17/1/9, July 17/6/9, Sept. 17/12/9, Jan. 17/10/3.
The tone of wheat and seeds is dull.

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Bombay, May 25.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 25th May 1937. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,51,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-3 were accepted in full, and those at Rs. 99-12-0 allotted approximately 56 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tender being Rs. 0-15-8 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 1st June 1937. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 4th June 1937. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 21st May 1937, Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,48,25,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

BAY MONSOON STRENGTHENING

POONA, May 25.

The Bay of Bengal branch of the monsoon is strengthening. It caused widespread thunderstorms in Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur and Bihar. Thunderstorms also occurred locally in the United Provinces, east Central India, the Central Provinces and the Peninsula.

The western disturbance passed away across the western Himalayas and a fresh one is affecting the northwest Frontier There have been scattered dust or thunderstorms along the northwest Frontier in Sind and Southwest Punjab.

Temperatures are markedly above normal in Baluchistan and below normal in Bihar.

FORECAST:

Thunderstorms will continue fairly widespread in Burma, Bengal Orissa Chota Nagpur and Bihar and occur locally in Assam the United Provinces east Central India Central Provinces north Madras coast and south of the Peninsula Local dust or thunderstorms will also occur along the northwest Frontier in Sind Baluchistan and the Punjab.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 25-5-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus 003 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 84.2 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 91.3 degrees 0.1 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 80.7 degrees 0.5 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 71 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NW.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 117 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 17 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 2

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 25-5-37

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.02 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.80 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, May 24

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amr Water Works Com	19
Ame Power and Light Pfd	
5 per cent A	49
Ame Forn Power Pfd	
7 per cent	48
Electric Bond Common	17
United Corporation	5
American Tel and Tel	168
Western Union Telg	59 1/2
Chesapeake and Ohio Railway	58
Erie Railway	19
Great North Pfd Railway	35
New York Central Railway	47
Delware and Hudson	44
Mission Corp	28
Bethelehem Steel	87
Republican Steel	37
United States Steel	101 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	54 3/4
Int Nickel of Canada	61 1/2
Chrysler	115
General Motors	57 1/2
General Electric	54
Socony	19
National Dairy	23
Chase Bank	53
National City Bank	47 1/2
Youngstown Sheet	86
Amerex	27 3/4
United S Smelting	86
National Steel	82
Hupp	3 1/8

Market inactive but steady and firm. Tone continues good. Social Security Act held constitutional. Turnover 680000 shares. Youngstown Sheet expected to earn dol 9 in 1937.

Trade Tendencies

Messrs M and B Stern have received the following cable:—

Cotton: "Market advanced due to scarcity of offerings but no definite trend and look for trading market."

Liverpool wheat: "Anticipate good demand from the continent and look for an advance gradually to 10 level."

Rubber: "Think it a good time to buy around present level."

London sugar "Market may go somewhat higher but recommend buying on declines only."

Copper: "Would buy moderately around £56 for quick turn. Do not expect restriction to be reinstated unless we have heavy fall in prices."

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, May 25

Java ready	14 6 0
May June shipment	5 4 0
July Sept shipment	5 3 0
Oct Dec shipment	5 3 0
Kesar ready	10 15 0
Saraya ready	10 5 0
Spot Java	F 5.90

Produce Receipts

Bombay, May 25.

	Cwts.
Wheat	20,957
Linseed	17,286
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	111
Poppyseed	104
Groundnuts	[illegible]
Castorseed	1,960
Rice	37,452
Myrabollams	382
Cottonseed	2,667
Gram	309
Joowar	3,655
Barley	2,307
Bajree	244
Indian Sugar	4,503
	Tons.
Coal	1,436

Ramakant Krishna Bhende Fund Scholarships

The Managing Trustee writes:—

The selection of the students for the scholarships to be awarded from the above Fund will be made shortly by the Board of Trustees of the Ramakant Krishna Bhende Scholarships Fund from among the poor and deserving students belonging to the Goud Saraswat Brahman Community (all sub-sections included).

Male students who after passing their Matriculation Examination from any of the High Schools at Poona intend to prosecute their studies further in any College as also those who having passed their Matriculation Examination from the said schools may be studying for Degree or Diploma in any College or other educational institution recognized by any Indian University may submit their application to the Managing Trustee, Ramakant Krishna Bhende Scholarship Fund.

Female students, poor and deserving, of the said community studying in the Poona Female High School (otherwise known as the High School for Indian Girls) or in the Poona Female Training College as also those who after matriculating from any of the High Schools at Poona intend studying for a Degree or Diploma in any College or other educational institution recognised by any Indian University or qualifying themselves for the profession of nursing, midwifery or teaching may also put in their applications.

The present Bhende Scholars must also submit fresh applications for the year in case they wish to have their scholarships continued.

All applications must be made on the prescribed Form of the Board and reach the office of the Managing Trustee on or before the 15th June next.

(Continued from Col. 7).

From Gisborne: 63 csks tallow.

From Hongkong: 500 bags refined sugar; 20 bdls mattings.

From Tokyo: 20 cases clocks; 50 cases auto parts and accessories; 55 cts. ice chests; 18 cases glass bottles; 175 cases grey mercerised cotton yarn; 25 cases glassware; 20 dms aniline dyes tuff.

From Nagoya: 36 cases hanging clocks; 553 cases glazed earthen tiles; 55 cases cast ironware; 191 cases glass bottles; 113 cases porecian ware; 100 cases grey cotton shirting; 347 bags calcium carbonate.

From Yokkaichi: 100 cases ironware S S Banglore Agents M Mackenzie and Co., from London: 129 cases medicines; 18 cases telegraph material; 48 bags chalk; 21 cases perfumed spirit; 25 cases sugar; 230 cases beer; 200 pails everseal liquid; 33 cases vibrona; 140 cases ale; 16 cases mustard; 22 cases starch; 49 cases castor oil; 30 cases canneh meats; 30 cases jam; 32 cases hydrogen peroxide; 30 dms cable;

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, May 25.

M B K s.s. Ryoyo Maru of 3650 reg tons Capt M Okawara arrived from Yokohama via Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Tuticorin and Cochin with general cargo.

O S K s.s. Mantai Maru of 4259 reg tons Capt Kotrao arrived from Karachi with general Cargo.

Scindia Steam s.s. Jalaratna of 2326 reg tons Capt E W Courtney arrived from Rangoon via Galle, Colombo, Trivandrum, Cochin and Calicut with rice timber and general cargo.

O S K s.s. London Maru of 4414 reg tons Capt M Takaji arrived from Yokohama via Nagoya Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Sakito Hongkong, Singapore Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

Burmah Shell Oil Tanker s.s. Balaklava of 4663 reg tons Capt B. G Tanbe arrived from Abadan with cargo of fuel oil.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, May 25.

James Finlay s.s. Clan Macphee of 4114 reg tons Capt J H Crellin sailed for Bhavnagar in ballast

B I S N s.s. Garmula of 3224 reg tons Capt H Taylor sailed for Navlakhi in water ballast.

L Triestino s.s. Moncalieri of 5533 reg tons Capt E Stagnaro sailed for Saigon via Singapore in ballast.

LOADING

The following steamers booked for loading on 25-5-37.

S S Aagtekerk (L E) for Europe and American Ports via Karachi and Marmagoa

S S Conte Bian Camano (L T) for Europe and American Ports via Karachi and Marmagoa.

S S Pres Pierce (F F C) for American Ports via Suez and Portsaid.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, May 25.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

1 Royo Maru 3650 Karachi 27-5 M B
2 Lahore 3161 London 3-6 M M
3 London Maru 4414 Karachi 28-5 O S K
4 Clan Macphie 4114 Bhavnagar 25-5 J Finlay
5 Tokushima Maru 3703 Karachi 25-5 N Y Kaisha
6 Treuenfels 5195 Hamburg 27-5 L Edwards
Jett-Jalajoti 2638 Rangoon 25-5 Scindia S N
9 Mayebashi Maru 4321 Karachi 26-5 N Y Kaisha
12 Bhutan 2912 Japan 26-5 M M
15 City of Mandalay 4497 Antwerp 26-5 K Nixon
16 Tairea 3756 Durban 26-5 M M
17 C/Auckland 5288 Colombo N F F F Campbell

VICTORIA DOCK

2 Garmula 3234 Calcutta 25-5 M M
3 Bankura 1393 P Gulf 2-5 M M
5 Hashemi 290 M Coast 26-5 Hassum
6 Indira 278 M Coast 26-5 Malabar Steamship
7 Moncalieri 3841 Saigon 25-5 L Triesteno
10-11 Silksworth 2961 Bassein 26-5 Scindia S N

PRINCES DOCK

Z Varela 1926 N F N F M M

FROM LONDON

Carthage 27-5-37 P and O S N
Strathnaver 3-6-37 P and O S N
Ranchi 10-6-37 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL

Castalia 26-5-37 Anchor Line
City of Bedford 27-5-37 K Nixon
Clan Murray 31-5-37 James Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Watchfels 29-5-37 L Edwards
Vasaland 31-5-37 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Pierce 28-5-37 F F Campbell

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Ginyo Maru 30-5-37 N Y K
Victoria Maru 25-5-37 O S K
Ranpura 28-5-37 P and O
Tokiwa Maru 15-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Kifuku Maru 9-6-37 O S Kaisha
Conte Biancamano 27-5-37 L Triestino

FROM SYDNEY

Mongolia 5-6-37 P and O S N

FROM BASRA

Barpeta 27-5-37 M M
Vasna 29-5-37 M M
Varsova 5-6-37 M M
Barala 3-6-37 M M

FROM HULL

Serbino 4-6-37 James Finlay

FROM TRIESTE

Gloria Stella 27-5-37 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Laconia 26-5-37 L Triestino

FROM OSLO

Simla 2-6-37 L Edward
Tokushima Maru 31-5-37 O S K

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 29-5-37 M M

FROM KARACHI

Mayebashi Maru 27-5-37 N Y Kaisha

FROM RANGOON

Naringa 30-5-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Gharinda 26-5-37 M M
Sirsa 30-5-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Rawalpindi 12-6-37 P and O
Mooltan 19-6-37 P and O
Ranpura 29-5-37 P and O
Corfu 26-6-37 P and O
Mongolia 5-6-37 P and O
Lahore 3-6-37 M M

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Benares 7-6-37 K N

FOR SYDNEY

Mongolia 6-6-37 P and O

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Pierce 28-5-37 F F Campbell
Pres Garfield 25-6-37 F F Campbell
Pres Van Buren 11-6-37 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Bian Camand 27-5 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Mantai Maru 25-5-37 O S K
Celebes Maru 26-5-37 O S K
Bhutan 25-5-37 M M
Carthage 27-5-37 P and O
London Maru 8-6-37 O S Kaisha
Tokushima Maru 5-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Giyo Maru 11-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Conte Rosso 8-6-37 L Triestino

FOR HAMBURG

Treuenfels 28-5-37 L Edwards

FOR DUNKERK

City of Mandalay 25-5-37 K Nixon

FOR CALCUTTA

Laconia 28-5-37 L Triestino

FOR BASSEIN

Jalajyoti 25-5-37 Scindia Steam

FOR BASRA

Bankura 26-5-37 M M
Barpeta 2-6-37 M M
Gloria Stella 27-5-37 L Triestino
Vasna 3-6-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Tairea 26-5-37 M M

FOR KARACHI

Vita 24-5-37 M M
Watchfels 4-6-37 L Edward

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Tokushima Maru 22-5-37
S S Narkunda (boats) 24-5-37
S S Indira 24-5-37
S S Parvati 24-5-37

EXPORTS

S S Truenfels for Hamburg: 565 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 582 bales cotton raw J Cotton Trading; 70 bales hide fleshings D Abraham; 220 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros, 110 bales cotton raw A Podar; 63 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Antwerp 861 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Rotterdam: 125 bales cotton raw Bombay Company.

For Suez: 50 bales cotton cold piecegoods D V Thakar.

For New York: 24 bales goat skins D Abraham.

For Bremen: 110 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

For Philadelphia: 38 bales goat skin D Abraham.

For Amsterdam: 67 bags gum N Muljee.

For Solonica; 25 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S S Lahore for London: 60 csks condiments Poonjialj; 20 cases sandalwood oil Thos Cook.

For Havre: 495 bags mustardseed Volkart Bros.

S S Castalia for Manchester: 375 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S S Aagtekerk for Sydney: 2371 bags linseed O Misrilal; 3027 bags linseed L Dreyfus; 25 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Melbourne: 25 bales goat hair C Lister; 100 bales cotton raw Langley

S S Mayebashi Maru for Osaka: 1000 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 400 bales cotton raw Kotak.

For Yokkaichi: 1000 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Kobe: 200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 200 bales cotton raw N Fulehally; 20 bags turmeric Sassoon S Amluri; 100 bales cotton raw R B C Ram Sarup; 100 bales cotton raw B Factories.

S S Bhutan for Sanfrancisco: 75 bales cotton twist waste Jasin.

For Shanghai: 25 bdls sandalwood G Takersey

For Osaka 6 tons scrap aluminium Faiz and Co.

S S London Maru for Kobe: 255 tons scrap iron Faiz and Co.

S S Mantai Maru for Yokohama: 352 bdls tin cliffing Burmah Shell Oil; 200 bales cotton raw Langley.

For Osaka: 1000 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Nagoya: 1150 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Kobe: 700 bales cotton raw V Ladha; 500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 453 bales cotton raw N Nagsee 50 bales cotton raw Langley.

For Yokkaichi: 500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 50 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S S Tokushima Maru for Kobe: 1000 bales cotton raw S Karamsi.

S S City of Mandaly for Ghent: 220 bales cotton raw H Nensey.

IMPORTS

Bombay, May 25.

S S Celebes Maru Agents O S Kaisha from Lyttleton: 162 csks tallow.

From Shanghai: 50 cases antimony regulus; 1429 bags green beaus; 139 chests green tea.

From Singapore: 1714 bags betelnuts. 20 bags gum; 20 bage sago whole; 880 bags sago flour; 54 slabs refined tins; 547 bds rattans; 30 bags dancar batu; 106 cases pine apples

From Penang: 566 bags pearl tapiocca; 992 bags betelnuts; 100 bags gum; 187 bales hemp bags.

From Colombo: 1225 bags copra.

From Dunedin: 31 csks tallow.

From Kobe: 25 cases insert coils; 20 cases canned sardines; 105 cases silk piece goods; 27 bales silk yarn; 38 cases rayon goods; 623 cases art silk yarn, 25 cases transparent paper; 50 cases white lead powder; 1273 kegs paint; 50 cases rayon yarn; 44 cases rayon piece goods 225 cases cotton piece goods; 38 cases cotton goods; 20 bags clay; 73 cases coton jeans; 20 cases woollen yarn; 20 cases cotton printed poplins; 97 cases art silk and cotton mixed yarn; 278 cases cotton and art silk mixed shirtings; 15 cases glassware; 13 cases glass beads; 631 cases cotton and rayon mixed piece goods; 25 cases refined camphor; 38 cases celluloid bangles; 20 cases rubber hose; 18 cases rubber insertion; 25 cases twisted rayon yarn; 20 cases cycle frames; 45 bales cotton fents; 20 cases silk piece goods; 50 cases cotton and rayon mixed yarn; 24 cases cotton and art silk mixed piece goods; 25 cases cotton yarn.

From Fusan: 139 cases poreclainware.

From Otaru: 50 bags farina supra; 50 bags white dextrine.

From Moji: 500 cases window glass; 67 cases sheet glass; 105 cases beer; 2000 bags synthetic sulphate of ammonia; 65 cases earthen ware; 358 cts empty glass botles; 200 bales straw board

From Osaka: 180 dms calcium carbide; 50 cts farnic acid 64 cases twisted rayon yarn; 50 bales grey cotton shirting; 35 cases printed cotton jeans; 65 cases art silk yarn; 48 cases cotton piece goods; 927 cases window glass; 268 cases glassware; 750 bags portland cement; 53 cases cotton canvas belting; 15 cases gramophone motor; 25 cases toys; 20 cases rubber air balloon; 45 cases slate pencils; 15 cases table fans; 20 cases printed cotton mull; 187 dms aniline dyes; 92 cts graphite crucibles; 50 cases rayon yarn; 20 cases centrifugal pumps; 28 cases cycle parts and fittings; 197 cases glass bangles; 20 cases bomeol crystal; 70 cases spun rayon yarn; 28 cases varnishes; 29 cases confectionery; 21 cases cotton goods; 107 cases umbrella goods; 19 cases rubber tyres; 101 cases white mercerised cotton yarn; 34 cases printed cotton shirtings; 78 pkgs wire netting; 27 cases porclainware; 23 bdls mosquito coils, 24 bdls cotton hosiery.

From Yokohams: 114 pkgs plywood; 11 cases elect. light bulbs; 26 cases paper.

(Continued in Col. 5)

American Cotton Mills Curtail Production

CROP ACCOUNTS CONTINUE FAVOURABLE

Firm Technical Situation Tells

BOMBAY: May 25.

Cotton Markets continue to move within a narrow range without definite price tendency.

New Crop accounts continue favourable and Mills in U. S. A. curtail production.

Firm technical situation is telling on prices at the moment with short covering.

The American cotton markets were unfavourably influenced by reports of beneficial rains in West Texas. Crop is reported to be making satisfactory progress though some weevil infestation exists in South Texas. Spot cotton demand is very poor while textile business is sluggish. Mills are complaining of absence of new sales. Buyers on the whole were cautious and were not disposed to follow the market on the advance.

Opening tone was steady and prices showed an improvement on buying by foreign interests on a moderate scale. But this was soon met with liquidation in July and selling by local interests induced by reports of favourable rain in the dry area. Prices suffered a decline but recovered partially on short covering towards close.

The Chicago Grain market suffered a loss of over one cent per bushel for Wheat on weather reports from the American Wheat are and Canada.

SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

The Stock Exchange was quiet and inactive. The Supreme Court's decision on the Social Security Act had practically no effect whatever over the markets. Prices closed around the previous levels.

The New York cotton market opened with October contract standing at a rise of four points to 12.81. The opening level, however proved to be the highest touched during the day. Buying by foreign interests and better Liverpool cables imparted steadiness at the opening.

SAGGING TENDENCY

But market soon after developed a sagging tendency on liquidation in July. Selling by local houses induced by beneficial rain hastened the downward trend while buyers held aloof owing to the discouraging action of the Textile and Wheat markets. The rate for October fell down to 12.85 —12 the lowest for the day.

SHORT COVERING

At this point, selling activity subsided. Besides, shorts commenced to cover their commitments. In consequence, market recovered partially. The firm technical position was also a factor that assisted the recovery. The session closed with October standing at 12.72 —05. Spot market closed at 13.30 —04

NEW ORLEANS

Prices suffered a small recession under the influence of weather reports. July and October contracts finished at 12.69—05 and 12.70—06. Spot rate finished at 13.09 —06.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Against an expectation of one point higher, the Liverpool October contract opened at a gain of 6 points to 7.12. The market was assisted by absence of selling, scarcity of contracts and continued buying by Bombay interests. The rate soon advanced to 7.14 plus 08.

At the high level, however, buying activity subsided and market was faced with liquidation influenced by reports of better crop progress and selling of a straddling character. Buyers held aloof. Market gradually developed a sagging tendency and October finally touched 7.07 plus 01 the lowest for the day. Thereafter a steady tone prevailed. October was finally quoted at 7.09 plus 03. Spot market finished at 7.37 plus 08.

East Indian: Steady market. May and July finished at a gain of 3 points to 5.99.

Egyptian: Market presented a steady attitude. Sakel May 10.58 plus 08 Upper May 9.35 plus 06.

Alexandrian: Market fairly active and strong. Sakel May 18.22 plus 39, Upper June 17.43 plus 18.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 12.81 plus 04 (10 a.m.)

New York October lowest 12.65 —12 (11-45 a.m.)

Liverpool October highest 7.14 plus 08

Liverpool October lowest 7.07 plus 01

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from New York Cotton Exchange Service:

Crop progress favourable this month, especially last week. Cloths slow in America and abroad. Mill activity beginning to decline America but maintained abroad. World economic expansion continues. International commodities improve following declines.

Messrs. Drennan and Co have received the following cables:—

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., New York cables:—

Weather favourable for development of plant. South Texas reports heavy weevil infestation. Market disturbed by reports from mills lack of new sales. We would adopt a trading position with preference for all purchases on all setbacks.

Wheat: Good weather reports together with absence of international demand induce liquidation. We continue to favour buying on breaks for a quick turn only.

Messrs Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Think demand generally will improve. Think well of buying distant positions.

Liverpool: Market steady. Advanced on shortage of contracts and Indian buying. Declined on disappointing American cables, and favourable weather. Expecting gradual advance.

Liverpool: Market has partially lost the early advance owing to more favourable crop accounts. Outside operators not disposed to follow the advance.

New York: Early foreign buying met July liquidation and local selling on rains in South-West.

New York: Beneficial rains in West Texas. Spot cotton demand still very poor. Buyers cautious.

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Eastern: Partly cloudy
Central: Partly scattered showers
Western: Thundershowers

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 24

July	12.80 —04
October	12.72 —05
December	12.70 —05
January	12.72 —06
March	12.77 —05
May	12.81 —06
Middling Spot	13.30 —04

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, May 24

July	12.69 —05
October	12.70 —06
December	12.78 —07
Middling Spot	13.09 —06

NEW YORK

New York, May 24

1t A.M. RANGES—

July	12.77/12.76
October	12.69/12.69
December	12 67/12 67

NOON CALL—

July	12.73
October	12.65
December	12.64

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, May 24

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	5,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	8,000
Day's exports to the Continent	4,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 24

May	7.12 plus 03
June	7.13 plus 03
July	7.13 plus 03
August	7.13 plus 03
September	7.11 plus 03
October	7.09 plus 03
November	7.05 plus 03
December	7.05 plus 03
January	7.05 plus 03
February	7.05 plus 03
March	7.06 plus 03
April	7.06 plus 03
Middling Spot	7.37 plus 08
	10-12 a.m. quotations
July	7.18
October	7.12

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, May 24

May	10.58
June	10.78
July	10.83
September	10.68
F G F SPOT	11.23

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, May 24

BROACH—	
Fully good (good staple)	6.05
Fine (good staple)	6.20
Superfine (good staple)	6.35
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.95
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	6.10
Choice (No. 1 staple)	6.25
BENGAL—	
Good	5.09
Fully God	5.19
Fine	5.34

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 24

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£78
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£110 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£76 1/2
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102 1/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£102
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 3/4
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£109 3/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£15 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£119
National Bank of India	£42 1/4
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LONDON SEEDS

London, May 24

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f.	
May June sellers	£13-3-9
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f.	
May June sellers	£ 14-15-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f.	
May June sellers	£15-15-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull Cont c.i.f.	
May June sellers	£15-0-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f.	
May June sellers	£14-1-3

LONDON PRODUCE

London, May 24

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe	
May June sellers	46
Wheat Barletta Russo	
May June sellers	45
Wheat South Australian	
June sellers	45/3

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 25

Following a small decline of 5 points in New York cotton futures the local markets opened to-day at Rs. 238/8 for Broach J/A delivery and after improving to Rs. 239 prices declined to Rs. 238/6 but again steadied at Rs. 238/8. Business was restricted and fluctuations were narrow although the local sentiment is moderately bullish.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 2 points but under steady liquidation prices declined to Rs. 237/8 when there was some buying. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A	238	0	0
Broach A/M	242	0	0
Oomra July	227	0	0
Oomra D/J	221	0	0
Bengal July	197	0	0
Bengal D/J	184	0	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, May 25.

	Extra	Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—						
Bengal U.P.		206	203	200	197	
Punjab		206	203	200	197	
Oomra No. 3	237	234	231	228		
C. P. No. 1	250	247	244	241		
C. P. No. 2	241	238	235	232		
Broach No. 2		243	241	238	235	
Punjab-Ame.		251	249	246	243	
Surat		302	300	297	293	
Rajpipla		297	295	292	283	
Navsari		312	310	307	304	

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, May 25

Bengal Superfine	205/207
Bengal Fine	201/203
C P 1	232/34
C P 2	227/29
Arvi	227/29
Ellichpur	225/27
Berar	222/25
Khamgaon	222/25
Mulkapur	219/22
Khandesh	215/19
Jalna Sailu	215/19
Burwah Sanavad	222/25
Mathia	192/95
Broach Fine	239/44
Punjab American	239/46
Punjab 289F	309/19
Jagadia Ankleshwar	289/94
Surat	299/301
Navsari	314/19
Kampala	431/34

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, May 25.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY. Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.
Khandesh	50	204,371
Central India	317	325,872
Barsi and Nagar	535	170,622
Hyderabad-Gaorani	169	98,313
Berar	555	558,380
Central Provinces	7	112,461
Total Oomras	1,634	1,470,019
Dholera	1,628	114,147
N.W. Provinces		9,463
Rajputana	201	87,186
Sind-Punjab		320,954
Broach	581	324,594
Coompta and Dharwar	1,640	51,061
Westerns-Northerns	228	33,664
Cocoanada		141
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	304	11,655
Persian		14
American		11,437
Egyptian and African	254	317,994
Comilla Burma and other sorts		22
Total	6,470	2,750,353

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY. 1st Sept. to 20th May.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	2,527	408,111
Japan and China	2,600	1,161,237
Coast Ports		27,550
Up-country by Rail		211,584
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		60,743
Total	5,127	1,869,225

U. S. COTTON CROPS

Light Rains

Liverpool, May 25

Light to moderate rainfall in West Texas.

Light rains in New Orleans district and along Carolina Coast.

Forecast—Entire Belt partly cloudy.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 24

Broach A/M 1937 opening 235 1/2; highest 237 3/4; lowest 235 1/4; closing 237

Broach J/A opening 239, highest 240 1/4; lowest 238 1/2; closing 239 1/2

Broach A/M 1938 opening 243 1/2; highest 244 1/4; lowest 242 3/4; closing 243

Oomra May opening 231; highest 231; lowest 228; closing 228

Oomra July opening 228 3/4; highest 228 3/4; lowest 228; closing 228

Oomra D/J opening 221 1/2; highest 221 1/2; lowest 221 1/2; closing 221 1/2

Bengal May opening 199; highest 200 1/2; lowest 199; closing 199 1/2

Bengal July opening 198; highest 199; lowest 198; closing 198

Bengal D/J opening 186; highest 186; lowest 185 1/2; closing 185 1/2

Tejiman for Broach J/A (21-6-37) Rs. 7.

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (30-6-37) Rs. 9

Tejimandi for Broach A/M (31-3-38) Rs. 30

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, May 25

May	287.90	plus 20
July	282.40	—40
August	260.40	—90
September	260.40	—10
November	256.70	—70

LINSEED OIL

London, May 24

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
June sellers	29/7 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
September December paid	29/6

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, May 25

Yesterday Loncon gold prices closed unchanged at £7-0-6. London Paris Exchange rate was 50 points down at 110.34. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.94 3/8c. London silver prices declined 1/8d to 20 1/4d. India bought China and speculators sold and business was small. Later on there was small Indian buying at 1/16 over the fixed price. New York silver prices were quoted 44 7/8 cents and the Montreal market was closed. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 1/2. The local market was quiet with a small business and quotations were as under.

SILVER—			
Ready	52	9	6
Vaishakha	52	10	0
Jeth	52	12	0
GOLD—			
Ready	34	9	9
Vaishakha	34	9	6
Jeth	34	7	3

LONDON SILVER

London, May 24

Spot	20 1/4
Forward	20 5/16

LONDON GOLD

London, May 24

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-0-6

LONDON METALS

London, May 24

Copper	£	60	5 0
Spelter	£	24	8 9
Lead	£	24	15 0
Tin	£	253	10 0

COTTON CONTRACTS

Bombay, May 25

The April May contract for Broach and May contracts for Oomra and Bengal ran out to-day at Rs. 238, Rs. 231 and Rs. 200 respectively.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, May 25

Our market was quiet but steady today with a moderate turnover. Private cables state that weather in U. S. A. continues favourable and there is absence of international demand for wheat but present prices are attractive for quick turns. It appears there is no room for any sustained rise at present and we do not look for any important change.

Linseed September	8	6	0
Wheat September	5	10	0
Wheat January	5	13	9

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, May 25

Groundnuts May—			
Opening	40	3	0
Highest	40	3	0
Lowest	40	0	0
Closing	40	0	0
Groundnuts Aug—			
Opening	41	5	0
Highest	41	8	0
Lowest	41	2	9
Closing	41	4	3
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	34	13	0
Highest	34	13	0
Lowest	34	12	0
Closing	34	12	0
Castorseeds Sept—			
Opening	36	3	6
Highest	36	6	6
Lowest	36	2	6
Closing	36	2	6
Cottonseed May—			
Opening	19	8	0
Highest	19	8	0
Lowest	19	8	0
Closing	19	8	0
Cottonseed Sept—			
Opening	20	12	6
Highest	20	15	3
Lowest	20	12	0
Closing	20	14	0

Groundnuts Coromandel

London, May 24.

June £14-2-6.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, May 24.

May	115 1/4d.
July	113 7/8d.
October	107d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, May 24.

May	del 1.26 1/2
July	del 1.19 3/4
September	del 1.18 5/8

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, May 25

	To-day	Total
Broach	1800	18550
Bengal	300	1900
Oomra	1000	6800

Bombay Metals

Bombay, May 25

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£63-10-0
Standard copper 3 months	£60-10-0
Electrolytic copper	£66-10-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 43-8-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 59-10-0
Tone: Steady.	

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 24-5-37	6654000	6854000
Receipts Yesterday 24-5-37	5000	10000
Exports to date 24-5-37	5291000	5680000
Stock at Ports 21-5-37	1427000	1634000
Stock at Interior Towns 21-5-37	1159000	1648000
Stock at Liverpool 21-5-37	928000	705000
Visible Supply 21-5-37	4125000	4506000
Quantity in sight 21-5-37	12544000	11857000
Quantity out of sight 21-5-37	11571000	10455000

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 25

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	100
3 per cent 1951/54	101/2
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	103
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	95/13
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	107
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	117/10
3 per cent U P Bonds	97
5 per cent 1939/44	105/6
5 per cent 1940/13	106/2
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/14
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55	119/6.
4 per cent 1953/63	111/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/12
5 per cent 1935 Mysore	122
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	107/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974	106/8
5 per cent M Deb 1949	117
5 per cent 1954	129
6 per cent K P T 1956	129
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 96/2 for the current settlement, but closed quiet at Rs. 95/13. Next settlement quotes 2 1/2 annas lower

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, May 25

B C Rate T I O D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—	
Bank's selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T	1/6 1/8
Bank's buying D D	1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK:—	
Bank's selling T T	269 1/8
Bank's buying T T	267
PARIS:—	
Bank's selling T T	825
Bank's buying T T	840
JAPAN:—	
Bank's selling T T	77 1/2 (1/8 lower from July.)
Bank's buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM:—	
Bank's selling D D	67 3/8
JAVA:—	
Bank's selling D D	67 1/8
HUNGKONG:—	
Bank's selling D D	83
SHANGHAI:—	
Bank's selling D D	81 1/8
SINGAPORE:—	
Bank's selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN:—	
Bank's selling D D	91 1/2

CROSS RATE:—

New York London 4.94 1/2 24th instant

Japan London 1/2 25th instant

Hongkong London 1/2 29/32 25th instant

Shanghai London 1/2 1/2 25th instant

Java London 8.96 3/4 25th instant

London Paris 110.34 24th instant

London Belgium 29.31 3/4 24th instant

London Switzerland 21.61 3/4 24th instant

London Berlin 12.31 1/4 24th instant

London Stockholm 19.39 1/2 24th instant

London New York 4.94.33 24th instant

London Amsterdam 8.99 24th instant

London Italy 93.92 24th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold £7-0-6 22nd instant

Gold £7-0-6 24th instant

Silver London Ready 20 3/8 22nd instant

Silver London Ready 20 1/4 24th instant

Silver London Forward 20 7/16 22nd instant

Silver London Forward 20 5/16 24th instant

Silver New York Ready 45 22nd instant

Silver New York Ready 45 24th instant

London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 22nd instant

London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 24th instant.

London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 22nd instant

London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 24th instant

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

MONEY:—

Call 3/4 per cent.

3 months 1 1/4 per cent.

6 months 1 1/4 per cent.

Tone:—Steady

Indian Sterling Loans

London, May 24

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	78
3 1/2 per cent	91
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 3/4
4 per cent 1948/53	105 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	110 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	113 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	111
3 per cent 1948/52	93 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	76 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	102 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	102

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, May 24

Bank bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent

Bank bills 6 months market rate 11/16 per cent to 11/16 per cent

Fine trade bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent

Fine trade bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent

Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent

Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 24

T T London on:—	
New York	4.94.33
Paris	110.34
Berlin	12.31 3/4
Madrid	85.00
Amsterdam	8.99
Brussels	29.31 3/4
Milan	93.92
Berne	21.61 3/4
Prague	141.75

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, May 24

SAKELS—	
May	18.22 plus 38
July	18.56 plus 25
November	19.26 plus 15
ASHMOUNI—	
June	17.43 plus 18
August	16.47 plus 09
GIZA—	
July	18.50 plus 12
November	17.53 plus 07

Professionals Offer Next Month Contracts

Tata Steel Shares Easy

Undertone Quiet And Budlee Differences Moderate

BOMBAY: May 25.

The local Share Bazar was quiet to-day with scattered selling. Business was slow and fluctuations were narrow. In sympathy with firm foreign advices the market opened very steady, but later on prices sagged under scattered long liquidation.

It is generally believed that the Chairman's speech at to-day's general meeting will be optimistic, throwing light on the prospective situation of the Steel Industry together with extension scheme. But it appears that Professional Operators give breathing time to those members who were forced to assume liabilities on behalf of weak clients.

At the moment the market is fluctuating within a narrow range and is under the process of readjustment. It is a known fact several members had to suffer heavy losses on behalf of their clients and naturally they cannot allow usual facility of extensive business. Thus the market is likely to have restricted business irrespective of outside influences.

Trading for the next settlement commenced to-day and budlee differences were narrow. Some Professional Operators, who covered recently were again found offering freely next month contracts.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,715 and improved to Rs. 1,730. At this level there was general liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 1,660. The tone of the market was quiet.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened to-day at Rs. 910 and after advancing to Rs. 912 declined to Rs. 895 on realising. Similarly other Mill shares also lost few points. Cements were quiet. Indian Cements opened at Rs. 508 and after declining to Rs. 497 rallied to Rs. 500. Shahabad shares opened at Rs. 490 and eased off to Rs. 482.

Andhra shares fluctuated within a narrow range. Tata Powers were comparatively steady. At the opening they were done at Rs. 1,435 and declined to Rs. 1,425 to improve to Rs. 1,435. Tata Steel Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 363 and after advancing to Rs. 365 declined to Rs. 355. Bombay-Burma shares also ruled quiet.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, May 25.

	Rs	as
100 Ahm Advance (Rs. 8)	296	4
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs 25)	897	8
100 CENTURY	182	8
100 CEN INDIA (Rs. 3) XD	273	12
100 COLABA (nil)	173	12
100 Cooria	107	8
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs 10)	375	0
I. E. D Sassoon (nil)	0-8	0
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	137	8
100 GOKAK	191	4
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1725	0
100 Indore	51	4
100 Khatau (Rs 2)	82	8
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	306	14
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	570	0
250 Madras United	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,100	0
250 Model	56	4
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118	12
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	231	4
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	51	0
100 Phoenix (10)	312	8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs 2)	77	8
1000 Shorapur (Rs 50)	2,300	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-8)	88	12
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5-0) XD	240	0
100 Swan (nil)	103	12
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1300	0
1000 Western	805	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	109	8
25-50 Central (As. 12)	34	4
500 Imperial	1527	8
125-500 1 Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	375	0
50-100 Indian (Rs. 2-8)	137	0
100 Reserve Bank	129	4
6 Union (As 4)	5	11
CEMENTS		
100 Associated	164	0
10 BUNDI (As. 10)	38	12
100 Coimbatore (Rs 10)	221	4
70 Gwalior (Rs. 4)	132	8
160 INDIAN (Rs. 24)	500	0
10 Katni Def (Rs 83-8-9)	2322	8
100 KATNI ORD. (Rs. 10)	382	8
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	297	4
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	28	12
100 SHAHABAD (As. 14)	482	8
70 United	165	0
INSURANCE		
80-500 Empire (Rs 14)	1035	0
15-100 Jupiter (As 12)	15	0
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43	4
20 Mercantile	55	0
200 Oriental (125)	5500	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	10
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	170	0
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1662	8
10 Ajmer (Rs. 4)	13	8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	151	9
100 Bom Suburban (Rs. 6)	190	0
10 Broach	14	4
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	285	0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	208	12
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	179	6
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 22-8)	1435	0
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	910	0
100 C. Province	96	0
100 Dhond Baramati	102	0
100 Gujarat	93	8
100 Mandra Bhon	97	8
100 Pachora Jamner	97	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	101	0
500 Tapti Valley	766	4
MININGS		
10 SHIVRAJPUR (As. 8)	64	0
30 TATA STEEL DEF (Rs. 7-8)	1665	0
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	355	0
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5) XD	301	4
50 B. SUGAR (Rs. 7)	163	12
200 B'bay Safe Dep (Rs 40)	900	0
250 BOM. STEAM (Rs. 16)	277	8
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-9)	715	0
50 Do Conty (Rs. 6)	236	4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-15	
50 B TELEPHONE (Re. 1-8)	116-8	
9 Burma Crop (As. 8)	11	10
2sh. Indian Copper	3-6	
10 Indian I. and Steel XD	45	0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	132	8
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	49	0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	610	0
100 I. Radio Ord (15)	530	0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	616	8
15 Scindia	27	1
30 PREMIER CON.	92	12
25 Tata Oil (nil)	25	8
PREFERENCE.		
7 p.c Andhra Valley	1510	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	300	0
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (TF)	83	0
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	530	0
7 p.c Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146	4
7 1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14	0
6-1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	104	8
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	99	0
7 p.c Tata Hydro	150	0
7½ p.c Tata Power	1515	0
6 p.c Tata Steel 1st	200	0
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	177	8
7 p.c Vishnu	692	8
DEBENTURES.		
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	0
6 p.c Andhra Valley	110	0
4 p.c. Bom Telephone	51	12
7 p.c. Sholapur	81	4
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110	0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward List.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, May 25

Century (189/6) 188 186 187 186 182

Bombay Dyeing (911/4) 910 912 907 910 900 895 900 897

Kohinoor (311/4) 311 310 306/14

Central India (278/12) 278 277 273 275

New Great (235) 237 236 233 231

Simplex (91/4) 91 88

Swadeshi (244/6) 45 41 40

Bundi (39/8) 39/4 39 38/8 38/12

I Cement (508/12) 508 503 497 500 502 500

Punjab (29) 29 28/12

Shahabad (491/4) 490 483 480 482

Andhra (1665) 1665 16660

Tata Hydro (179/6) 179/10 179/6

Tata Power (1415) 1435 1432 1435 1425 1430 1427 1435

Tram Ord (151/9) 151/9

T Steel Defd (1697/8) 1715 1720 1710 1700 1695 1700 1690 1685 1675 1690 1665

T Steel Ord (361) 363 365 357 359 355 356

Tata Steel 2nd preference (177/4) 177/4

Bellapur (167/8) 168 163

B Steam (281/4) 281 277

B Burma (721/4) 720 727 718 722 714 720 715

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: July 195 October 190 at cross rate 4.944 3/8

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 236 Liverpool May 7.13 Rs. 74 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 238/8 Liverpool July 7.16 Rs. 73 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 242 Liverpool May 7.07 Rs. 66 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1937 238/8 New York July 12.80 Rs. 49 1/4 at cross rate 4.94 3/8

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 242 New York May 12.81 Rs. 46 at cross rate 4.94 3/8

LONDON RUBBER

London, May 24

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb Sellers 10 5/16

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, May 24

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9 1/4

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J5

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1937

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Cairo Letter

Abyssinian C.-in-C.'s Somersault

Joins Franco's Ranks & Fights Against Spanish Govt.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail).

One would hardly believe that a powerful leader Gen. Wahib Pasha who only a year or so ago, fought so valiantly against the Fascists, would now, so suddenly, turn an ally of theirs.

It will be recalled that Gen. Wahib Pasha was the Commander-in-Chief of the Abyssinian Armies during the Italian offensive in the country and he fought the Fascists to the last.

From Negus To Franco

Now, all of a sudden, this very General has gone over to General Franco's aid and has volunteered his services to fight the Spanish Government forces.

It is also stated that Wahib Pasha has sold the publishing rights of his Memoirs of the Abyssinian War to an American publishing concern.

Emir Salim, son of the late Khalipha Sultan Abdul Hamid, has died at Beyrouth. He was confined to bed for the last few years. In his will, he had mentioned that his body was to be buried in the hostel of Sultan Selim at Damascus.

The French authorities have officially participated in the funeral

ITALIAN TROOPS FOR ABYSSINIA.

An Italian steamer, "Sardinia," carrying a large number of Italian soldiers, and bound for Mussawa (Eritrea), has been noticed at Suez. A few days ago many Italian steamers have been seen carrying war materials in the same direction.

It is strongly rumoured that this consignment of war material and contingent of troops is meant for strengthening the defence forces in Abyssinia, where there have been many uprisings of late

ANGLO-IRAQIAN OIL CO. SHARES.

The Turkish Government have decided to sell their shares in the Anglo-Iraqian (Oil Company to a French Concern for 250 million francs. The French firm has agreed to advance a loan of an equal amount of 250 million francs over and above the price of the said shares, to the Turkish Government. The loan is repayable in easy instalments.

When a reference was made to the Iraq Government asking their opinion as to whether they have any objection to this transaction being made, they replied that they have none. So the deal is settled

A new agreement is being signed by the Governments of Iraq and Iran for mutual friendship.

Discussions are proceeding on apace between the Government of Iraq and the authorities of the Anglo-Persian Oil Co., at Abadan with a view to starting a new air service between Bahrein and Basrah and Abadan, for both passenger and postal traffic.

It is expected that if the negotiations prove successful—there seems to be no doubt regarding this—then, the new air service, linking Bahrein, Abadan and Basrah will be completed within two months.

His Holiness Syedna Taher Saifuddin, the High Priest of the Dawoodi Bohras, just before he left Jerusalem for Damascus, made a handsome donation—(Rs. 15,000) for the Holy Mosque of Jerusalem.

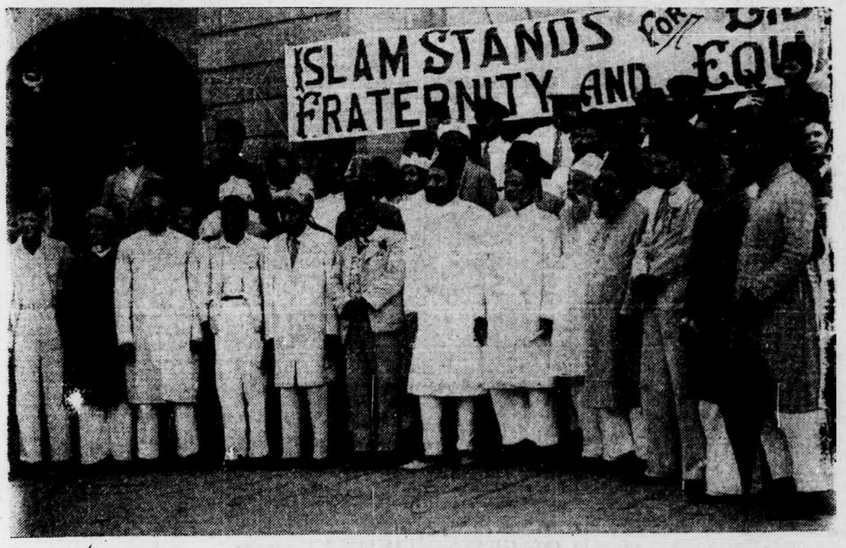
AMNESTY IN SYRIA.

Many political leaders of Syria, who had been deported, have been included in the general amnesty declared by the new Government.

Following this action of the Government, a large number of the leaders have returned to Damascus and have been given a warm reception by the public.

Kemal Ataturk has invited Continental designers to submit design for a new Palace to be built in the Ankora City, capital of Turkey. The cost of the Palace will be 750,000 Turkish pounds.

Mustapha Saadik Raafi, the great Arab writer, has died at Cairo at the age of 55.



The Prophet's Day was celebrated at a large gathering held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Sunday under the presidentship of Nawab Yar Jang Bahadur of Hyderabad. Photo shows Nawab Yar Jang (centre) with some of the prominent persons present on the occasion.

Govt's 'No' To Labour Leader

BOMBAY, May 25.

The Government of Bombay have rejected the application of Mr. A. N. Shetty, a prominent labour Leader of Bombay to cancel the externment order served on him about 2½ years back.

Mr. Shetty who is at present in Calcutta was arrested and externed from Bombay on suspicion of his complicity with a sailor who brought to India communist pamphlets. —United Press.

GEODETIC SURVEY OF INDIA

Report To Be Published Shortly

SIMLA, May 23.

The report on Geodetic survey of India for 1936, it is understood, will be published shortly.

Indian Geodesy has disclosed widespread anomalies of the gravitational attraction in earth's crust, which have led to a re-consideration of the whole theory of isostasy. Systematic gravity investigations, which have been initiated in India, are now being carried on intensively in all civilised countries.

Geodesy means the investigation of the size, shape and structure of the earth, and geodetic work of the department consists of primary triangulation, latitude, longitude and gravity determinations.—United Press.

Chinese Public Health Expert In India

MADRAS, (By Mail.)

Dr. (Miss) Marion Yang, a Public Health expert under the Chinese Government, arrived in Madras by the s. s. "Ville D'-Amiens". She has been deputed by the League of Nations, Public Health Section, to study the public health conditions in India.

Dr. Marion Yang left Madras for Bangalore, where she will spend two days after which she will return to the City. According to her present programme, she will stay for about a week in Madras and will visit public health and social institutions in the city.—United Press.

Carol Hughes went to the races during a holiday from picture-making, and, although she collected on every race except one, she lost dols. 1.20 on the day. She bet the favourite in each race to show, and averaged about 15 cents profit per race. She lost because one favourite didn't get in the money and she dropped dol. 2 outright.

Dr. C. R. Pillai, a patriot and political worker, representative of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry in Germany; Died on 26th May 1934. He helped Indians on the Contidied on 26th May 1934. He nent in everyway and was very popular among them. He was an exile from India for about 27 years.

INDIA ACT CONDEMNED

Eastern Oppressed Peoples' Association's Resolution

NANKING, (By Mail).

The Secretary, the Eastern Oppressed Peoples' Association, Nanking (China), writes:—

An urgent meeting of the members of the Eastern Oppressed People's Association, Nanking, was held on April 1, 1937, at 39, No. 2 Road, Hsiakwan Nanking, Mr. Sadhu Singh presided. The following resolutions were unanimously passed:

1. This meeting gravely condemns the New Constitution for India, which is to be enforced on and from to-day, the 1st April, as it is more reactionary and does not satisfy even a single demand of the people of India, e.g.,

It reserves the control of Army, Navy, Finance and Foreign Affairs with the Viceroy of India.

It divides India into separate divisions and separates Burma from India.

It provides the Governors of the provinces with more special powers.

2. This meeting urges the Indian Congress, Trade Unions, leagues and all other organizations and bodies fighting for the freedom of India to continue their struggle for freedom.

DR. ROY IN BOMBAY TO-DAY

CALCUTTA, May 24.

Dr. B. C. Roy left to-night for Bombay by the E.I.R. Bombay Mail 'en route' to the Continent, principally with the object of attending the next session of the International Biological Conference to be held at Moscow, as a representative of the Calcutta University.

Dr. Roy sails from Bombay on May 27. He will proceed straight to Vienna. After a stay of three weeks there he goes to London. He will have to take his 'visa' for trip to Russia where he is due to arrive by the middle of July, from London. Dr. Roy proposes to spend seven weeks in Russia in the course of which he will try to gain the first-hand knowledge of the actual working of the Soviet reconstruction plan. He hopes to return to India by the middle of September. Time permitting he may pay flying visits to other Continental countries.—United Press.

PRESIDENT PROVOKED TO OUTBURST

TAIPING (Federated Malay States): May 25.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru severely criticised sections of the Indian communities when addressing hundreds in a crowded hall, where he was presented with an address.

Disorder broke out. Pandit Nehru sprang on to the table and shouted for order: "Ashamed of the behaviour of the Taiping Indians."

He then delivered a long political address.

WORK TOGETHER FOR MUTUAL BENEFIT

Jawahar's Advice To Indians And Burmans

RANGOON: May 19. (By Air Mail).

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who returned to Rangoon yesterday afternoon from Yenangyaung by air, went through crowded engagements till midnight.

Nine o'clock at night he addressed a mass meeting of Burmans and reiterated his advice that for mutual benefit Indians and Burmans should work together in spite of separation. He also denounced capitalism and imperialism. The meeting was convened by the Do Bama (Burma for Burmans) League.

VISIT TO LABOUR QUARTERS

After the meeting the Congress President visited the Labour quarters with a view to gain first-hand knowledge of existing housing and sanitary conditions.

Earlier in the evening the Pandit was "At Home" at the Bombay Club. This morning Pandit Nehru visited the grave of the last Moghul Emperor Bahadur Shah and motored to Buktaw, where he was given a rousing reception by the Indian community. He also visited Buddhist Monasteries, received purses and went through a number of informal engagements.—A. P.

SIMLA WANTS TO END DEADLOCK

But United Provinces Governor Threatens To Suspend Entire Constitution

ALLAHABAD: May 25.

Despite some gloomy reports from Simla showing that Government are in no mood to make peace with the Congress, hopes of an early settlement are not given up in some circles.

Very influential political leader in U. P. interviewed said that the gulf between the congress and the Government has been considerably narrowed and he hoped that the deadlock to be resolved within the next two or three months. He gave hint that despite, what, was being officially or semi-officially said outwardly, behind the scenes in England and India serious attempts are being still made to find a way out of the impasse.

In these efforts certain well meaning persons are playing important role. He thinks that the deadlock will be ended by establishing personal contact between the Viceroy and Gandhiji or Jawaharlalji through the good offices of intermediary.

He however made it clear that it was impossible at this stage to dogmatise regarding the turn which situation might take.

Some informed circles on the other hand believe that the U. P. Governor has already threatened to suspend the constitution and carry on with his present ministers as advisers in case the Congress is not satisfied with Lord Zetland's latest assurances and refuses to accept office.

MUSLIM LEAGUE GETS DONATION FOR MASS CONTACT

LUCKNOW, May 24.

It is gathered that for the propagation of Muslim League ideals among Muslim masses, a sum of Rs. 35,000 has been placed at the disposal of the U. P. Muslim League by the Maharaja of Mahmudabad and the Raja of Jehangirabad.—United Press

REALISATION OF AGRICULTURAL LOANS SUSPENDED

SHILLONG, May 24.

A communique announces that the Government of Assam has decided to suspend the realisation of agricultural loans throughout the province until 30-9-37 in view of the difficulty experienced by the Agriculturists in repaying loans during this season of the year when the main harvest is over and no more crops are expected for some time.—A.P.

Resist Tyranny In Whatever Form

No Salvation Under Present Economic Structure

Bukhari's Address At East Khandesh Peasants Conference

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"Resist all tyranny and oppression in the villages whether by the official or the money-lender or by the landlord", said Mr. J. Bukhari in the course of his presidential address at the East Khandesh Peasants Conference which opened to-day.

Mr. J. Bukhari in the course of his presidential address at the East Khandesh Peasants Conference which opened to-day said:

You must be aware that we are meeting at a time when a stagnant, calm prevails on the political horizon. The Constitutional deadlock that faces the country to-day is the outcome of the refusal of the Provincial Governors to give even the modest assurance that the Congress Party has asked for in the conduct of the day to day government of the province. The fact that the Governors have been ordered from the Whitehall not to concede even this minor point shows clearly that the new India Act which is supposed to confer Provincial Autonomy is nothing else but a huge fraud.

Seem To Have Forgotten

Dr. Atchammamba, President of the East Krishtna Women's Conference correctly said in her speech that "In the controversy over the Congress assurance demand I am afraid they have forgotten somewhat that it is Independence we are after. Controversy seems to be as the breath of the nostrils to our leaders. They get hold of some thing and spend a prodigious amount of energy issuing statements over it. And all the furore over things that do not count passes for public spirit. Emphasis is not in repitition. Brevity is not only the soul of wit. It is also the secret of compelling attention. The leaders should cease to be bothered about whether the Governor would or would not give the assurance asked and waste no thought in expectation of "helpful" utterances from the Secretary of State or similar other august personages. We have elected our representatives if they are not called to meet in the Senate House it is no use bewailing over it. The legislature is not being convened because the Governors think it would be risky to do so. They must be made to feel that a greater risk lies in not convening the legislatures."

Chained To Britain

The Congress as you know is committed to the policy of wrecking the Act for it has become obvious that it is nothing else but a new and subtler device to chain India to the wheel of British Finance Capital. Translated in terms of your own problems and conditions it means that under the new Act you will have to pay the same exorbitant amount of Land Revenue.

It means that the taxes on your food and fuel and clothing will remain as high as they are. It means that in cases where your land is watered by the Irrigation works of the Government you will have to pay the same high charges which are both unjust and inequitable. And finally it means that you will have no solution of the basic problem of your economic existence namely that you are slowly but steadily being forced to cultivate less and less land yielding poorer and poorer return.

The new Act has erected an unlimited number of barriers against the application of this solution for the relief of the oppressed peasantry of India. In short therefore the new Act is nothing else but a Charter of our slavery as Jawaharlal Nehru has put it. It is therefore our bounden duty that we should strive our utmost to destroy this new Act and fight for the freedom of the country.

Some 150 years ago, before the East India Company obtained the Diwani of 24 Parganas every peasant family had about 44 acres of good land in India. To-day a peasant family on the average does not possess more than five acres of land and in some cases their holdings compare quite favourably to a pocket handkerchief.

Reason For Land Pressure

Why has this startling decrease in the holdings of the peasants taken place with a consequent deterioration of his standard of life? The conquest of India by the the East India Company led to the destruction of the ancient system of village economy which maintained its own medieval but primitive economic balance within the boundaries of the village.

With the disruption of this self-sufficient economy and the rise of the institution of private property and the establishment of human productive relationship on the basis of cash nexus, inevitably led to the concentration of land and the widening of the gulf between the rich and the poor in the village. Not only did it do this but it also marked the beginning of the tyranny of the village money-lender. I need not tell you that the moneylender of the Saukar to-day guaranteed and protested by the laws holds the village in his strangling more of his purse strings. It is impossible to come across a single cultivator in the village who will not be indebted to this shylock paying him his yearly pound of flesh.

You will realise the magnitude of the problems of indebtedness when I tell you that the total agricultural debt of India is computed by respectable and conservative economists at 15 hundred crores of rupees, a debt greater by 300 crores than the National debt of India. Although this indebtedness overshadows and poisons the whole economic life of the land there is no remedy within the present economic system because indebtedness is but the inevitable corollary of uneconomic holdings to which I have referred just before.

The only method of redressing this unbalanced economy is to develop the industries of the country but to do so would be to curtail and deny the fat dividends and interest, which British industry and capital exacts by the exploitation of the Indian people.

It has been estimated that yearly some five hundred crores of rupees of the wealth of the Indian people are drained away in this manner. It is in order to maintain the same level and rate of economic exploitation that the industrial development of the country is denied and indefensible and unjust taxes are heaped on the bent back of the masses of the people living below the starvation level. To give you a concrete instance, an Indian cultivator cultivating some 15 acres of land pays out of a net income of 300

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